

## Exam Questions 200-201

Understanding Cisco Cybersecurity Operations Fundamentals

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/200-201/>



#### NEW QUESTION 1

Which two elements are assets in the role of attribution in an investigation? (Choose two.)

- A. context
- B. session
- C. laptop
- D. firewall logs
- E. threat actor

**Answer:** AE

#### NEW QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit.

What is occurring in this network?

- A. ARP cache poisoning
- B. DNS cache poisoning
- C. MAC address table overflow
- D. MAC flooding attack

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 3

An engineer runs a suspicious file in a sandbox analysis tool to see the outcome. The analysis report shows that outbound callouts were made post infection. Which two pieces of information from the analysis report are needed to investigate the callouts? (Choose two.)

- A. signatures
- B. host IP addresses
- C. file size
- D. dropped files
- E. domain names

**Answer:** BE

#### NEW QUESTION 4

What is the difference between deep packet inspection and stateful inspection?

- A. Deep packet inspection is more secure than stateful inspection on Layer 4
- B. Stateful inspection verifies contents at Layer 4 and deep packet inspection verifies connection at Layer 7
- C. Stateful inspection is more secure than deep packet inspection on Layer 7
- D. Deep packet inspection allows visibility on Layer 7 and stateful inspection allows visibility on Layer 4

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 5

Which process is used when IPS events are removed to improve data integrity?

- A. data availability
- B. data normalization
- C. data signature
- D. data protection

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 6**

Drag and drop the technology on the left onto the data type the technology provides on the right.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

**NEW QUESTION 7**

Which two elements of the incident response process are stated in NIST Special Publication 800-61 r2? (Choose two.)

- A. detection and analysis
- B. post-incident activity
- C. vulnerability management
- D. risk assessment
- E. vulnerability scoring

Answer: AB

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Drag and drop the access control models from the left onto the correct descriptions on the right.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**NEW QUESTION 9**

Which category relates to improper use or disclosure of PII data?

- A. legal
- B. compliance
- C. regulated
- D. contractual

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which piece of information is needed for attribution in an investigation?

- A. proxy logs showing the source RFC 1918 IP addresses
- B. RDP allowed from the Internet
- C. known threat actor behavior
- D. 802.1x RADIUS authentication pass and fail logs

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Refer to the exhibit.

Which kind of attack method is depicted in this string?

- A. cross-site scripting
- B. man-in-the-middle
- C. SQL injection
- D. denial of service

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 15**

What is the function of a command and control server?

- A. It enumerates open ports on a network device

- B. It drops secondary payload into malware
- C. It is used to regain control of the network after a compromise
- D. It sends instruction to a compromised system

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 17**

Refer to the exhibit.

This request was sent to a web application server driven by a database. Which type of web server attack is represented?

- A. parameter manipulation
- B. heap memory corruption
- C. command injection
- D. blind SQL injection

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 18**

Which type of data collection requires the largest amount of storage space?

- A. alert data
- B. transaction data
- C. session data
- D. full packet capture

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 21**

Which regular expression matches "color" and "colour"?

- A. colo?ur
- B. col[08]+our
- C. colou?r
- D. col[09]+our

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 26**

What specific type of analysis is assigning values to the scenario to see expected outcomes?

- A. deterministic
- B. exploratory
- C. probabilistic
- D. descriptive

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 30

What are two differences in how tampered and untampered disk images affect a security incident? (Choose two.)

- A. Untampered images are used in the security investigation process
- B. Tampered images are used in the security investigation process
- C. The image is tampered if the stored hash and the computed hash match
- D. Tampered images are used in the incident recovery process
- E. The image is untampered if the stored hash and the computed hash match

**Answer:** BE

#### NEW QUESTION 32

What is the practice of giving an employee access to only the resources needed to accomplish their job?

- A. principle of least privilege
- B. organizational separation
- C. separation of duties
- D. need to know principle

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 34

Which metric is used to capture the level of access needed to launch a successful attack?

- A. privileges required
- B. user interaction
- C. attack complexity
- D. attack vector

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 35

Refer to the exhibit.

What is the potential threat identified in this Stealthwatch dashboard?

- A. Host 10.201.3.149 is sending data to 152.46.6.91 using TCP/443.
- B. Host 152.46.6.91 is being identified as a watchlist country for data transfer.
- C. Traffic to 152.46.6.149 is being denied by an Advanced Network Control policy.
- D. Host 10.201.3.149 is receiving almost 19 times more data than is being sent to host 152.46.6.91.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 37

Which principle is being followed when an analyst gathers information relevant to a security incident to determine the appropriate course of action?

- A. decision making
- B. rapid response
- C. data mining
- D. due diligence

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 41

What is rule-based detection when compared to statistical detection?

- A. proof of a user's identity
- B. proof of a user's action
- C. likelihood of user's action
- D. falsification of a user's identity

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 44

Which evasion technique is a function of ransomware?

- A. extended sleep calls
- B. encryption
- C. resource exhaustion
- D. encoding

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 47**

Which regex matches only on all lowercase letters?

- A. [az]+
- B. [^az]+
- C. az+
- D. a\*z+

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 51**

An analyst discovers that a legitimate security alert has been dismissed. Which signature caused this impact on network traffic?

- A. true negative
- B. false negative
- C. false positive
- D. true positive

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 53**

Which metric in CVSS indicates an attack that takes a destination bank account number and replaces it with a different bank account number?

- A. integrity
- B. confidentiality
- C. availability
- D. scope

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 54**

A security engineer has a video of a suspect entering a data center that was captured on the same day that files in the same data center were transferred to a competitor.

Which type of evidence is this?

- A. best evidence
- B. prima facie evidence
- C. indirect evidence
- D. physical evidence

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 58**

An intruder attempted malicious activity and exchanged emails with a user and received corporate information, including email distribution lists. The intruder asked the user to engage with a link in an email. When the link launched, it infected machines and the intruder was able to access the corporate network.

Which testing method did the intruder use?

- A. social engineering
- B. eavesdropping
- C. piggybacking
- D. tailgating

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 61**

Which artifact is used to uniquely identify a detected file?

- A. file timestamp
- B. file extension
- C. file size
- D. file hash

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 66**

How does an SSL certificate impact security between the client and the server?

- A. by enabling an authenticated channel between the client and the server
- B. by creating an integrated channel between the client and the server
- C. by enabling an authorized channel between the client and the server
- D. by creating an encrypted channel between the client and the server

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 68**

Which system monitors local system operation and local network access for violations of a security policy?

- A. host-based intrusion detection
- B. systems-based sandboxing
- C. host-based firewall
- D. antivirus

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 69**

What do the Security Intelligence Events within the FMC allow an administrator to do?

- A. See if a host is connecting to a known-bad domain.
- B. Check for host-to-server traffic within your network.
- C. View any malicious files that a host has downloaded.
- D. Verify host-to-host traffic within your network.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 71**

What makes HTTPS traffic difficult to monitor?

- A. SSL interception
- B. packet header size
- C. signature detection time
- D. encryption

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 72**

What causes events on a Windows system to show Event Code 4625 in the log messages?

- A. The system detected an XSS attack
- B. Someone is trying a brute force attack on the network
- C. Another device is gaining root access to the system
- D. A privileged user successfully logged into the system

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 77**

Refer to the exhibit.

Which type of log is displayed?

- A. IDS
- B. proxy
- C. NetFlow
- D. sys

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 81**

A malicious file has been identified in a sandbox analysis tool.

Which piece of information is needed to search for additional downloads of this file by other hosts?

- A. file type
- B. file size
- C. file name
- D. file hash value

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 86**

What does cyber attribution identify in an investigation?

- A. exploit of an attack
- B. threat actors of an attack
- C. vulnerabilities exploited
- D. cause of an attack

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 89**

What is the difference between an attack vector and attack surface?

- A. An attack surface identifies vulnerabilities that require user input or validation; and an attack vector identifies vulnerabilities that are independent of user actions.
- B. An attack vector identifies components that can be exploited; and an attack surface identifies the potential path an attack can take to penetrate the network.
- C. An attack surface recognizes which network parts are vulnerable to an attack; and an attack vector identifies which attacks are possible with these vulnerabilities.
- D. An attack vector identifies the potential outcomes of an attack; and an attack surface launches an attack using several methods against the identified vulnerabilities.

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 94

When trying to evade IDS/IPS devices, which mechanism allows the user to make the data incomprehensible without a specific key, certificate, or password?

- A. fragmentation
- B. pivoting
- C. encryption
- D. stenography

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 99

Refer to the exhibit.

What does the output indicate about the server with the IP address 172.18.104.139?

- A. open ports of a web server
- B. open port of an FTP server
- C. open ports of an email server
- D. running processes of the server

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 101

Refer to the exhibit.

Which event is occurring?

- A. A binary named "submit" is running on VM cuckoo1.
- B. A binary is being submitted to run on VM cuckoo1
- C. A binary on VM cuckoo1 is being submitted for evaluation
- D. A URL is being evaluated to see if it has a malicious binary

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 102

What is the difference between the ACK flag and the RST flag in the NetFlow log session?

- A. The RST flag confirms the beginning of the TCP connection, and the ACK flag responds when the data for the payload is complete
- B. The ACK flag confirms the beginning of the TCP connection, and the RST flag responds when the data for the payload is complete
- C. The RST flag confirms the receipt of the prior segment, and the ACK flag allows for the spontaneous termination of a connection
- D. The ACK flag confirms the receipt of the prior segment, and the RST flag allows for the spontaneous termination of a connection

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 107

Which utility blocks a host portscan?

- A. HIDS
- B. sandboxing
- C. host-based firewall
- D. antimalware

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 112**

Which security principle requires more than one person is required to perform a critical task?

- A. least privilege
- B. need to know
- C. separation of duties
- D. due diligence

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 115**

Which list identifies the information that the client sends to the server in the negotiation phase of the TLS handshake?

- A. ClientStart, ClientKeyExchange, cipher-suites it supports, and suggested compression methods
- B. ClientStart, TLS versions it supports, cipher-suites it supports, and suggested compression methods
- C. ClientHello, TLS versions it supports, cipher-suites it supports, and suggested compression methods
- D. ClientHello, ClientKeyExchange, cipher-suites it supports, and suggested compression methods

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 117**

Which security technology allows only a set of pre-approved applications to run on a system?

- A. application-level blacklisting
- B. host-based IPS
- C. application-level whitelisting
- D. antivirus

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 119**

Which type of attack occurs when an attacker is successful in eavesdropping on a conversation between two IP phones?

- A. known-plaintext
- B. replay
- C. dictionary
- D. man-in-the-middle

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 121**

A SOC analyst is investigating an incident that involves a Linux system that is identifying specific sessions. Which identifier tracks an active program?

- A. application identification number
- B. active process identification number
- C. runtime identification number
- D. process identification number

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 122**

A network engineer discovers that a foreign government hacked one of the defense contractors in their home country and stole intellectual property. What is the threat agent in this situation?

- A. the intellectual property that was stolen
- B. the defense contractor who stored the intellectual property
- C. the method used to conduct the attack
- D. the foreign government that conducted the attack

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 127**

Which event artifact is used to identify HTTP GET requests for a specific file?

- A. destination IP address
- B. URI
- C. HTTP status code
- D. TCP ACK

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 131**

Refer to the exhibit.

Drag and drop the element name from the left onto the correct piece of the PCAP file on the right.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**NEW QUESTION 135**

Which access control model does SELinux use?

- A. RBAC
- B. DAC
- C. MAC
- D. ABAC

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 139**

What does cyber attribution identify in an investigation?

- A. cause of an attack
- B. exploit of an attack
- C. vulnerabilities exploited
- D. threat actors of an attack

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 144**

What are two social engineering techniques? (Choose two.)

- A. privilege escalation
- B. DDoS attack
- C. phishing
- D. man-in-the-middle
- E. pharming

Answer: CE

**NEW QUESTION 147**

At which layer is deep packet inspection investigated on a firewall?

- A. internet
- B. transport
- C. application
- D. data link

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 152**

Refer to the exhibit.

Which type of log is displayed?

- A. proxy
- B. NetFlow
- C. IDS
- D. sys

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 154**

What is a difference between SOAR and SIEM?

- A. SOAR platforms are used for threat and vulnerability management, but SIEM applications are not
- B. SIEM applications are used for threat and vulnerability management, but SOAR platforms are not
- C. SOAR receives information from a single platform and delivers it to a SIEM
- D. SIEM receives information from a single platform and delivers it to a SOAR

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 158**

How is NetFlow different than traffic mirroring?

- A. NetFlow collects metadata and traffic mirroring clones data
- B. Traffic mirroring impacts switch performance and NetFlow does not
- C. Traffic mirroring costs less to operate than NetFlow
- D. NetFlow generates more data than traffic mirroring

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 160**

Refer to the exhibit.

Which two elements in the table are parts of the 5-tuple? (Choose two.)

- A. First Packet
- B. Initiator User
- C. Ingress Security Zone
- D. Source Port

E. Initiator IP

**Answer:** DE

**NEW QUESTION 163**

In a SOC environment, what is a vulnerability management metric?

- A. code signing enforcement
- B. full assets scan
- C. internet exposed devices
- D. single factor authentication

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 165**

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