

NSE7_SDW-7.0 Dumps

Fortinet NSE 7 - SD-WAN 7.0

https://www.certleader.com/NSE7_SDW-7.0-dumps.html



NEW QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

<pre>config duplication edit 1 set srcaddr "10.0.1.0/24" set dstaddr "10.1.0.0/24" set srcintf "port5" set dstintf "overlay" set service "ALL" set packet-duplication force next end</pre>
<pre>branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan zone Zone SASE index=2 members(0): Zone overlay index=4 members(3): 19(T_INET_0_0) 20(T_INET_1_0) 21(T_MPLS_0) Zone underlay index=3 members(2): 3(port1) 4(port2) Zone virtual-wan-link index=1 members(0):</pre>
<pre>1.274665 port5 in 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 1.275788 T_INET_0_0 out 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 1.275790 T_INET_1_0 out 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 1.275801 T_MPLS_0 out 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 1.278365 T_INET_1_0 in 10.1.0.7 -> 10.0.1.101: icmp: echo reply 1.278553 port5 out 10.1.0.7 -> 10.0.1.101: icmp: echo reply</pre>

Exhibit B

<pre>3.874431 T_INET_1_0 in 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 3.874630 port5 out 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 3.874895 T_INET_0_0 in 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 3.875125 T_MPLS_0 in 10.0.1.101 -> 10.1.0.7: icmp: echo request 3.875054 port5 in 10.1.0.7 -> 10.0.1.101: icmp: echo reply 3.875308 T_INET_1_0 out 10.1.0.7 -> 10.0.1.101: icmp: echo reply</pre>
--

Exhibit A shows the packet duplication rule configuration, the SD-WAN zone status output, and the sniffer output on FortiGate acting as the sender. Exhibit B shows the sniffer output on a FortiGate acting as the receiver.

The administrator configured packet duplication on both FortiGate devices. The sniffer output on the sender FortiGate shows that FortiGate forwards an ICMP echo request packet over three overlays, but it only receives one reply packet through T_INET_1_0.

Based on the output shown in the exhibits, which two reasons can cause the observed behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. On the receiver FortiGate, packet-de-duplication is enabled.
- B. The ICMP echo request packets sent over T_INET_0_0 and T_MPLS_0 were dropped along the way.
- C. The ICMP echo request packets received over T_INET_0_0 and T_MPLS_0 were offloaded to NPU.
- D. On the sender FortiGate, duplication-max-num is set to 3.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 2

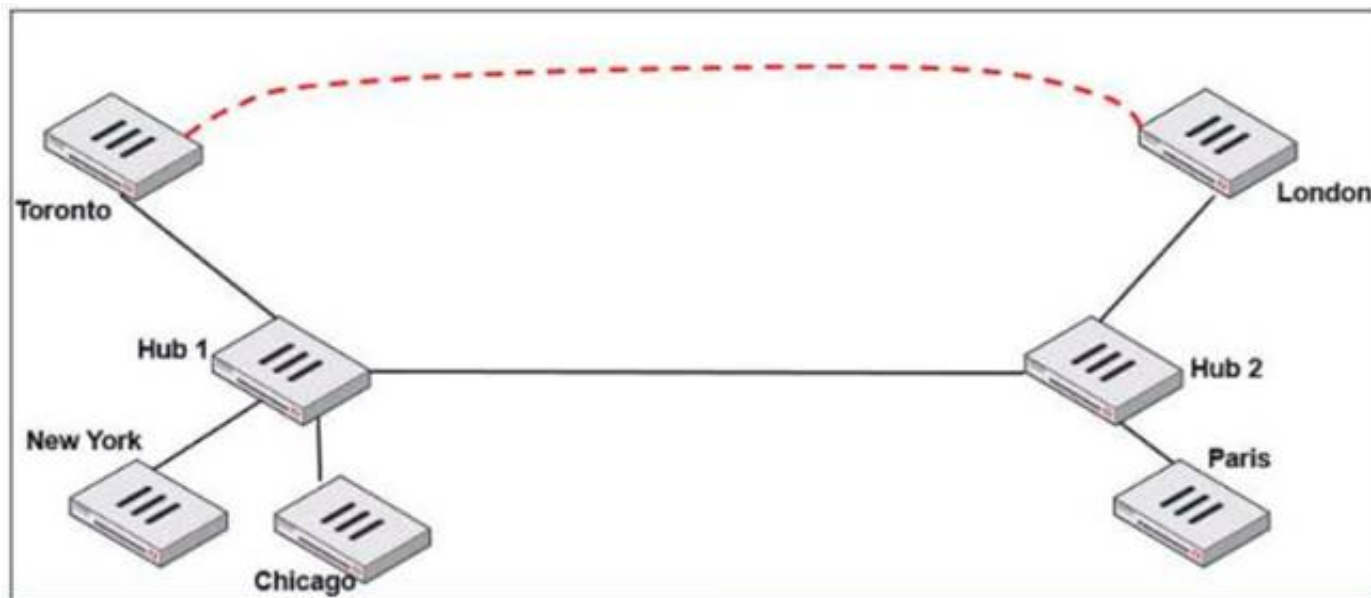
In a hub-and-spoke topology, what are two advantages of enabling ADVPN on the IPsec overlays? (Choose two.)

- A. It provides the benefits of a full-mesh topology in a hub-and-spoke network.
- B. It provides direct connectivity between spokes by creating shortcuts.
- C. It enables spokes to bypass the hub during shortcut negotiation.
- D. It enables spokes to establish shortcuts to third-party gateways.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 3

Refer to the exhibit.



Two hub-and-spoke groups are connected through a site-to-site IPsec VPN between Hub 1 and Hub 2. Which two configuration settings are required for Toronto and London spokes to establish an ADVPN shortcut? (Choose two.)

- A. On the hubs, auto-discovery-sender must be enabled on the IPsec VPNs to spokes.
- B. On the spokes, auto-discovery-receiver must be enabled on the IPsec VPN to the hub.
- C. auto-discovery-forwarder must be enabled on all IPsec VPNs.
- D. On the hubs, net-device must be enabled on all IPsec VPNs.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.

```

config system virtual-wan-link
  set status enable
  set load-balance-mode source-ip-based
  config members
    edit 1
      set interface "port1"
      set gateway 100.64.1.254
      set source 100.64.1.1
      set cost 15
    next
    edit 2
      set interface "port2"
      set gateway 100.64.2.254
      set priority 10
    next
  end
end
end
  
```

Based on the output shown in the exhibit, which two criteria on the SD-WAN member configuration can be used to select an outgoing interface in an SD-WAN rule? (Choose two.)

- A. Set priority 10.
- B. Set cost 15.
- C. Set load-balance-mode source-ip-ip-based.
- D. Set source 100.64.1.1.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 5

Which two statements describe how IPsec phase 1 main mode is different from aggressive mode when performing IKE negotiation? (Choose two)

- A. A peer ID is included in the first packet from the initiator, along with suggested security policies.
- B. XAuth is enabled as an additional level of authentication, which requires a username and password.
- C. A total of six packets are exchanged between an initiator and a responder instead of three packets.
- D. The use of Diffie Hellman keys is limited by the responder and needs initiator acceptance.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 6

Exhibit A –

	#	ID	Destination	Gateway	Interface	Distance	Priority	Status	Description
	▼ Static Route (2)								
	1	1	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	203.0.113.2	port1	10	0	Enable	
	2	2	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	203.0.113.10	port2	10	0	Enable	

+ Create New Edit Delete Section Policy Lookup Collapse All Column Settings View Mode								
<input type="checkbox"/>	#	Name	From	To	Source	Destination	Schedule	Service
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Internet_Access	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> port5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> port1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> always	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALL
<input type="checkbox"/>	▼ Implicit (2-2 / Total: 1)							
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Implicit Deny	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> any	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> any	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all <input type="checkbox"/> all	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> all <input type="checkbox"/> all	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> always	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALL

- A. port1 is assigned a manual IP address.
- B. port1 is referenced in a firewall policy.
- C. port2 is referenced in a static route.
- D. port1 and port2 are not administratively down.

NEW QUESTION 7

A. update-source
B. set-route-tag
C. holdtime-timer
D. link-down-failover

NEW QUESTION 8

[-] Network Properties	
[-] Service	Critical-DIA
[-] Identity	
[-] Device ID	FGVM01TM22000077
[-] Device Name	branch1_fgt
[-] Type	
[-] Sub Type	sdwan
[-] Type	event
[-] Alerts	
[-] Level	notice
[-] General	
[-] Log Description	SDWAN status
[-] Log ID	0113022923
[-] Message	Service prioritized by performance metric will be redirected in sequence order.
[-] Sequence Number	2,1
[-] Virtual Domain	root
[-] Others	
[-] Date/Time	23:57:29
[-] Destination End User ID	3
[-] Destination Endpoint ID	3
[-] Device Time	2022-03-04 14:57:27
[-] Event Time	1646434647595788893
[-] Event Type	Service
[-] Metric	latency
[-] Service ID	1
[-] Time Stamp	2022-03-04 23:57:29
[-] Time Zone	-0800
[-] UEBA Endpoint ID	3
[-] UEBA User ID	3
[-] logger	700030237

Exhibit B

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member
Member(1): interface: port1, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.2, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(2): interface: port2, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.10, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
config service
edit 1
set name "Critical-DIA"
set mode priority
set src "LAN-net"
set internet-service enable
set internet-service-app-ctrl 16354 41468 16920
set health-check "Level3_DNS"
set priority-members 1 2
next
end

Exhibit A shows an SD-WAN event log and exhibit B shows the member status and the SD-WAN rule configuration. Based on the exhibits, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate updated the outgoing interface list on the rule so it prefers port2.
- B. Port2 has the highest member priority.
- C. Port2 has a lower latency than port1.
- D. SD-WAN rule ID 1 is set to lowest cost (SLA) mode.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 9

Which diagnostic command can you use to show the configured SD-WAN zones and their assigned members?

- A. diagnose sys sdwan zone
- B. diagnose sys sdwan service
- C. diagnose sys sdwan member
- D. diagnose sys sdwan interface

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

Which two statements about the SD-WAN zone configuration are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The service-sla-tie-break setting enables you to configure preferred member selection based on the best route to the destination.
- B. You can delete the default zones.
- C. The default zones are virtual-wan-link and SASE.

D. An SD-WAN member can belong to two or more zones.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose firewall proute list
list route policy info(vf=root):

id=1 dscp_tag=0xff 0xff flags=0x0 tos=0x00 tos_mask=0x00 protocol=17 sport=0-65535 iif=7
dport=53 path(1) oif=3(port1)
source wildcard(1): 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
destination wildcard(1): 4.2.2.1/255.255.255.255
hit_count=0 last_used=2022-03-25 10:53:26

id=2131165185(0x7f070001) vwl_service=1(Critical-DIA) vwl_mbr_seq=1 2 dscp_tag=0xff 0xff
flags=0x0 tos=0x00 tos_mask=0x00 protocol=0 sport=0-65535 iif=0 dport=1-65535 path(2)
oif=3(port1) oif=4(port2)
source(1): 10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255
destination wildcard(1): 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
internet service(3): GoToMeeting(4294836966,0,0,0, 16354)
Microsoft.Office.365.Portal(4294837474,0,0,0, 41468) Salesforce(4294837976,0,0,0, 16920)
hit_count=0 last_used=2022-03-24 12:18:16

id=2131165186(0x7f070002) vwl_service=2(Non-Critical-DIA) vwl_mbr_seq=2 dscp_tag=0xff
0xff flags=0x0 tos=0x00 tos_mask=0x00 protocol=0 sport=0-65535 iif=0 dport=1-65535
path(1) oif=4(port2)
source(1): 10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255
destination wildcard(1): 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0
internet service(2): Facebook(4294836806,0,0,0, 15832) Twitter(4294838278,0,0,0, 16001)
hit_count=0 last_used=2022-03-24 12:18:16

id=2131165187(0x7f070003) vwl_service=3(all_rules) vwl_mbr_seq=1 dscp_tag=0xff 0xff
flags=0x0 tos=0x00 tos_mask=0x00 protocol=0 sport=0-65535 iif=0 dport=1-65535 path(1)
oif=3(port1)
source(1): 0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255
destination(1): 0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255
hit_count=0 last used=2022-03-25 10:58:12
```

Based on the output, which two conclusions are true? (Choose two.)

- A. There is more than one SD-WAN rule configured.
- B. The SD-WAN rules take precedence over regular policy routes.
- C. The all_rules rule represents the implicit SD-WAN rule.
- D. Entry 1(id=1) is a regular policy route.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 15

Refer to the exhibit.

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 3

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(5), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(priority), link-cost-
factor(latency), link-cost-threshold(10), health-check(VPN_PING)
Members(3):
  1: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, latency: 101.349, selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, latency: 151.278, selected
  3: Seq_num(5 T_MPLS_0), alive, latency: 200.984, selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt (3) # show
config service
edit 3
  set name "Corp"
  set mode priority
  set dst "Corp-net"
  set src "LAN-net"
  set health-check "VPN_PING"
  set priority-members 3 4 5
next
end
```

The exhibit shows the SD-WAN rule status and configuration.

Based on the exhibit, which change in the measured latency will make T_MPLS_0 the new preferred member?

- A. When T_INET_0_0 and T_MPLS_0 have the same latency.
- B. When T_MPLS_0 has a latency of 100 ms.
- C. When T_INET_0_0 has a latency of 250 ms.
- D. When T_N1PLS_0 has a latency of 80 ms.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

Which statement is correct about SD-WAN and ADVPN?

- A. Routes for ADVPN shortcuts must be manually configured.
- B. SD-WAN can steer traffic to ADVPN shortcuts, established over IPsec overlays, configured as SD-WAN members.
- C. SD-WAN does not monitor the health and performance of ADVPN shortcuts.
- D. You must use IKEv2 on IPsec tunnels.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 18

Refer to the exhibit.

```
# diagnose sys session list

session info: proto=6 proto_state=01 duration=39 expire=3593 timeout=3600 flags=00000000
socktype=0 sockport=0 av_idx=0 use=4
state=may_dirty npu
orgin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=7->5/5->7 gwy=10.10.10.1/10.9.31.160
hook=pre dir=org act=noop 10.9.31.160:7932->10.0.1.7:22(0.0.0.0:0)
hook=post dir=reply act=noop 10.0.1.7:22->10.9.31.160:7932(0.0.0.0:0)
pos/(before,after) 0/(0,0), 0/(0,0)
misc=0 policy_id=1 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0
serial=00045e02 tos=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=0
sdwan_mbr_seq=1 sdwan_service_id=1
rpd_b_link_id=800000000 rpd_b_svc_id=0 ngfwid=n/a
npu_state=0x4000c00
npu info: flag=0x81/0x81, offload=8/8, ips_offload=0/0, epid=64/76, ipid=76/64,
vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=76/64, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=1/1, out_npu=1/1, fwd_en=0/0, qid=2/2
reflect info 0:
dev=7->6/6->7
npu_state=0x4000800
npu info: flag=0x00/0x81, offload=0/8, ips_offload=0/0, epid=0/76, ipid=0/65, vlan=0x0000/0x0000
vlifid=0/65, vtag_in=0x0000/0x0000 in_npu=0/1, out_npu=0/1, fwd_en=0/0, qid=0/2
total reflect session num: 1
total session 1

# diagnose netlink interface list

if=port1 family=00 type=1 index=5 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
if=port2 family=00 type=1 index=6 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
if=port3 family=00 type=1 index=7 mtu=1500 link=0 master=0
```

The exhibit shows the details of a session and the index numbers of some relevant interfaces on a FortiGate appliance that supports hardware offloading. Based on the information shown in the exhibits, which two statements about the session are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The reply direction of the asymmetric traffic flows from port2 to port3.
- B. The auxiliary session can be offloaded to hardware.
- C. The original direction of the symmetric traffic flows from port3 to port2.
- D. The main session cannot be offloaded to hardware.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 19

Refer to the exhibit.


```
config system interface
  edit "port2"
    set vdom "root"
    set ip 192.2.0.9 255.255.255.248
    set allowaccess ping
    set type physical
    set role wan
    set snmp-index 2
    set preserve-session-route enable
  next
end
```

Based on the exhibit, which two actions does FortiGate perform on traffic passing through port2? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate does not change the routing information on existing sessions that use a valid gateway, after a route change.
- B. FortiGate performs routing lookups for new sessions only, after a route change.
- C. FortiGate always blocks all traffic, after a route change.
- D. FortiGate flushes all routing information from the session table, after a route change.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 20

What are two benefits of using forward error correction (FEC) in IPsec VPNs? (Choose two.)

- A. FEC supports hardware offloading.
- B. FEC improves reliability of noisy links.
- C. FEC transmits parity packets that can be used to reconstruct packet loss.
- D. FEC can leverage multiple IPsec tunnels for parity packets transmission.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 23

Refer to the exhibits. Exhibit A

```
branch1_fgt (3) # show
config service
  edit 3
    set name "Corp"
    set mode sla
    set dst "Corp-net"
    set src "LAN-net"
    config sla
      edit "VPN_PING"
        set id 1
      next
      edit "VPN_HTTP"
        set id 1
      next
    end
    set priority-members 3 4 5
    set gateway enable
  next
end
```

Exhibit B


```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 3

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(sla), sla-compare-order
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(5 T_MPLS_0), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(2), cost(0), selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, sla(0x1), gid(0), cfg_order(1), cost(0), selected
  3: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, sla(0x0), gid(0), cfg_order(0), cost(0), selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep T_
S      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
        [1/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.201.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
S      10.202.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.203.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_MPLS_0 tunnel 172.16.1.5

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep T_
Member(3): interface: T_INET_0_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.1, peer: 10.201.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(4): interface: T_INET_1_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.9, peer: 10.202.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(5): interface: T_MPLS_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 172.16.1.5, peer: 10.203.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
```

Exhibit A shows the configuration for an SD-WAN rule and exhibit B shows the respective rule status, the routing table, and the member status. The administrator wants to understand the expected behavior for traffic matching the SD-WAN rule. Based on the exhibits, what can the administrator expect for traffic matching the SD-WAN rule?

- A. The traffic will be load balanced across all three overlays.
- B. The traffic will be routed over T_INET_0_0.
- C. The traffic will be routed over T_MPLS_0.
- D. The traffic will be routed over T_INET_1_0.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

Refer to the exhibit.

```
id=20085 trace_id=847 func=print_pkt_detail line=5428 msg="vd-root:0 received a
packet(proto=6, 10.1.10.1:33920->74.125.195.93:443) from port3. flag [.], seq
2018554516, ack 4141536963, win 2238"
id=20085 trace_id=847 func=resolve_ip_tuple_fast line=5508 msg="Find an existing
session, id-000008c1, original direction"
id=20085 trace id=847 func=shaper handler line=821 msg="exceeded shaper limit, drop"
```

Which conclusion about the packet debug flow output is correct?

- A. The original traffic exceeded the maximum packets per second of the outgoing interface, and the packet was dropped.
- B. The reply traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.
- C. The original traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth of the outgoing interface, and the packet was dropped.
- D. The original traffic exceeded the maximum bandwidth configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 28

Refer to the exhibit.

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 1

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(6), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep T_INET_
Member(3): interface: T_INET_0_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.1, priority: 10 1024,
weight: 0
Member(4): interface: T_INET_1_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.9, priority: 0 1024,
weight: 0

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep T_INET_
S      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
```

An administrator is troubleshooting SD-WAN on FortiGate. A device behind branch1_fgt generates traffic to the 10.0.0.0/8 network. The administrator expects the traffic to match SD-WAN rule ID 1 and be routed over T_INET_0_0. However, the traffic is routed over T_INET_1_0. Based on the output shown in the exhibit, which two reasons can cause the observed behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. The traffic matches a regular policy route configured with T_INET_1_0 as the outgoing device.
- B. T_INET_1_0 has a lower route priority value (higher priority) than T_INET_0_0.
- C. T_INET_0_0 does not have a valid route to the destination.
- D. T_INET_1_0 has a higher member configuration priority than T_INET_0_0.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

<https://community.fortinet.com/t5/FortiGate/Technical-Tip-Assigning-Priority-to-SD-WAN-Members-for-Defau>

NEW QUESTION 33

Exhibit.

```
id=20010 trace_id=1402 func=print_pkt_detail line=5588 msg="vd-root:0 received a
packet(proto=6, 10.1.10.1:52490->42.44.50.10:443) from port3. flag [.] , seq 1213725680,
ack 1169005655, win 65535"
id=20010 trace_id=1402 func=resolve_ip_tuple_fast line=5669 msg="Find an existing
session, id-00001ca4, original direction"
id=20010 trace_id=1402 func=fw_forward_dirty_handler line=447 msg="Denied by quota
check"
```

Which conclusion about the packet debug flow output is correct?

- A. The total number of daily sessions for 10.1.10.1 exceeded the maximum number of concurrent sessions configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.
- B. The packet size exceeded the outgoing interface MTU.
- C. The number of concurrent sessions for 10.1.10.1 exceeded the maximum number of concurrent sessions configured in the traffic shaper, and the packet was dropped.
- D. The number of concurrent sessions for 10.1.10.1 exceeded the maximum number of concurrent sessions configured in the firewall policy, and the packet was dropped.

Answer: C

Explanation:

In a Per-IP shaper configuration, if an IP address exceeds the configured concurrent session limit, the message "Denied by quota check" appears. SD-WAN 7.0 Study Guide page 287

NEW QUESTION 38

Which two statements are true about using SD-WAN to steer local-out traffic? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate does not consider the source address of the packet when matching an SD-WAN rule for local-out traffic.
- B. By default, local-out traffic does not use SD-WAN.
- C. By default, FortiGate does not check if the selected member has a valid route to the destination.
- D. You must configure each local-out feature individually, to use SD-WAN.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 39

.....

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