

Exam Questions 70-346

Managing Office 365 Identities and Requirements

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NEW QUESTION 1

Contoso, Ltd. plans to use Office 365 for email services and Skype for Business Online. Contoso has four unique domain names. You need to migrate domain names to Office 365. Which two domain names should you exclude from the migration? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. contoso.us
- B. contoso
- C. contoso.local
- D. contoso.co

Answer: BC

Explanation: There are no practical limits on the number of domains that can be verified to Office 365 Enterprise. The rules are simple: you need to verify a domain, and you need to assign the domain based on the needs (or Domain Intent). Domain Intent is what the domain services will be configured as; there are three different types of services for Domain Intent.

A top-level domain (TLD) is the part of the domain name located to the right of the dot ("."). The most common TLDs are .com, .net, and .org. Some others are .biz, .info, and .ws. These common TLDs all have certain guidelines, but are generally available to any registrant, anywhere in the world.

B: contoso- single labeled domain / or also known as a second-level domain - not valid C: contoso.local - internal labeled domain - not valid

NEW QUESTION 2

Fabrikam, Inc. employs 500 users and plans to migrate to Office 365. You must sign up for a trial plan from the Office 365 website. You have the following requirements:
 Create the maximum number of trial users allowed.
 Convert the trial plan to a paid plan at the end of the trial that supports all of Fabrikam's users.
 You need to create an Office 365 trial plan.
 How should you configure the trial plan? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Plan	Number of Included Trial Users
<input type="text" value="Office 365 Midsize Business"/> <input type="text" value="Office 365 Enterprise E1"/> <input type="text" value="Office 365 Enterprise E3"/> <input type="text" value="Office 365 Enterprise E4"/>	<input type="text" value="25"/> <input type="text" value="50"/> <input type="text" value="100"/> <input type="text" value="250"/>

Answer:

Explanation: Office 365 Enterprise E 3 offers include unlimited number of users and since you are signing up for a trail to develop into a paid plan. Making use of 25 users in the trial will suffice.

Office 365 Business can accommodate a maximum of 300 users only. References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/office/dn788955> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office-365-plan-options.aspx>

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office-365-platform-service-description.aspx>

Katzer, Matthew and DonCrawford, Office 365 Migrating and Managing your Business in the Cloud, Apress Media, New York, 2013, pp 84-87

NEW QUESTION 3

A company has an Active Directory Domain Service (AD DS) domain. All servers run Windows Server 2008. You have an on-premises Exchange 2010 server. The company plans to migrate to Office 365.

In the table below, identify the required action for each phase of the pilot. Make only one selection in each column. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Planning Phase	Migration Phase	Project Action
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Assign licenses to users.
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Prepare the on-premises Active Directory for directory synchronization.
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2008.
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Upgrade the Exchange server to Exchange 2013.

Answer:

Explanation: During migration which first step is to have the domain validated, the step that follows is to add users and assign licenses. Microsoft found that it is better to complete the domain configuration (with the exception of changing the MX records) and add users after the domain has been defined when migrating to Office 365.

Planning for the migration involves preparation to synchronize the Active Directory. References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/library/azure/jj151831.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 4

Your company has 100 user mailboxes. The company purchases a subscription to Office 365 for professionals and small businesses. You need to enable the Litigation Hold feature for each mailbox. What should you do first?

- A. Purchase a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises.
- B. Enable audit logging for all of the mailboxes.
- C. Modify the default retention policy.
- D. Create a service request.

Answer: A

Explanation: The first step will always be the purchasing the correct Office 365 plan to suit your needs. There are three plans of Office 365: Professional, Mid-Size Businesses, and Enterprise. The Office 365 Mid-sized businesses and Enterprise plans will allow you to enable Litigation Hold. The Professional plan is not compliant with this setting. User mailboxes that are placed under litigation hold with the external audit enabled meet all compliance requirements, because the data is immutable.

NEW QUESTION 5

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You need to ensure that trusted applications can decrypt rights-protected content. Which four Windows PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of cmdlets to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

The screenshot shows a drag-and-drop interface. On the left, there is a list of six PowerShell cmdlets in yellow boxes: `Import-Module AADRM`, `Add-AadrmRoleBasedAdministrator`, `Enable-AadrmSuperUserFeature`, `Set-AadrmMigrationUrl`, `Enable-Aadrm`, and `Connect-AadrmService`. To the right of this list are two circular arrows, one pointing right and one pointing left, indicating that the cmdlets can be moved. On the right side of the interface is a large white box labeled "Answer Area" where the selected and ordered cmdlets would be placed.

Answer:

Explanation: Microsoft Azure Rights Management (previously known as Windows Azure Active Directory Rights Management). To be able to decrypt rights protected documents you need to make sure that Microsoft Azure Rights Management is set up. Also you will need to enable a SuperUser account because The Active Directory Rights Management Services (AD RMS) super users group is a special group that has full control over all rights-protected content managed by the cluster. Its members are granted full owner rights in all use licenses that are issued by the AD RMS cluster on which the super users group is configured. This means that members of this group can decrypt any rights-protected content file and remove rights-protection from it.

The super users group is not enabled and is not assigned a group by default. This can be done by running the appropriate commands in sequence which are:

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn569291.aspx> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn151475%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 6

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. You create a new retention policy that contains several retention tags. A user named Test5 has a client computer that runs Microsoft Office Outlook 2007. You install Microsoft Outlook 2010 on the client computer of Test5. Test5 reports that the new retention tags are unavailable from Outlook 2010.

You verify that other users can use the new retention tags. You need to ensure that the new retention tags are available to Test5 from Outlook 2010. What should you do?

- A. Instruct Test5 to repair the Outlook profile.
- B. Modify the retention policy tags.
- C. Run the Set-Mailbox cmdlet.
- D. Force directory synchronization.

Answer: A

Explanation: When deploying retention policies it is part of the procedure to create the tags and add it to the retention policies prior to the deployment. Also part of the procedure is to determine which Microsoft Outlook client versions are in use. In this case the Test5 version has been changed and Test5 will then have to repair his/her Outlook profile accordingly.

NEW QUESTION 7

A company plans to deploy an Office 365 tenant. You have the following requirements:

- ▶ Administrators must be able to access the Office 365 admin center.
 - ▶ Microsoft Exchange Online must be used as a Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) relay for a line-of-business application that sends email messages to remote domains.
 - ▶ All users must be able to use the audio and video capabilities in Microsoft Skype for Business. You need to configure the ports for the firewall.
- Which port should you use for each application? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

Applications	Port or ports
SMTP relay	<input type="text"/> TCP 25 TCP 443 TCP 587
Office 365 admin center	<input type="text"/> TCP 80 TCP 443 TCP 10106
Skype (outbound video sessions)	<input type="text"/> RTP/UDP 50000-50019 RTP/UDP 50020-50039 UDP 50040-50059
Skype (outbound audio sessions)	<input type="text"/> RTP/UDP 50000-50019 RTP/UDP 50020-50039 UDP 50040-50059

Answer:

Explanation: Transport Control Protocol(TCP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ports, and Protocol Numbers are important to TCP/IP networking, intranets, and the Internet. Ports and protocol numbers provide access to a host computer. However, they also create a security hazard by allowing uninvited access. Therefore, knowing which port to allow or disable increases a network's security. If the wrong ports or protocol numbers are disabled on a firewall, router, or proxy server as a security measure, essential services might become unavailable.

TCP port 25 is used for simple mail transfer protocol which is used to e-mail routing between mail servers. TCP port 443 is used for Audio, video and application sharing sessions as well as data sharing sessions. RTP/UDP port 50020-50039 must be used for outbound video sessions. RTP/UDP port 50000-50019 must be used for outbound audio sessions.

NEW QUESTION 8

You are the SharePoint Online administrator for Contoso, Ltd. The company purchases an Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan.

The public-facing website must use SharePoint Online and the custom domain contoso.com. You need to configure the DNS settings for the public-facing SharePoint site.

How should you configure the DNS settings? Select the appropriate options from each list in the answer area.

Answer Area

Record	Hostname	Points To Address
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Answer Area

Record	Hostname	Points To Address
<input type="text"/> A CNAME MX SRV	<input type="text"/> www.contoso.com contoso-public.office.com contoso-public.onmicrosoft.com contoso-public.sharepoint.com	<input type="text"/> www.contoso.com contoso-public.office.com contoso-public.onmicrosoft.com contoso-public.sharepoint.com

Answer:

Explanation: The CNAME record is used to redirect one domain to another in the DNS system. When a name server looks up a domain and finds that it has a CNAME record, the server replaces the first domain name with the CNAME, and then looks up the new name.

NEW QUESTION 9

Your company has a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises. The company uses Microsoft Skype for Business Online. You need to open ports on the network firewall to enable all of the features of Skype for Business Online. Which port or ports should you open? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. inbound TCP 443
- B. outbound TCP 5061
- C. outbound UDP 3478
- D. outbound TCP 443
- E. outbound UDP 50000 to outbound UDP 59999
- F. inbound TCP 8080

Answer: ACDE

Explanation: A: inbound TCP 443 is the port for the Skype for Business for Business client service.
 C: outbound UDP 3478 is the UDP port for Skype for Business audio and video sessions.
 D: outbound TCP 443 is the port for the Skype for Business data sharing sessions as well as the Video and Audio and application sharing sessions.
 E: outbound UDP 50000 to outbound UDP 59999 is the port for Skype for Business audio and video sessions. References:
<https://adam-hand.com/cloud-technologies/firewall-ports-for-office-365/>

NEW QUESTION 10

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant. All employees use Skype for Business Online. You need to configure the network firewall to support Skype for Business Online.

Which ports must you open? To answer, drag the appropriate port number to the correct feature or features. Each port number may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area

Online Feature	Firewall Port
Audio, video, and application sharing sessions	<input type="text"/>
Skype mobile push notifications	<input type="text"/>

443

3478

5223

80

389

Answer:

Explanation: Transport Control Protocol(TCP), User Datagram Protocol(UDP) ports, and Protocol Numbers are important to TCP/IP networking, intranets, and the Internet. Ports and protocol numbers provide access to a host computer. However, they also create a security hazard by allowing uninvited access. Therefore, knowing which port to allow or disable increases a network's security. If the wrong ports or protocol numbers are disabled on a firewall, router, or proxy server as a

security measure, essential services might become unavailable.

Port 443 is used for Audio, video and application sharing sessions as well as data sharing sessions - For HTTPS.

Port 5223 is used for mobile push notifications - Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol (XMPP) client connection over SSL.

NEW QUESTION 10

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

You must provide an administrator with the ability to manage company information in Office 365. You need to assign permissions to the administrator by following the principle of least privilege. Which role should you assign?

- A. Global administrator
- B. Service administrator
- C. Billing administrator
- D. User management administrator

Answer: A

Explanation: Global admin: Has access to all administrative features. Global admins are the only admins who can assign other admin roles. You can have more than one global admin in your organization. The person who signs up to purchase Office 365 becomes a global admin. Only the global administrator role will allow you to manage company information by means of editing the organization profile. None of the other roles are enabled to manage organization information.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-US/Article/Assigning-admin-roles-eac4d046-1afd-4f1a-85fc-8219c79e1504>

NEW QUESTION 11

An organization plans to migrate to Office 365.

You need to estimate the post-migration network traffic. Which tool should you use?

- A. Microsoft Online Services Diagnostics and Logging (MOSDAL) Support Kit
- B. Microsoft Network Monitor
- C. Skype for Business Bandwidth Calculator
- D. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer

Answer: C

Explanation: There are calculators available to assist you with estimating network bandwidth requirements. These calculators work for on-premises as well as Office 365 deployments. You can use the Exchange client network bandwidth calculator to estimate the bandwidth required for a specific set of Outlook, Outlook Web App, and mobile device users in your Office 365 deployment. With the Skype for Business bandwidth calculator, you enter information about users and the Skype for Business features you want to deploy, and the calculator helps you determine bandwidth requirements.

Skype for Business Bandwidth Calculator - A Microsoft Excel spreadsheet that calculates WAN bandwidth requirements for a Skype for Business Server deployment based on administrator-specified user profiles and network information.

NEW QUESTION 14

An organization plans to deploy Exchange Online. You must support all Exchange Online features. You need to create the required DNS entries. Which two DNS entries should you create? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. A
- B. SRV
- C. MX
- D. CNAME

Answer: CD

Explanation: C: The MX record is used to send incoming mail for your domain to the Exchange Online service in Office 365.

D: The CNAME record is used to help Outlook clients to easily connect to the Exchange Online service by using the Autodiscover service. Autodiscover automatically finds the correct Exchange Server host and configures Outlook for users.

NEW QUESTION 16

You manage a team of three administrators for an organization that uses Office 365.

You must assign roles for each of the administrators as shown in the table. You must assign the minimum permissions required to perform the assigned tasks.

User	Requirements
Admin1	Reset user passwords for administrators
Admin2	Perform purchasing operations
Admin3	Create and manage user views

You need to assign the correct role to each administrator.

Which administrative role should you configure for each user? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

User	Role
Admin1	<input type="text"/>
Admin2	<input type="text"/>
Admin3	<input type="text"/>

User	Role
Admin1	<input type="text"/>
Admin2	<input type="text"/>
Admin3	<input type="text"/>

User	Role
Admin1	<input type="text"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> billing administrator global administrator user management administrator
Admin2	<input type="text"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> billing administrator global administrator user management administrator
Admin3	<input type="text"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> billing administrator global administrator user management administrator

Answer:

Explanation: Admin1 must be the global admin that will grant him/her access to all administrative features. Global admins are the only admins who can assign other admin roles. You can have more than one global admin in your organization. The person who signs up to purchase Office 365 becomes a global admin. Admin2 must be the billing admin to enable him/her to make purchases, manage subscriptions, and monitor service health. Admin 3 must be the User Management admin to allow him/her to reset passwords, monitor service health, and manage user accounts, user groups, and service requests. The user management admin can't delete a global admin, create other admin roles, or reset passwords for billing, global, and service admins.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-IN/article/assigning-admin-roles-d58b8089-cbfd-41ec-b64c-9cfcbe495ac>

http://onlinehelp.microsoft.com/en-in/office365-enterprises/gg243432.aspx#bkmk_EditProfile

Topic 3, Manage cloud identities

NEW QUESTION 21

A company plans to use Office 365 to provide email services to employees. The company obtains a custom domain name to use with Office 365. You need to add the domain name to Office 365.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Answer Area

Connect to Windows Azure Active Directory.

Run Remote PowerShell.

Enable user access for Remote PowerShell in Exchange Online.

Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet **New-MsolDomain**.

Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet **New-MsolFederatedDomain**.

Install the Windows Azure Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell.

Answer:

Explanation: Manage Azure AD using Windows PowerShell

You can use the Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell cmdlets for Azure AD administrative tasks such as user management, domain management and for configuring single sign-on.

Step 1: Install the Azure AD Module Step 2: Connect to Azure AD

Click the Microsoft Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell shortcut to open a Windows PowerShell workspace that has the cmdlets. Alternatively, you can load the cmdlets manually by typing `import-module MSOnline` at the Windows PowerShell command prompt.

Step 3: The `New-MsolDomain` cmdlet is used to create a new domain object. This cmdlet can be used to create a domain with managed or federated identities

NEW QUESTION 23

A company migrates to Office 365. 2,000 active users have valid Office 365 licenses assigned.

An additional 5,000 user accounts were created during the migration and testing processes. These users do not have any licenses assigned.

You need to remove the Office 365 user accounts that do not have any licenses assigned by using the least amount of administrative effort.

Which Windows PowerShell command should you run?

- A. `Get-MsolUser -All-EnabledFilter "DisabledOnly" | Remove-MsolUser -Force`
- B. `Get-MsolUser-EnabledFilter "DisabledOnly" | Remove-MsolUser -Force`
- C. `Get-MsolUser -All -UnlicensedUsersOnly | Remove-MsolUser -Force`
- D. `Get-MsolUser -UnlicensedUsersOnly | Remove-MsolUser-Force`

Answer: C

Explanation: Step 1: Get all unlicensed users:

The `Get-MsolUser` cmdlet can be used to retrieve an individual user, or list of users. We must use both the `-All` and the `-UnlicensedUsersOnly` parameters to retrieve all unlicensed users.

Parameters include:

- ▶ All [`<SwitchParameter>`] If present, then all results will be returned.
- ▶ UnlicensedUsersOnly [`<SwitchParameter>`] The filter for only users who are not assigned a license. Step 2: Remove these users through the `Remove-MsolUser -Force` command.

NEW QUESTION 26

You are the Office 365 administrator for Contoso, Ltd. User1 is unable to sign in.

You need to change the password for User1 and ensure that the user is prompted to reset her password the next time she signs in.

How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell command? To answer, drag the appropriate Windows PowerShell segments to the correct location or locations. Each Windows PowerShell segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area

-TenantId

User1@contoso.com

-PasswordNeverExpires

contoso\User1

-ImmutableId

-UserPrincipalName

User1\contoso

-NewPassword

Set-MsolUserPassword

Answer:

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserPassword cmdlet is used to change the password of a user.

The parameter -UserPrincipalName is used to specify the user to set the password for.

The following command resets the password for user@contoso.com. A random password will be generated. The user will be required to reset the password on next sign in.

Set-MsolUserPassword -UserPrincipalName user@contoso.com

NEW QUESTION 29

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

You prepare to use the bulk add tool to add users to Office 365. You need to prepare a file to use with the bulk add tool.

Which fields must you include in the file? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Field	Required?
User Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
Display Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
First Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
Last Name	<input type="checkbox"/>
Job Title	<input type="checkbox"/>

Field	Required?
User Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Display Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
First Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Last Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Job Title	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

Answer:

Explanation: How to add multiple users with bulk import in Office 365 Only the user name and display name are required entries.

The bulk import feature of Office 365 allows you to import multiple users' information into Office 365 from a single file source. The file must be a comma-separated values (CSV) file and adhere to the required format. It will then automatically do the rest of the thing for you. Only the user name and display name are required entries in the CSV file.

NEW QUESTION 34

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) to provide single sign-on to cloud-based services. You enable multi-factor authentication.

Users must NOT be required to use multi-factor authentication when they sign in from the company's main office location. However, users must be required to verify their identity with a password and token when they access resources from remote locations.

You need to configure the environment. What should you do?

- A. Disable AD FS multi-factor authentication.
- B. Configure an IP blacklist for the main office location.
- C. Disable the AD FS proxy.
- D. Configure an IP whitelist for the main office location.

Answer: D

Explanation: With ADFS you now get the option to whitelist an IP for multi-factor authentication (MFA).

For example, if you enable multi-factor authentication. Users must NOT be required to use multi-factor authentication when they sign in from the company's main office location. However, users must be required to verify their identity with a password and token when they access resources from remote locations.

References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn807156.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 35

Your company uses Office 365. You need to identify which users do NOT have a Microsoft Exchange Online license assigned to their user account.

Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you use?

- A. Get-ManagementRoleAssignment
- B. Get-User
- C. Get-RoleGroupMember
- D. Get-LogonStatistics
- E. Get-RemovedMailbox
- F. Get-MSOLContact
- G. Get-Recipient
- H. Get-Mailbox
- I. Get-Group
- J. Get-MailboxStatistics
- K. Get-MSOLUser
- L. Get-MailContact

Answer: K

Explanation: We use the Get-MsolUser -UnlicensedUsersOnly command to retrieve all users which do not have a Microsoft Exchange Online license. The Get-MsolUser cmdlet can be used to retrieve an individual user, or list of users. The -UnlicensedUsersOnly [<SwitchParameter>] parameter filters for only users who are not assigned a license.

NEW QUESTION 40

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You audit the Windows Azure Active Directory Rights Management configuration for the company. You need to view a log of the recent administrative commands performed against the Microsoft Rights Management Service. Which three Windows PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.



Answer:

Explanation: Although you can activate Azure Rights Management by using the Office 365 admin center or the Azure Management Portal, you can also use the Windows PowerShell module for Azure Rights Management to do this. First we active Azure Rights Management by import it through Import-AadrmTpd, then we connect to the service with Connect-AadrmService, and finally we generate the log with Get-AadrmAdminLog. Step 1: The Import-AadrmTpd cmdlet imports an Active Directory Rights Management Services (AD RMS) trusted publishing domain (TPD) over the Internet into your tenant for Azure Rights Management so that you can migrate Rights Management from on-premises to the cloud. Step 2: The Connect-AadrmService cmdlet connects you to the Azure Rights Management service. This cmdlet can also be used by a partner company that manages your tenant. Connect by using this cmdlet before you configure Rights Management by using other cmdlets in this module. Step 3: The Get-AadrmAdminLog cmdlet generates logs for all Rights Management administrative commands. References: <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj585027.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 41

You plan to deploy an Office 365 tenant to multiple offices around the country. You need to modify the users and groups who are authorized to administer the Rights Management service. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Add-MsolGroupMember
- B. Get-Add rm Role Based Administrator
- C. Remove-AadrmRoleBasedAdministrator
- D. Enable AadrmSuperUserFeature

Answer: D

Explanation: The Enable-AadrmSuperUserFeature cmdlet enables the super user feature. With this feature enabled, you can add or remove super users for Azure Rights Management. By default, the super users feature is not enabled, and no users are assigned to this feature. By enabling this feature we can modify the users and groups that are able to administer the Rights Management service. References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/aadrm/enable-aadrmsuperuserfeature?view=azureipps>

NEW QUESTION 46

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. A user named User1 from a partner organization is permitted to sign in and use the Office 365 services. User1 reports that the password expires in ten days. You must set the password to never expire. Changes must NOT impact any other accounts. You need to update the password policy for the user. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolPasswordPolicy

- B. Set-MsolPartnerInformation
- C. Set-MsolUser
- D. Set-MsolUserPassword

Answer: C

Explanation: The Set-MsolUser cmdlet is used to update a user object. The parameter -PasswordNeverExpires <Boolean> Sets whether or not the user's password will expire periodically.
So the command Set-MsolUser -PasswordNeverExpires \$true would make the appropriate configuration.

NEW QUESTION 50

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to verify whether free/busy information sharing with external users is configured. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you use?

- A. Test-OutlookConnectivity
- B. Test-FederationTrust
- C. Get-OrganizationRelationship
- D. Get-MSOLDomainFederationSettings

Answer: C

Explanation: How to troubleshoot free/busy issues in a hybrid deployment of on-premises Exchange Server and Exchange Online in Office 365
Use the Get-OrganizationRelationship cmdlet to retrieve settings for an organization relationship that has been created for federated sharing with other federated Exchange organizations or for hybrid deployments with Exchange Online. You can use this information to troubleshoot free/busy issues in a hybrid deployment.
In more detail (see step 4 below):
To help troubleshoot this issue, follow these steps:

- ▶ On an on-premises computer that's running Microsoft Exchange 2010 Server Service Pack 1 (SP1), click Start, click All Programs, click Microsoft Exchange Server 2010, and then click Exchange Management Shell.
- ▶ At the command line, type the following command, and then press Enter: Get-FederationInformation -domainname <Office 365Domain> In this command, the <Office 365 Domain> placeholder represents the default Office 365 domain (for example, adatum.onmicrosoft.com).
- ▶ In the results, note the TargetApplicationUri and TargetAutodiscoverEpr values. These are the settings that the target domain must have to make sure that the federation trust is set up correctly.
- ▶ To display the trust information that is currently set up for the default Office 365 domain, run the following command: Get-OrganizationRelationship | FL

NEW QUESTION 51

A company uses Office 365 services. You implement the Windows Azure Active Directory Sync tool in the local environment. An employee moves to a new department. All Office 365 services must display the new department information for the employee. You need to update the employee's user account. Where should you change the value of the department attribute for the employee?

- A. The Active Directory management page in the Windows Azure Management Portal
- B. The Users and groups page in the Office 365 admin center
- C. The on-premises Active Directory
- D. The Metaverse Designer

Answer: C

Explanation: The Active Directory Synchronization allows you to sync your Active Directory Objects such as users and groups to your Office 365 account. This is a one-way synchronization, which means you continue to manage users On-Premises, and your changes will appear on Office 365 SharePoint. So if you want to change the user information of employee you must use the On-Premises Active Directory.

NEW QUESTION 55

An organization deploys an Office 365 tenant. User accounts must be synchronized to Office 365 by using the Windows Azure Active Directory Sync tool. You have the following password policies:
*Passwords for the on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) user accounts are at least six characters long.
*Passwords for Office 365 user accounts are at least eight characters long.
You need to ensure that the user accounts will be synchronized. Which user accounts will be synchronized?

- A. All user accounts
- B. No user accounts
- C. User accounts with a password length of at least 8 characters
- D. User accounts with a password length of at least 14 characters

Answer: A

Explanation: Password Sync is an extension to the directory synchronization implemented by the Directory Sync tool and synchronizes user passwords from your on-premises Active Directory to Azure Active Directory. When password sync is enabled, the password complexity policies configured in the on-premises Active Directory override any complexity policies that are defined in the cloud for synchronized users.

NEW QUESTION 58

An organization plans to deploy an Office 365 tenant. The company has two servers named SERVER1 and SERVER2. SERVER1 is a member server of the

Active Directory forest that you are synchronizing. SERVER2 is a standalone server. Both servers run Windows Server 2012.

You need to use the Azure Active Directory Connect to provision users

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Answer Area

Install and run the Azure AD Connect on SERVER2.

From the Office 365 admin center, activate directory synchronization.

Install and run the Azure AD Connect on SERVER1.

Activate all synchronized users.

Install Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) on the member server.

Answer:

Explanation:

You must activate directory synchronization before you install the Directory Sync tool.

The Directory Sync tool must be installed on a computer that is joined to the Active Directory forest that you plan to synchronize. As SERVER2 is a standalone server, it is not joined to the Active Directory forest and cannot be used for synchronization.

Finally, assign license to activate services for the synchronized users.

NEW QUESTION 62

An organization prepares to migrate to Office 365. The organization has one domain controller named NYC-DC1 and one server named NYC-DS that is designated as the directory synchronization computer.

The organization has the following servers:

Server	Operating System	Forest Function Level
NYC-DC1	Windows Server 2008 R2	Windows 2000
NYC-DS	Windows Server 2003	

You plan to upgrade the servers to support directory synchronization.

You must upgrade each server to meet only the minimum requirements by using the least amount of administrative effort.

You need to ensure that you can use the Azure AD Connect to synchronize the local Active Directory with Office 365.

What should you do? Select the correct action from each list in the answer area.

Server	Requirement
NYC-DC1	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <div style="text-align: right;">▼</div> <p>Raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2003. Raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2008. Raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2008 R2. Install Windows Server 2012.</p> </div>
NYC-DS	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <div style="text-align: right;">▼</div> <p>Install the 64-bit version of Windows Server 2008 Standard edition. Install Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard edition. Install Windows Server 2008 R2 Datacenter edition. Install Windows Server 2012.</p> </div>

Answer:

Explanation: The minimum forest functional level requirement for Office365 is Windows Server 2003.

The minimum domain controller requirement for office 365 is 32-bit Windows Server 2003 Standard Edition with Service Pack 1 (SP1). From the available options, the minimum requirement is met by Windows Server 2008 R2 Standard Edition.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/jj151831.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 66

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant. You install the Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) server role on a server that runs Windows Server 2012. You install and configure the Federation Service Proxy role service. Users sign in by using the Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) protocol.

You need to customize the sign-in pages for Office 365.

Which pages should you customize? To answer, drag the appropriate page to the correct customization. Each page may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Customization	ASP.NET Page
Change the list of trusted claims providers that are displayed	<input type="text"/>
Authenticate users	<input type="text"/>
Change the overall appearance of all pages	<input type="text"/>

HomeRealmDiscovery.aspx
FormsSignIn.aspx
SignOut.aspx
IdpInitiatedSignOn.aspx
MasterPage.master
Default.aspx

Answer:

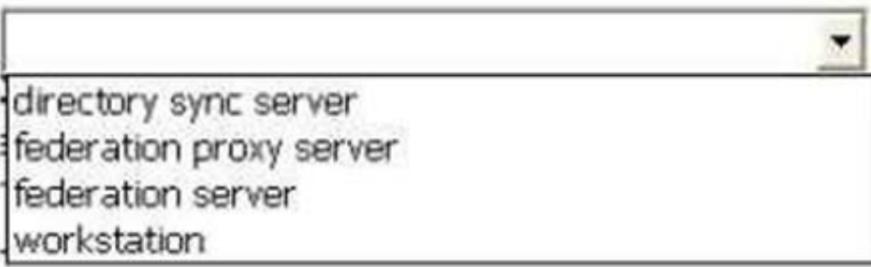
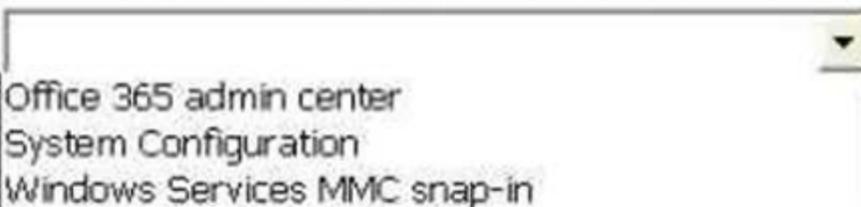
Explanation: The HomeRealmDiscovery.aspx page shows a drop-down list that contains the list of trusted claims providers configured for AD FS. The IdpInitiatedSignOn.aspx page is used to handle SAML-based IdP-initiated single sign-on (SSO). The MasterPage.master is a template for all .aspx pages and can be used to change the overall appearance of all pages.

NEW QUESTION 67

An organization has over 10,000 users and uses a SQL-based Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) 2.1 server farm. You need to change the AD FS 2.0 service account password.

What should you do? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Step	Action
1.	Log on to each <input type="text"/>
2.	Modify the application pool identity by using the <input type="text"/>
3.	Modify the AD FS Windows Service Properties by using the <input type="text"/>

Step	Action
1.	Log on to each 
2.	Modify the application pool identity by using the 
3.	Modify the AD FS Windows Service Properties by using the 

Answer:

Explanation: We must update the domain password for the AD FS 2.0 service account in Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) and then update the AD FS AppPool and the AD FS service account on all federation servers in the federation server farm to mirror the new domain password. The AD FS AppPool is configured through Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager. The AD FS 2.0 Windows Service Properties is configured through the Windows Services snap-in. References: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh344806%28v=ws.10%29.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 72

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You have a workstation that runs Windows 8. You need to install the prerequisite components so that you can view mail protection reports on the workstation. Which two items must you install? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. SQL Server Analysis Services
- B. Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- C. Microsoft Access 2013
- D. .NET Framework 4.5
- E. Microsoft Excel 2013

Answer: DE

Explanation: To view the Mail Protection Reports for Office 365 on your computer, you need to install the "Microsoft Excel plugin for Exchange Online Reporting" component which is a free download from Microsoft.

The "Microsoft Excel plugin for Exchange Online Reporting" component has the following system requirements:
 Supported Operating System:

- ▶ Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows Server 2008 Required Software:
- ▶ Microsoft Office Excel 2013 Additional Requirements:
- ▶ Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5
- ▶ Microsoft Online Services Sign-In Assistant (for Exchange Online Protection customers only)
- ▶ An Office 365 subscription that contains Exchange Online or Exchange Online Protection
- ▶ Email address you use to sign in to Office 365

NEW QUESTION 73

An organization deploys an Office 365 tenant. The Service health page displays the following information:

SERVICE	TODAY	NOV 13
Exchange Online		
Identity Service		
Lync Online		
Office 365 Portal		
Office Subscription		
Rights Management Service		
SharePoint Online		
Yammer Enterprise		

You need to report the status of service interruptions for Exchange Online and SharePoint Online. Use the drop-down menus to complete each statement based on the information presented in the screen shot. Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

What is the current status of Exchange Online and SharePoint Online?

When is the earliest date that a post-incident review will be available for SharePoint Online?

Answer Area

What is the current status of Exchange Online and SharePoint Online?
 SharePoint Online is available. Exchange Online is available, but service is degraded.
 SharePoint Online is available. Issues with the Exchange Online service are under investigation.
 The SharePoint Online subscription is expired. The Exchange Online subscription will expire soon.
 The SharePoint Online subscription is expired. Issues with the Exchange Online service are under investigation.

When is the earliest date that a post-incident review will be available for SharePoint Online?
 November 13
 November 21
 November 30
 December 1

Answer:

Explanation: You can log in to Office 365 as an Office 365 Administrator and view the Service Health Page to view the status of your Office 365 services. You can use the Service Health Page to view information on the status of your services for the current day or you can select the last 6 days or 30 days for a historical view. The following icons are used in the Service Health Page:

Microsoft says that they will publish a post-incident review within five business days. Therefore, it is possible that a post-incident review could be issued today.

References:

http://office.microsoft.com/en-in/office365-suite-help/view-the-status-of-your-services-HA102817837.aspx#_St <http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office-365-service-continuity.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 75

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.

Users report that they have received significantly more spam messages over the past month than they normally receive.

You need to analyze trends for the email messages received over the past 60 days. From the Office 365 admin center, what should you view?

- A. Messages on the Service health page
- B. The Received mail report
- C. The Office 365 Malware detections in sent mail report
- D. The Mailbox content search and hold report

Answer: B

Explanation: An Office 365 administrator can use the Mail Protection Reports in Office 365 to view data about malware, spam, and rule detections for up to the last 90 days.

The reports can be viewed as a graph to display trends for email messages over a period of time; in this question, for the last 60 days. The graph view will tell you if the amount of good mail, malware and spam detected has increased or decreased over the time period of the report.

The Received Mail report shows the received mail grouped by traffic type:

- Good mail – messages that were received and not identified as spam or malware.
- Spam – messages identified as spam.

- ▶ Malware – messages that contained malware.
- ▶ Transport rules – messages that matched at least one rule.

References:

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn500744\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn500744(v=exchg.150).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 77

The legal department in your organization creates standardized disclaimers for all of their email messages. The disclaimers explain that any transmissions that are received in error should be reported back to the sender. You track any confidential documents that are attached to email messages. Your security team reports that an employee may have mistakenly sent an email message that contained confidential information. You need to identify whether the email message included the disclaimer and whether it contained confidential information. Which two options should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate objects in the answer area.

Answer Area

protection

- received mail
- malware detections in received mail
- sent spam

sent mail

- malware detections in sent mail

rules

- rule matches for received mail

- rule matches for sent mail

DLP

- DLP policy matches for sent mail
- DLP rule matches for received mail

- DLP rule matches for sent mail

Answer:

Explanation: DLP stands for DataLossPrevention. A DLP policy is used to define exactly what constitutes a confidential email. For example: any email that has a credit card number of bank account number would be deemed to be confidential.

The DLP policy matches for sent mail report is used to display which emails contained content that matched a condition defined in a DLP policy. The DLP policy matches for sent mail report can be downloaded as a table that lists every single email that matched a DLP policy. This would identify in this question if the email did actually contain confidential information.

To identify whether the email message included the disclaimer, we need to view the “rule matches for sent mail” report. The disclaimer is added to an email by a transport rule. The rule defines which emails should have the disclaimer appended. A common example of this is all email sent to recipients outside the organization. By viewing the rule matches for sent mail, we can verify if the email in this question did match a rule and therefore did have the disclaimer appended.

NEW QUESTION 78

Your company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

You need to ensure that you can view service health and maintenance reports for the past seven days. What are two possible ways to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Run the Microsoft Online Services Diagnostics and Logging (MOSDAL) Support Kit.
- B. View the service health current status page of the Office 365 admin center.
- C. View the service settings page of the Office 365 admin center.
- D. Subscribe to the Office 365 Service Health RSS Notifications feed.

Answer: BD

Explanation: You can log into Office 365 as an Office365Administrator and view the Service Health Page to view the status of your Office 365 services. You can use the Service Health Page to view information on the status of your services for the current day or you can select the previous 6 days or 30 days for a historical view.

The following icons are used in the Service Health Page:

- ▶ A plain green tick indicates that the service is available and there have been no incidents during the reported time period.

- ▶ A grey question mark in a circle indicates that a potential issue is currently under investigation.
 - ▶ A plain green tick with a plus sign indicates that a reported issue was a false positive.
 - ▶ A white down arrow in a red circle indicates that the service is offline.
 - ▶ A white up arrow in an orange circle indicates that a service incident is currently being resolved.
 - ▶ A white right-facing arrow in an orange circle indicates that the service is degraded.
 - ▶ A white exclamation mark in a blue circle indicates that there was an incident during a previous day and that more information is displayed in the Today column.
 - ▶ A white square indicates that a post incident report has been published.
- In the top right corner of the Service Health page, there is an RSS icon. You can click on the RSS icon to sign up for the service health RSS feed, which will email you when a new event is added or an existing event is updated.

NEW QUESTION 81

You need to configure DNS for the AD FS deployment.

Which DNS entries should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate DNS entries to the correct topologies. Each entry may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer:

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION 83

You need to troubleshoot issues that Test.User1 reports. What should you do?

- A. Run the Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365.
- B. Repair the Office ProPlus installation.
- C. Run the hybrid environment free/busy troubleshooter.
- D. Run The Microsoft Office Configuration Analyzer Tool.

Answer: C

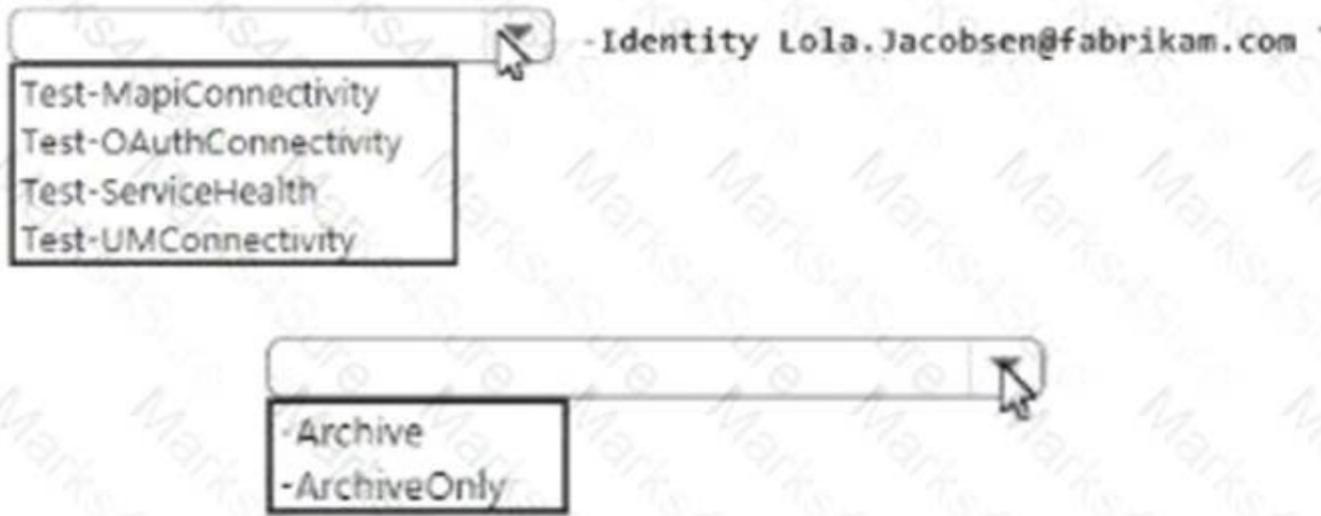
Explanation: References:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-gb/help/10092/troubleshooting-free-busy-issues-in-exchange-hybrid-environm>

NEW QUESTION 88

You need to troubleshoot the issues for user Lola.Jacobsen.

Which command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point



Answer:

Explanation: References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/exchange/mailboxes/test-mapiconnectivity?view=exchange>

NEW QUESTION 92

You need to implement authentication. Which sign-in methods should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate sign-in methods to the correct Office JGS environments. Each method may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Sign-in methods

- Password hash synchronization with SSO
- Pass-through authentication with SSO
- AD FS
- Azure AD sign-in

Answer area

Office 365 environment

- Contoso.com
- Devfabrikam.com

Sign-in method

- Sign-in method
- Sign-in method

Answer:

Explanation: **Answer area**

Office 365 environment	Sign-in method
Contoso.com	AD FS
Devfabrikam.com	AD FS

NEW QUESTION 94

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series holds a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You need to implement the integration between Active Directory and Office 365 for the new domain. Solution: Create a tenant for tailspintoys.com. Perform an Express installation of Azure AD Connect. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: Topic 8, Fabrikam, Inc (Case Study A)

OverView

Fabrikam, inc is a financial services organization.

Fabrikam recently purchased another financial services organization named Contoso, Ltd. Fabrikam has 2000 users. Contoso has 500 users.

Windows 10 and office 2016 are deployed to all computers.

Physical Location:

Fabrikam has an office in the United States. Contoso has an office in the United Kingdom.

The offices connect to each other by using a WAN link. Each office also connects directly to the internet.

Existing Environment: Active Directory:

The network Fabrikam contains an Active Directory forest.

The Active Directory environment of Contoso was migrated to the Active Directory forest of Fabrikam. The forest contains three domains named fabrikam.com , contractor.fabrikam.com, and contoso.com.

All domain controllers run Windows Server 2008 R2.

All contractors outsourced by fabrikam use the user principal name (UPN) suffix of contractor.fabrikam.com. If fabrikam hires the contractor as a permanent employee, the UPN suffix changes to fabrikam.com.

Network

The network has the following configurations:

* External IP address for the United States office: 192.168.1.100

* External IP address for the United Kingdom office: 192.168.2.100

* Internal IP address range for the United States office: 10.0.1.0/24

* Internal IP address range for the United Kingdom office : 10.0.2.0/24

Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS)

AD FS and web Application Proxies are deployed to support an app for the sales department. The app is accessed from the Microsoft Azure Portal.

Office 365 Tenant

You have an Office 365 subscription that has the following configurations:

* Organization name: Fabrikam Financial Services.

* Vanity domain: Fabrikamfinancialservices.onmicrosoft.com

* Microsoft SharePoint domain: Fabrikamfinancialservices .sharepoint.com

* Additional domain added to the subscription: Contoso.com and fabrikam.com

Requirements: Planned Changes:

* Deploy Azure AD connect.

* Move mailboxes from Microsoft Exchange 2016 to Exchange Online.

* Deploy Azure multi-factor authentication for devices that connect from untrusted networks only.

* Customize the AD FS sign-in webpage to include the Fabrikam logo, a helpdesk phone number, and a sign-in description.

* Once all of the Fabrikam users are replicated to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), assign an E3 license to all of the users in the United States office.

Technical Requirements:

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

* When a device connects from an untrusted network to <https://outlook.office.com>, ensure that users must type a verification code generated from a mobile app.

* Ensure that all users can access office 365 services from a web browser by using either a UPN or their primary SMTP email address.

* After Azure AD connect is deployed, change the UPN suffix if all the users in the Contoso sales department to fabrikam.com.

* Ensure that administrator are notified when the health information of Exchange Online changes.

* User Office 365 reports to review previous tasks performed in Office 365.

NEW QUESTION 97

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can create mailboxes in Exchange Online and sites in SharePoint Online.

Solution: You add User1 to the SharePoint administrator admin role. Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 98

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to ensure that all of the planned changes for the AD FS sign-in webpage are performed successfully. Which cmdlet should you use to perform each change? To answer, drag the appropriate cmdlets to the correct types of change. Each cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Cmdlets

- Set-AdfsGlobalWebContent
- Set-AdfsRelayingPartyWebContent
- Set-AdfsWebTheme

Answer Area

- Include the Fabrikam logo:
- Include the help desk phone number:
- Include the sign-in description:

Answer:

Explanation: References:
[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn280950\(v=ws.11\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn280950(v=ws.11).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 99

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You need to configure the Office 365 subscription to ensure that Active Directory users can connect to Office 365 resources by using single sign-on (SSO). Solution: You run Convert-MsolFederatedUser for all users. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The Convert-MsolFederatedUser cmdlet updates a user in a domain that was recently converted from single sign-on to standard authentication type. This option will not meet the objective of the question. References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/convert-msolfederateduser?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 102

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You deploy Azure AD Connect. You modify the UPN suffix of each sales department user to fabrikam.com. You need to ensure that the Active Directory changes are updated in Office 365. What command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

`Set-MsolUserPrincipalName -UserPrincipalName username@`

▼
Contoso.com
Fabrikam.com
Fabrikamfinancialservices.onmicrosoft.com

`-NewUserPrincipalName username@`

▼
Contoso.com
Fabrikam.com
Fabrikamfinancialservices.onmicrosoft.com

Answer:

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserPrincipalName cmdlet is used to change the User Principal Name, or user ID, of a user. It can be used to move a user between a federated and standard domain, which results in their authentication type changing to that of the target domain. References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluserprincipalname?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 105

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You need to ensure that a user named User1 can create mailboxes in Exchange Online and sites in SharePoint Online. Solution: You add User1 to the Service administrator admin role. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The Service administrator admin role does not have the necessary privileges to create mailboxes in Exchange Online and sites in SharePoint Online. References:
<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/About-Office-365-admin-roles-da585eea-f576-4f55-a1e0-87090b6aaa9d>

NEW QUESTION 108

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to configure the Office 365 subscription to ensure that Active Directory users can connect to Office 365 resources by using single sign-on (SSO).

Solution: You run Convert-MsolDomainToFederated for the fabrikam.com domain and the contoso.com domain.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: The Convert-MSOLDomainToFederated cmdlet converts the specified domain from standard authentication to single sign-on. This includes configuring the relying party trust settings between the Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 server and Microsoft Online. As part of converting a domain from standard authentication to single sign-on, each user must also be converted. This conversion happens automatically the next time a user signs in. No action is required by the administrator.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/convert-msoldomaintofederated?view=azureadps>

NEW QUESTION 113

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to identify which report must be used to view previous tasks performed in Office 365.

Which type of report should you use for each task? To answer, drag the appropriate reports to the correct tasks. Each report may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Reports

- Audit log search
- Mail protection
- Office 365 usage

Answer Area

Each cloud account created:

Report

Each modification to the password policy:

Report

Each Office activation:

Report

Answer:

Explanation: Account creation falls under the user administration activities that are logged by the audit log.

Password policy modification falls under the Azure AD directory and domain related activities that are logged by the audit log.

The Office activations report is available in the Office 365 admin center. References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Search-the-audit-log-in-the-Office-365-Security-Compliance-Center-0d4> <https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Activity-Reports-in-the-Office-365-Admin-Center-0d6dfb17-8582-4172>

NEW QUESTION 118

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You synchronize all of the fabrikam.com users to Azure AD.

You need to implement the planned changes for the users in the United States office.

Which command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Get-AdUser Get-MsolUser New-MsolLicenseOptions 	<p>All -UsageLocation "US"</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -EnableDFilter -SearchString -UnlicensedUsersOnly
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New-MsolLicenseOptions Set-MsolUser Set-MsolUserLicense 	<p>-AddLicenses "Fabrikam:ENTERPRISEPACK"</p>	

Answer:

Explanation: The Get-MsolUser cmdlet gets an individual user or list of users from Azure Active Directory.

The -UnlicensedUsersOnly parameter indicates that only users who are not assigned a license are returned. The Set-MsolUser cmdlet modifies a user object in Azure Active Directory.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/get-msoluser?view=azureadps-1.0> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluser?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 123

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to configure the AD FS servers to meet the technical requirement for accessing Office 365 from a web browser.

What command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set-AdfsAdditionalAuthenticationRule Set-AdfsClaimsProviderTrust Set-MsolAdfsContext 	<p>-TargetIdentifier "AD AUTHORITY"</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -AdditionalAuthenticationRules -AdfsUserCredentials -AlternateLoginID 	<p>mail -LookupForests fabrikam.com</p>

Answer:

Explanation: The Set-AdfsClaimsProviderTrust cmdlet is used to configure the trust relationship with a claims provider. The -AlternateLoginID parameter identifies the LDAP name of the attribute that you want to use for login.

References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn479371\(v=wps.630\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn479371(v=wps.630).aspx)

Topic 9, Contoso, Ltd (Case Study A)

Background

Contoso, Ltd. is a global manufacturing company with headquarters in Dallas. All sales users are located at the headquarters. Currently all Contoso, Ltd. users use the following on-premises services:

Microsoft Exchange Server 2016

Microsoft Skype for Business Server 2015

Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain for contoso.com

Many temporary workers are hired and terminated on a regular basis at the Dallas location, Contoso, Ltd. purchases two other manufacturing companies, Fabrikam, Inc. and ADatum Corporation. Fabrikam, Inc. is based in London. Fabrikam, Inc. has an on-premises third-party email system that uses @fabrikam.com for all email addresses. Fabrikam, Inc. does not have an Active Directory domain.

ADatum Corporation is based in Paris. The company is in the process of migrating users to Exchange Online. They plan to migrate users to Microsoft OneDrive for Business for file storage and sharing. All ADatum Corporation account identities will be cloud based.

You deploy Microsoft Office 2016 client apps to all corporate devices.

In preparation for the deployment of Office 365 services, you set up the latest version of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect for the contoso.com domain. The application runs on Server1.contoso.com and uses a Microsoft SQL Server database instance that runs on Server2.contoso.com. The sync schedule is configured to synchronize every two hours.

You purchase the following four servers for future needs: Server3, Server4, Server5, and Server6. All new servers for the contoso.com domain must run Windows Server 2012 R2.

Business Requirements

Contoso, Ltd. users must be able to store and share personal documents that are accessible from any web browser or mobile device. Fabrikam, Inc. users must be able to send individual instant messages as well as use group chat workspaces.

Office 365

New services should be implemented in Office 365 when possible. There is also a strong push to move existing services to Office 365, but there is currently no money in the budget for data migration. The least expensive Office 365 plan must be used whenever possible.

Password policies

You must implement the following password policies for ADatum Corporation users.

Policy	Value
Set user passwords to never expire	No
Days before passwords expire	180
Days before user is notified about expiration	14

Contoso Sync

You receive reports that new users are not granted access to Office 365 resources fast enough. You must ensure that new accounts are provisioned as quickly as possible.

You observe that the accounts for many temporary workers have not been deprovisioned correctly. You need to ensure terminated users have their access and accounts removed. You must ensure that up to 1,000 accounts can be deleted correctly during each Azure AD Connect sync cycle. You must ensure that deletions of over 1,000 accounts at a time cannot occur.

Single Sign-On

Contoso.com users need to start using sign-on (SSO) for Office 365 resources so they can authenticate against the on-premises Active Directory. Any solution needs to be redundant. Any Internet-facing servers need to reside in the perimeter network.

Problem Statements Authentication Fallback

Sales users report that they were not able to access any Office 365 resources. Contoso.com users must be able to access Office 365 resources if the on-premises authentication resources are down or unavailable. You also need to quickly resume SSO authentication when on-premises servers are available again.

ADatum Corporation users report issues sending and receiving emails. Some business partners report that emails from ADatum Corporation are rejected because the receiving server cannot validate that emails come from an authorized messaging server.

NEW QUESTION 125

You need to configure the single sign-on environment for Contoso.

Which certificate type and DNS entry should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Action	Option
Certificate to install:	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> ▼ </div> <div style="padding: 2px;"> <p>trusted 3rd party SSL</p> <p>self-signed SSL</p> <p>Active Directory Certificate Services issued SSL</p> </div> </div>
DNS entry:	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px;"> <div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px; display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> ▼ </div> <div style="padding: 2px;"> <p>sts.contoso.com</p> <p>sts.fabrikam.com</p> <p>sts.contoso.onmicrosoft.com</p> <p>sts.fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com</p> </div> </div>

Answer:

Explanation: The token-signing certificate must contain a private key that chains to a trusted root in the FS. AD FS creates a self-signed certificate by default. It is recommend that the self-signed token-signing certificate generated by AD FS is used. Microsoft best practices recommends that you use the host name, STS (secure token service). ie. sts.domain.com.

References:

<https://www.digicert.com/csr-creation-microsoft-office-365.htm>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Plan-for-third-party-SSL-certificates-for-Office-365-b48cdf63-07e0-4cd>

NEW QUESTION 126

You need to ensure that new accounts are provisioned correctly.

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each selection is worth one point.

Answer area	Option
Action	
Log on to the following server:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Server1.contoso.com ▼ Server2.contoso.com </div>
Perform the following action:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Run the Set-AdSyncsScheduled cmdlet. ▼ Use the Task Scheduler MMC snap-in. Run the Set-ScheduledTask cmdlet. Edit the Microsoft.Online.DirSync.Scheduler.exe.config file </div>
Change the synchronization interval to the following value:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> 30 minutes ▼ 120 minutes 160 minutes </div>

Answer:

Explanation: The Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect application for the contoso.com domain runs on Server1.contoso.com. The Set-ADSyncScheduler cmdlet allows you to modify the CustomizedSyncCycleInterval parameter. The question states: "You receive reports that new users are not granted access to Office 365 resources fast enough. You must ensure that new accounts are provisioned as quickly as possible." Since the scheduler is already configured to sync every 2 hours (120 min.), 30 minutes should be configured.
 References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/connect/active-directory-aadconnectsync-feature-schedu>

NEW QUESTION 127

You need to enable the new features in Office 365 for contoso.com and fabricam.com users. Which plans should you implement? To answer, drag the appropriate plans to the correct domains. Each plan may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area		
Plans	Domain	Workload
Office 365 ProPlus	contoso.com	Plan
Office 365 Enterprise E1	contoso.com	Plan
Office 365 Enterprise E3	contoso.com	Plan
Office 365 Enterprise E5	contoso.com	Plan
	fabricam.com	Plan

Answer:

Explanation: The scenario states: "Contoso, Ltd. users must be able to store and share personal documents that are accessible from any web browser or mobile device. Fabrikam, Inc. users must be able to send individual instant messages as well as use group chat workspaces." The scenario also states: "The least expensive Office 365 plan must be used whenever possible."
 Office 365 ProPlus offers Office applications plus cloud file-storage and sharing.

Office 365 Enterprise E1 offers email, file storage and sharing, Office Online, meetings and IM, and more. References: <https://products.office.com/en-us/biz/business/compare-more-office-365-for-business-plans>

NEW QUESTION 128

You need to implement the password policy for ADatum Corporation users.

How should you complete the Windows PowerShell command? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set-MsolPasswordPolicy Set-ADDefaultDomainPasswordPolicy Set-ADFineGrainedPasswordPolicy Set-MsolUserPassword 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -ValidityPeriod 180 -ValidityPeriod 14 -MaxPasswordAge 180 -MaxPasswordAge 14
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> -NotificationDays 14 -NotificationDays 180 -PasswordHistoryCount 14 -PasswordHistoryCount 180 	<p>-DomainName adatum.com</p>

Answer:

Explanation: Set-MsolPasswordPolicy -ValidityPeriod 180 -NotificationDays 14 -DomainName adatum.com

The Set-MsolPasswordPolicy cmdlet is used to update the password policy of a specified domain or tenant. The -ValidityPeriod parameter stipulates the length of time that a password is valid before it must be changed. The -NotificationDays parameter stipulates the number of days before the password expiration date that triggers when users receive their first notification that their password will soon expire.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msolpasswordpolicy?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 130

You need to use the Office 365 admin center portal to create the report for the Dallas office. Which values should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Report name

Report column

	Field
1	<input type="text" value="User name"/>
2	<input type="text" value="License for Exchange"/>
3	<input type="text" value="License Assigned Date Exchange"/>

Answer:

Explanation:

Report name

Report column

	Field
1	<input type="text" value="User name"/>
2	<input type="text" value="License for Exchange"/>
3	<input type="text" value="License Assigned Date OneDrive"/>

NEW QUESTION 135

A company plans to synchronize users in an existing Active Directory organizational unit with Office 365. You must configure the Azure Active Directory Connect with password sync

You need to ensure that the service account has the minimum level of permissions required.

Which two permission levels should you assign to the account for each task? To answer, select the appropriate permission level from each list in the answer area.

Task	Permission Level
Password Write-Back	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>
Password synchronization	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="text"/>

Task	Permission Level
Password Write-Back	<input type="text"/> Full Control Reset Password
	<input type="text"/> Create Child Create Password
Password synchronization	<input type="text"/> Replicating Directory Changes Manage Replication Topology
	<input type="text"/> Replicating Directory Changes All Replication Directory Changes in Filtered Set

Answer:

Explanation: Password Write-Back

For each forest you have configured in Azure AD Sync, the account you have specified for a forest in the wizard must be given the "Reset-Password" and "Change Password" extended rights on the root object of each domain in the forest.

Permissions for password synchronization

If you want to enable password synchronization between your on-premises AD DS and your Azure Active Directory for your users, you need to grant the following permissions to the account that is used by Azure AD Sync to connect to your AD DS:

NEW QUESTION 136

You deploy an Office 365 tenant for your company. The tenant contains the domain names contoso.onmicrosoft.com and contoso.com. You have an on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain named contoso.com.

You have the following requirements:

- Use active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) for authentication when users sign in to the Office 365 environment.
- Use Web Application Proxy (WAP) servers that run Windows Server 2012 R2.
- Ensure that Workplace Join is available for all users.

You need to request a certificate for the WAP servers. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer area

Subject name

- Adfs.contoso.com
- Adfs.contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- Adfs.microsoft.com

Subject Alternative Names

- Adfs.contoso.com
- Adfs.contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- Adfs.microsoft.com

- Enterpriseregistration.contoso.com
- Enterpriseenrollment.contoso.com
- Enterpriseregistration.onmicrosoft.com
- Enterpriseenrollment.contoso.onmicrosoft.com

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer area

Subject name

- Adfs.contoso.com
- Adfs.contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- Adfs.microsoft.com

Subject Alternative Names

- Adfs.contoso.com
- Adfs.contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- Adfs.microsoft.com

- Enterpriseregistration.contoso.com
- Enterpriseenrollment.contoso.com
- Enterpriseregistration.onmicrosoft.com
- Enterpriseenrollment.contoso.onmicrosoft.com

NEW QUESTION 138

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in the question apply only to that question.

A company has an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E1 subscription. You synchronize disabled user accounts from an Active Directory Domain Services environment.

You need to enable the user accounts in Office 365. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Redo-MsolProvisionUser
- C. Set-MsolUserLicense
- D. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- E. Convert-MsolFederatedUser
- F. Set-MailUser
- G. Set-LinkededUser

Answer: A

Explanation: The Set-MsolUser cmdlet is used to update a user object. This cmdlet should be used for basic properties only. Example: The following command sets the multi-factor authentication on this user.

Enable a user:

```
$st = New-Object -TypeName Microsoft.Online.Administration.StrongAuthenticationRequirement
$st.RelyingParty = "*"
$st.State = "Enabled"
$sta = @($st)
Set-MsolUser -UserPrincipalName user@contoso.com -StrongAuthenticationRequirements $sta
```

NEW QUESTION 142

Your company purchases an Office 365 plan. The company has an Active Directory Domain Services domain. User1 must be able to manage Office 365 delegation for the company.

You need to ensure that User1 can assign administrative roles to other users. What should you do?

- A. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the service administrator role.
- B. Use an existing user management administrator account to assign a role with the correct permissions to User1.
- C. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the global administrator role.
- D. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the user management administrator role.

Answer: D

Explanation: D: The Global Administrator account is similar to the Company administrator. Users in this role have access to everything or the permission to add them to a dedicated role where they do not have permission (such as discovery management and assigning administrative roles to other users).

NEW QUESTION 143

You manage an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain. Your company plans to move all of its resources to Office 365.

You must implement Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You place all internet-facing servers on a perimeter network.

You need to ensure that intranet and extranet users are authenticated before they access network resources. Which three authentication methods should you provide for extranet users? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Windows Integrated Authentication using Negotiate for NTLM
- B. Windows Integrated Authentication using Negotiate for Kerberos
- C. Authentication with RADIUS
- D. Forms Authentication using username and passwords
- E. Certificate Authentication using certificates mapped to user accounts in AD DS

Answer: BDE

Explanation: Windows Integrated Authentication makes use of Negotiate/Kerberos or NTLM to authenticate users based on an encrypted ticket/message passed between a browser and a server.

With Azure AD you need Forms-based authentication in ADFS for Azure AD/MSONline PowerShell Module and Azure AD Self-Service Password Reset.

In Active Directory mapping, when the IIS server receives a certificate from the user, it passes it on to Active Directory, which maps it to a Windows user account. The IIS server then logs this account on.

Active directory mapping is most useful when the account mappings are the same on all IIS servers. Administration is simplified because the mapping is done in only one place.

NEW QUESTION 145

You have an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E3 subscription. You configure multi-factor authentication for all users in the tenant. Remote users configure Outlook 2016 to use their Office 365 credentials.

You need to ensure that users only authenticate with Office 365 by using two-step verification. What should you do?

- A. Disable app passwords for the user accounts.
- B. Remove the rights management license from the user accounts.
- C. Modify the license type of the user accounts to an Enterprise E1 subscription.
- D. Add the user accounts to a new security group.

Answer: A

Explanation: All the Office 2016 client applications support multi-factor authentication through the use of the Active Directory Authentication Library (ADAL). This means that app passwords are not required for Office 2016 clients.

References: <https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Set-up-multi-factor-authentication-for-Office-365-users-8f04>

NEW QUESTION 146

You are deploying a new Office 365 tenant for a company. You plan to use the default domain Fabricam.onmicrosoft.com. Employees currently use Fabricam.com for their email address in the on-premises email system.

You have the following requirements:

- ▶ All users need to be migrated to Microsoft Exchange Online.
- ▶ Fabricam.com must be used for the email domain and Office 365 user principal name.

You need to start the new domain process and generate a CSV import file for your on-premises DNS servers. How should you complete the Windows PowerShell commands? To answer, configure the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Sdomain = " "

-Name Sdomain

-DomainName Sdomain -Mode DnsTxtRecord

| select Label, Text, Ttl | export -csv -Path c:\DNS.csv -NoTypeInformation

Answer:

Explanation: Box1

Fabricam.onmicrosoft.com Box2

New-MsolDomain Box3

Get-MsolDomainVerificationDns

The questions states: "You plan to use the default domain Fabricam.onmicrosoft.com." The New-MsolDomain cmdlet adds a domain to Azure Active Directory.

The Get-MsolDomainVerificationDns cmdlet retrieves the necessary DNS records to verify a domain. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/new-msoldomain?view=azureadps-1.0> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/get-msoldomainverificationdns?view=azureadps->

NEW QUESTION 151

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) and purchase an Office 365 subscription. You need to create a trust between the AD FS servers and the Office 365 subscription.

Solution: You run the netdom.com command. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: Each domain that you want to federate must either be added as a single sign-on domain or converted to be a single sign-on domain from a standard domain. Adding or converting a domain sets up a trust between AD FS and Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Microsoft Azure AD).

References: <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/jj205461.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 154

Your company uses Office 365 for all users. The company has the contoso.com SIP domain.

You need to change the SIP address of a user named User1 from user1@contoso.com to user2@contoso.com. You must achieve this goal in the minimum amount of time.

What should you do?

- A. Modify the PrimarySmtpAddress attribute of User1.
- B. Add a proxy address to the properties of User1.
- C. Create a service request.
- D. Modify the sign-in status of User1.

Answer: A

Explanation: References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335189\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd335189(v=exchg.150).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 156

You have a legacy application that needs to send email to employees. The legacy application runs on a client computer. The legacy application must send email by using IMAP through Exchange Online. You need to identify the correct host name and port information. Which settings should you use?

- A. Imap.office365.com and port 993
- B. Imap.office365.com and port 143
- C. Outlook.office365.com and port 993
- D. Outlook.office365.com and port 143

Answer: C

Explanation: For Office 365 for business, use the following settings.

- IMAP4
- outlook.office365.com
- 993 implicit

NEW QUESTION 161

Your company has an Office 365 subscription that is configured for single sign-on (SSO) to an on-premises deployment of Active Directory. Office 2016 is deployed to all workstations. Microsoft OneDrive for Business is used to replicate My Documents to OneDrive for Business. You need to ensure that when clients connect to Office 365 from an untrusted network, they can access Office 365 resources by using a web browser. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Modify the Sharing settings for SharePoint Online.
- B. Disable modern authentication.
- C. Add a claims provider trust.
- D. Add a relying party trust.
- E. Add a new rule.

Answer: BC

Explanation: B: In Skype for Business Server 2015, Modern Authentication is used between on-premises clients and on-premises servers in order to give users a proper level of authorization to resources.
C: A Claims Provider trust is one where ADFS gets claims from the Claim Provider, which could be the local AD as Claims Provider or an external Claims Provider.

NEW QUESTION 163

You manage Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) for a company. You assign Office 365 licenses to all users. You implement Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect. Your company terminates an employee. You need to ensure that the terminated employee can no longer access any Office 365 resources. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-AdUser
- B. Remove-MsolServicePrincipalCredential
- C. Set-MsolUser
- D. Remove-MsolServicePrincipal

Answer: C

Explanation: If your organization synchronizes user accounts to Office 365 from a local Active Directory environment, you must delete those user accounts in your local Active Directory service. You can't delete or restore them in Office 365. Therefore, you have to make use of the Set-AdUser cmdlet.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/remove-a-former-employee-from-office-365-44d96212-4d90-4027-9aa9>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/addsadministration/set-aduser?view=win10-ps>

NEW QUESTION 164

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You plan to deploy Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all employees.

You need to verify domain ownership. Solution: Add an MX record.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 166

A company has an Office 365 tenant.
You must retrieve mailbox diagnostic data.
You need to provide a report with this data for all users. Which report solution should you choose?

- A. Office 365 admin center
- B. downloadable spreadsheet
- C. reporting Windows PowerShell cmdlets
- D. REST reporting web service

Answer: D

Explanation: The Office 365 Reporting web service enables developers to integrate information on email and spam, antivirus activity, compliance status, and Skype for Business Online activities into their custom service reporting applications and web portals.

References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/jj984325.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 170

Your company uses Office 365.
You need to prevent users from initiating remote wipes of mobile devices by using the Office 365 portal. What should you modify?

- A. the Outlook Web App mailbox policy
- B. the Exchange ActiveSync device policy
- C. the default role assignment policy
- D. the Exchange ActiveSync Access settings

Answer: B

Explanation: References: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn792010.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 175

You have a legacy application that needs to send email to employees.
The legacy application runs on a client computer that must send email by using SMTP through Exchange Online.
You need to identify the correct host name and port information. Which settings should you use?

- A. Outlook.office365.com and port 25
- B. Outlook.office365.com and port 587
- C. Smtplib.office365.com and port 587
- D. Smtplib.office365.com and port 25

Answer: D

Explanation: The legacy applications would use port 25 for smtp. The host name should be Smtplib.office365.com.

NEW QUESTION 179

You have an Office 365 subscription.
The Office 365 organization contains 500 users.
You need to identify the following users in the organization:

- users who have Litigation Hold enabled
- users who receive the most spam email messages
- users who have mailboxes that were accessed by an administrator

Which type of report should you review to identify each type of user? To answer, drag the appropriate reports to the correct types of users. Each report may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Reports

- Auditing
- Protection
- Rules
- Usage

Answer Area

●	Users who receive the most spam email messages:	Report
●	Users who have Litigation Hold enabled:	Report
●	Users who have mailboxes that were accessed by an administrator:	Report

Answer:

Explanation: The Azure AD Connect server must have .NET Framework 4.5.1 or later and Microsoft PowerShell 3.0 or later installed. Azure AD Connect requires a SQL Server database to store identity data. SQL Server Express has a 10 GB size limit that enables you to manage approximately 100,000 objects.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/connect/active-directory-aadconnect-prerequisites>

NEW QUESTION 184

A company has an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E1 subscription. Users currently sign in with credentials that include the contoso.com domain suffix. The company is acquired by Fabrikam. Users must now sign in with credentials that include the fabrikam.com domain suffix. You need to ensure that all users sign in with the new domain name. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Set-MsolUserLicense
- C. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- D. Convert-MsolFederatedUser

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 185

You are configuring a new Office 365 tenant for a company. The company plans to use Microsoft SharePoint Online for document sharing and sending emails to users, and Exchange Online for email and calendaring. All employees use Office 365 ProPlus. Users report issues sending and receiving emails. Some business partners report that emails from the company are rejected because the receiving server cannot validate that emails come from an authorized messaging server. You need to configure DNS entries for Office 365.

Which DNS record should you use for each service? To answer, drag the appropriate DNS records to the correct services. Each DNS record may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

DNS records

- MX, Autodiscover, and SPF TXT only
- SPF TXT only
- MX and SPF TXT only
- MX, SPF, and SRV only
- MX and SRV only
- SPF and SRV only
- MX only

Answer area

Service	DNS record or records
Exchange	
SharePoint	

Answer:

Explanation: References:

<http://howtonetworking.com/msapps/office365-11.htm>

<https://www.lynda.com/Office-365-tutorials/SharePoint-Online-DNS-records/517321/570469-4.html> [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn789058\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn789058(v=exchg.150).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 190

An organization uses Exchange Online.

You enable mailbox audit logging for all mailboxes.

User1 reports that her mailbox has been accessed by someone else.

You need to determine whether someone other than the mailbox owner has accessed the mailbox.

What should you do?

- A. Run the following Windows PowerShell command: Search-MailboxAuditLog -Identity User1-LogonTypes Owner -ShowDetails
- B. In the Exchange Admin Center, navigate to the Auditing section of the Protection page. Run a non-owner mailbox access report
- C. Run the following Windows PowerShell command: New-AdminAuditLogSearch -Identity User1-LogonTypes Owner -ShowDetails
- D. In the Exchange Admin Center, navigate to the Auditing section of the Compliance Management page. Run a non-owner mailbox access report.

Answer: D

Explanation: References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150575\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150575(v=exchg.150).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 191

Your company has an Office 365 Enterprise E1 subscription. The company wants to implement an enterprise document collaboration and social networking platform that allows users to upload documents from their computers and conduct informal polls.

You need to implement a solution that meets the requirements. Which solution should you implement?

- A. Microsoft SharePoint document libraries
- B. Microsoft SharePoint surveys
- C. Microsoft Yammer
- D. Microsoft SharePoint newsfeeds
- E. Microsoft SkyDrive Pro

Answer: C

Explanation: Yammer is Microsoft's private collaboration platform for enterprise social networking.

Unlike public social media platforms such as Twitter, Yammer only allows members to connect with other members who belong to the same email domain. This unique feature provides corporate employees with the ability to communicate privately, using a graphical user interface (GUI) that resembles Facebook.

NEW QUESTION 195

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You plan to deploy Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all employees.

You need to verify domain ownership. Solution: Add an SPF record.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 197

Your company has an Office 365 tenant. You use Microsoft Azure Directory (Azure AD) Connect to synchronize the on-premises users to your Office 365 environment. You enable password synchronization.

You must implement a single-sign-on (SSO) solution. You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You are connected to the AD FS primary server.

You need to ensure that users can log on with their corporate credentials when they access Office 365 resources.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

- Run the Windows PowerShell **Set-MsolService** command.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Connect-MsolService** command.
- Open the Azure AD Module for PowerShell.
- Open PowerShell as an Administrator.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Convert-MsolDomainToFederated** command.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Convert-MsolDomainToStandard** command.

Answer area



Answer:

Explanation: Actions

The diagram illustrates the correct sequence of actions. The 'Answer area' contains two items: 'Open the Azure AD Module for PowerShell.' and 'Run the Windows PowerShell Set-MsolService command.'. The 'Actions' list contains six items. The first two items in the 'Actions' list, 'Open PowerShell as an Administrator.' and 'Run the Windows PowerShell Convert-MsolDomainToFederated command.', are highlighted with green dashed boxes. Red dashed boxes and arrows indicate the mapping from the answer area to the actions list.

NEW QUESTION 200

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You need to identify usage trends for the Microsoft Exchange Online service over the last 90 days. What should you do?

- A. View usage data in the Exchange Admin center.
- B. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Get-MailboxUsageReport.
- C. Open the Office 365 Admin center and view the Active users card.
- D. In the Reports node of the Office 365 Admin center, view the Usage page.

Answer: D

Explanation: References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/activity-reports-in-the-office-365-admin-center-0d6dfb17-8582-4172-a9>

NEW QUESTION 203

A company has an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E1 subscription. You use single sign-on for all user accounts. You plan to migrate all services to Office 365. You need to ensure that all accounts use standard authentication. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Redo-MsolProvisionUser
- C. Set-MsolUserLicense
- D. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- E. Convert-MsolFederatedUser
- F. Set-MailUser
- G. Set-LinkedUser
- H. New-MsolUser

Answer: E

Explanation: The Convert-MsolFederatedUser cmdlet is used to update a user in a domain that was recently converted from single sign-on (also known as identity federation) to standard authentication type.

NEW QUESTION 205

You have an Exchange Online tenant.
You must identify mailboxes that are no longer in use. You need to locate the inactive mailboxes.
Which Windows PowerShell command should you run?

- A. Get-StaleMailboxReport-StartDate
- B. Get-MailboxActivityReport-StartDate
- C. Get-MailboxActivityReport-Expression
- D. Get-MailboxActivityReport-EndDate

Answer: A

Explanation: Use the Get-StaleMailboxDetailReport cmdlet to view mailboxes that haven't been accessed for at least 30days.
The StartDate parameter specifies the start date of the date range.

NEW QUESTION 208

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.
You must use Windows PowerShell to manage cloud identities in Office 365. You must use a computer that runs Windows 8 to perform the management tasks.
You need to ensure that the Windows 8 computer has the necessary software installed. What should you install first?

- A. Microsoft Office 365 Best Practices Analyzer for Windows PowerShell
- B. Windows PowerShell 4.0
- C. Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell
- D. Windows Management Framework

Answer: C

Explanation: Cloud identities in Office 365 are user accounts in Azure Active Directory.
You can use Windows PowerShell to administer Office 365 and Azure Active Directory. However, the default installation of Windows PowerShell on Windows 8 (or any other version of Windows) does not include the PowerShell cmdlets required to manage Office 365 or Azure Active Directory.
You need to install the PowerShell module that includes the necessary cmdlets for managing Azure Active Directory. This module is the Windows Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell module. This module also requires that Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 is installed and enabled.
Before the Windows Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell, can be installed, the Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant must be installed.
This will allow you to connect to your Office 365/Azure subscription from a PowerShell session on a remote computer.

NEW QUESTION 209

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.
You need to configure single sign-on (SSO) for all user accounts. External users are not allowed to connect directly to internal servers.
Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Enable-ADFSEndpoint.
- B. Deploy a federation server proxy.
- C. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Convert-MsolDomainToStandard.
- D. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet New-ADFSOrganization.
- E. Deploy a federation server farm.
- F. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Convert-MsolDomainToFederated.

Answer: BEF

NEW QUESTION 210

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company allows external communications through Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all domains.
The call center manager reports that call center personnel are spending too much time chatting with friends and not enough time taking calls. She requests that the call center personnel be blocked from chatting with anyone external to the company by using Skype for Business Online.
They still must be able to communicate with internal users.
You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Skype for Business Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts.
What should you do?

- A. In the Skype for Business admin center, select all users, edit their external communications settings, and clear the Skype for Business Users check box.
- B. On the External Communications page of the Skype for Business admin center, turn off external access.
- C. In the Skype for Business admin center, remove the Skype for Business Online license from each of the call center personnel.
- D. In the Skype for Business admin center, select all call center personnel, edit their external communications settings, and clear the People on Public IM Networks check box.

Answer: D

Explanation: References: <https://theucguy.net/configuring-external-communications-in-Lync-online-wave-1>

NEW QUESTION 211

You have an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You activate Azure Rights Management for the tenant.
You need to deploy Azure Rights Management for all users. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Enable-Aadrm
- B. New-AadrmRightsDefinition
- C. Enable-AadrmSuperUserFeature
- D. Add-AadrmSuperUser
- E. Set-AadrmOnboardingControlPolicy

Answer: A

Explanation: The Enable-Aadrm cmdlet enables your organization to use Azure Rights Management when you have a subscription that includes this service.

NEW QUESTION 214

You have an Office 365 tenant. An organization is migrating from an Exchange organization to Office 365. Users report that Outlook does not display the availability of other users for meetings. You must determine whether an Office 365 mailbox can access the scheduling availability of a user with an on-premises mailbox. You must also run a test to verify that an on-premises mailbox can access the scheduling availability of a user that has an Office 365 mailbox. You need to conduct the tests.

What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate test to run to the correct mailbox test scenario. Each test may be used once, more than once or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer:

Explanation:

Microsoft Exchange Web Services Connectivity test is web-based, and is designed to help IT Administrators troubleshoot connectivity issues that affect their Exchange Server deployments. The tool simulates several client logon and mail flow scenarios. When a test fails, many of the errors have troubleshooting tips to assist the IT Administrator to correct the problem.

The Outlook Connectivity Test is available with the Microsoft Office 365 Support and Recovery Assistant.

NEW QUESTION 217

You manage an on-premises email system. You plan to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. You need to determine the network bandwidth requirements to use Exchange Online. What should you use?

- A. Windows PowerShell cmdlet Get-OutboundConnectorReport
- B. Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365
- C. Office 365 General Tests from the Remote Connectivity Analyzer portal
- D. Windows PowerShell cmdlet Test-MailFlow

Answer: C

Explanation: References: <https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/vilath/2015/08/06/office-365-the-internet-bandwidth-planning/>

NEW QUESTION 218

An organization has an Office 365 tenant. You use multi-factor authentication for all privileged accounts. User1 is on an extended leave of absence. You must configure the mailbox for User1 to forward to User2. You need to configure forwarding for User1's mailbox. What should you do first?

- A. Launch Windows PowerShell as an administrator.
- B. Launch the Exchange Admin Center.
- C. Create an app password for the administrator account.
- D. Connect to Exchange Online by using Remote PowerShell.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 219

A company has 50 employees that use Office 365. You need to disable password expiration for all accounts. How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell commands? To answer, drag the appropriate Windows PowerShell segment to the correct location in the answer area. Each Windows PowerShell segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer Area

```

Import-Module -MSOnline
$cred = Get-Credential
Connect -MsolService -cred $cred
Get -MsolUser | Set -MsolUser -PasswordNeverExpires $true
    
```

NEW QUESTION 221

A company has an Office 365 tenant. You plan to use Office 365 to manage the DNS settings for a custom domain. You purchase the domain through a third-party provider. You create a custom website. You must host the website through a third-party provider at the IPv6 address 2001:4860:4801:1:5:4d. You need to configure the correct DNS settings. What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate DNS record to the correct DNS target. Each record may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Name Server	DNS target	DNS record
A	ns1.bdm.microsoftonline.com	
AAAA	ns2.bdm.microsoftonline.com	
TXT	134.170.185.46	
CNAME		

Answer:

Explanation: Change your domain's name server (NS) records

When you get to the last step of the domains setup wizard in Office 365, you have one task remaining. To set up your domain with Office 365 services, like email, you change your domain's name server (or NS) records at your domain registrar to point to the Office 365 primary and secondary name servers. Use (A) DNS record for the web site.

NEW QUESTION 225

An organization plans to migrate to Office 365. You use Azure AD Connect. Several users will not migrate to Office 365. You must exclude these users from synchronization. All users must continue to authenticate against the on-premises Active Directory. You need to synchronize the remaining users. Which three actions should you perform to ensure users excluded from migration are not synchronized? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Run the Windows PowerShell command Set-MsolDirSyncEnabled -EnableDirSync \$false.
- B. Perform a full synchronization.
- C. Populate an attribute for each user account.
- D. Configure the connection filter.
- E. Disable the user accounts in Active Directory.

Answer: BCD

Explanation: D: With filtering, you can control which objects should appear in Azure AD from your on-premises directory. For example, you run a pilot for Azure or Office 365 and you only want a subset of users in Azure AD.

C: Attribute-based filtering: This option allows you to filter objects based on attribute values on the objects. You can also have different filters for different object types.

B: After you have made your configuration changes, these must be applied to the objects already present in the system. It could also be that objects not currently in the sync engine should be processed and the sync engine needs to read the source system again to verify its content.

If you changed configuration using attribute filtering, then you need to do Full synchronization. References: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/active-directory-aadconnectsync-configure-filtering/>

NEW QUESTION 226

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. All users have been assigned E3 licenses and use Office Web Apps to create and edit documents. A user attempts to access documents stored on a USB flash drive. When the user double-clicks a file that is stored on the USB flash drive, an error message states that Windows can't open the file and needs to know what program to use to open it. You need to ensure that the user can start Office applications and edit Office documents by double-clicking files. What should you do on the user's computer?

- A. Use Office on Demand.
- B. Install Office 365 ProPlus from the Office 365 portal.
- C. Copy the files from the USB flash drive to the local hard drive.
- D. Install and configure Microsoft Word Viewer

Answer: B

Explanation: The message "can't open the file and needs to know what program to use to open it" Points to Office not being installed/Windows not recognizing Office is installed on the PC, so would need to download Office 365 ProPlus from the Portal.

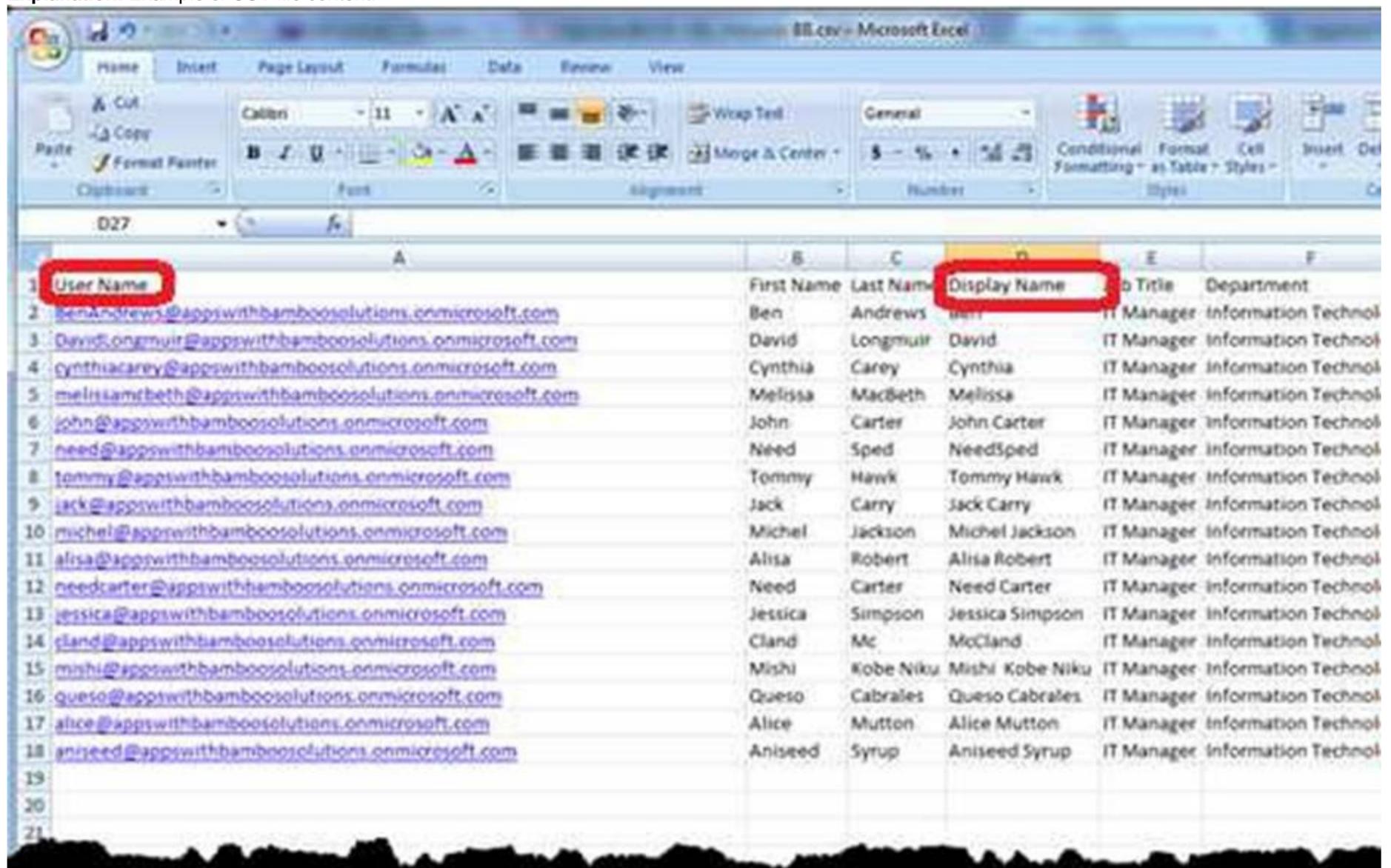
NEW QUESTION 230

You plan to import several user accounts to an Office 365 subscription by using a CSV file. You download a sample CSV file from the Office 365 admin center. You need to prepare the file for the planned import. What should you do?

- A. Add a column named Managed By.
- B. Add values to the UserName and Country columns.
- C. Add values to the UserName and DisplayName columns.
- D. Add a column named Password.

Answer: C

Explanation: Example of CSV file content:



References:<http://community.bamboosolutions.com/blogs/office-365/archive/2014/12/29/how-to-import-bulk-us>

NEW QUESTION 234

A company has an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E1 subscription. Users currently sign in with credentials that include the contoso.com domain suffix. The company is acquired by Fabrikam. Users must now sign in with credentials that include the fabrikam.com domain suffix. You need to ensure that all users sign in with the new domain name. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Redo-MsolProvisionUser
- C. Set-MsolUserLicense
- D. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- E. Convert-MsolFederatedUser
- F. Set-MailUser

- G. Set-LinkedUser
- H. New-MsolUser

Answer: D

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserPrincipalName cmdlet is used to change the User Principal Name (user ID) of a user. This cmdlet can be used to move a user between a federated and standard domain, which will result in their authentication type changing to that of the target domain.

The following command renames user1@contoso.com to CCole@contoso.com.

```
Set-MsolUserPrincipalName -UserPrincipalName User1@contoso.com -NewUserPrincipalName CCole@contoso.com
```

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluserprincipalname?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 239

You are the system administrator for a company named Fabrikam, Inc. You implement Office 365. You need to modify settings for the Office 365 tenant. Which action can you perform?

- A. Modify the custom domain of fabrikam.com.
- B. Modify the Microsoft Teams URL
- C. Rename the fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com domain name.
- D. Remove the fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com domain name.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 242

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.

You must use Windows PowerShell to manage cloud identities in Office 365. You must use a computer that runs Windows 10 to perform the management tasks. You need to ensure that the Windows 10 computer has the necessary software installed. What should you install first?

- A. Windows PowerShell 4.0
- B. Azure Active Directory Rights Management Service
- C. Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant
- D. Azure Identity Service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 247

You manage an on-premises Active Directory environment. You configure an Office 365 tenant. Password requirements for the environments are listed in the table below.

Environment	Password requirements
On-premises Active Directory	Accounts expire after 180 days. Passwords expiration notifications must be sent 7 days before a password expires.
Office 365	Accounts expire after 90 days. Passwords expiration notifications must be sent 21 days before a password expires.

You deploy Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect and configure synchronization between Office 365 and the on-premises Active Directory. You need to determine the resulting policies for Office 365 users.

Which password policies will take effect? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct policies. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE Each correct selection is worth one point.

Values

0

7

14

21

45

90

180

Answer area

	Value
Account expiration	Value days
Password expiration notification	Value days

Answer:

Explanation:

Policy	Value
Account expiration	180 days
Password expiration notification	7 days

NEW QUESTION 252

You are the administrator for Contoso Ltd. All employee mailboxes are hosted in Microsoft Exchange Online. All employees use the contoso.com company domain as their primary SMTP address. Users from partner companies report that the email messages they receive from Contoso are marked as spam. You need to configure DNS to help prevent spam. What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the dialog box in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

On your company's DNS servers do the following:

Create with the value of

Answer:

Explanation: References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn789058\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn789058(v=exchg.150).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 255

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You plan to deploy Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all employees. You need to verify domain ownership. Solution: Add an NS record. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 260

You are an administrator for a company. You are planning an Office 365 pilot. The current environment has servers that run Windows Server 2012. There is no budget to upgrade the servers. You add an external DNS record for Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You must implement a single sign-on (SSO) solution for users to access the Office 365 resources. You must deploy the AD FS components with the following requirements:

- ▶ Loss of a single server must not prevent any authentication request or management function.
- ▶ Users must be able to access the Office 365 environment from their home computers by using their corporate credentials.
- ▶ Any modifications to service configurations must be made after servers are deployed. You need to deploy AD FS.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Answer area

- Deploy an AD FS proxy server in the perimeter network.
- Create an AD FS federation server farm.
- Add an external DNS record that points to the AD FS federation server.
- Deploy multiple AD FS proxies in the perimeter network.
- Deploy an AD FS proxy in the internal network.
- Deploy a Microsoft SQL Server cluster to host the AD FS configuration database.
- Deploy a Microsoft SQL Server instance to host the AD FS configuration database.
- Create an AD FS federation server.



Answer:

Explanation: References:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/canitpro/2015/09/11/step-by-step-setting-up-ad-fs-and-enabling-single-sign->

NEW QUESTION 265

Contoso, Ltd. has an Office 365 tenant. The company has two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows 2012 R2 Server. The servers are not joined to the contoso.com domain. Server2 is deployed to the perimeter network.

You install Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificates on both servers.

You deploy internal and external firewalls. All firewalls allow HTTPS traffic.

You must deploy single sign-on (SSO) and Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You need to install and configure all AD FS components in the environment.

Which four actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Join Server1 and Server2 to the contoso.com domain.

Install and configure AD FS on Server1.

Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet on Server2:
Install-WindowsFeature

Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet on Server2:
Install-WebApplicationProxy

Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet on Server2:
Install-AdfsFarm

Join Server1 to the contoso.com domain.

Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet on Server2:
New-WebApplication

Answer Area

>
<

↑
↓

Answer:

Explanation: All AD FS servers must be domain joined.

References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn554247\(v=ws.11\).aspx#BKMK_4](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn554247(v=ws.11).aspx#BKMK_4)

NEW QUESTION 269

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are the administrator for a company. You plan to use Office 365 for email and file sharing. You plan to implement a hybrid deployment with your current on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) environment and Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect.

You must deploy Microsoft Exchange Online and OneDrive for Business for all employees. You have the following security requirements:

- ▶ All employees must use complex passwords.
- ▶ Passwords must be changed every six months.
- ▶ Employees must use multi-factor authentication (MFA) when possible.

You need to implement MFA verification options to use with the employee's password. Solution: Have the employee receive an SMS text. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: MFA for Office 365 requires users to acknowledge a phone call, text message, or app notification on their smart phones after correctly entering their passwords.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Set-up-multi-factor-authentication-for-Office-365-users-8f0454b2-f51a->

NEW QUESTION 273

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