

Exam Questions 300-410

Implementing Cisco Enterprise Advanced Routing and Services (ENARSI)

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NEW QUESTION 1

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config t
flow record v4_r1
match ipv4 tos
match ipv4 protocol
match ipv4 source address
match ipv4 destination address
match transport source-port
match transport destination-port
collect counter bytes long
collect counter packets long
!
flow exporter EXPORTER-1
destination 172.16.10.2
transport udp 90
exit
!
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
record v4_r1
exit
!
ip cef
!
interface Ethernet0/0.1
ip address 172.16.6.2 255.255.255.0
ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
!
```

Why is the remote NetFlow server failing to receive the NetFlow data?

- A. The flow exporter is configured but is not used.
- B. The flow monitor is applied in the wrong direction.
- C. The flow monitor is applied to the wrong interface.
- D. The destination of the flow exporter is not reachable.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

While working with software images, an engineer observes that Cisco DNA Center cannot upload its software image directly from the device. Why is the image not uploading?

- A. The device must be resynced to Cisco DNA Center.
- B. The software image for the device is in install mode.
- C. The device has lost connectivity to Cisco DNA Center.
- D. The software image for the device is in bundle mode

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

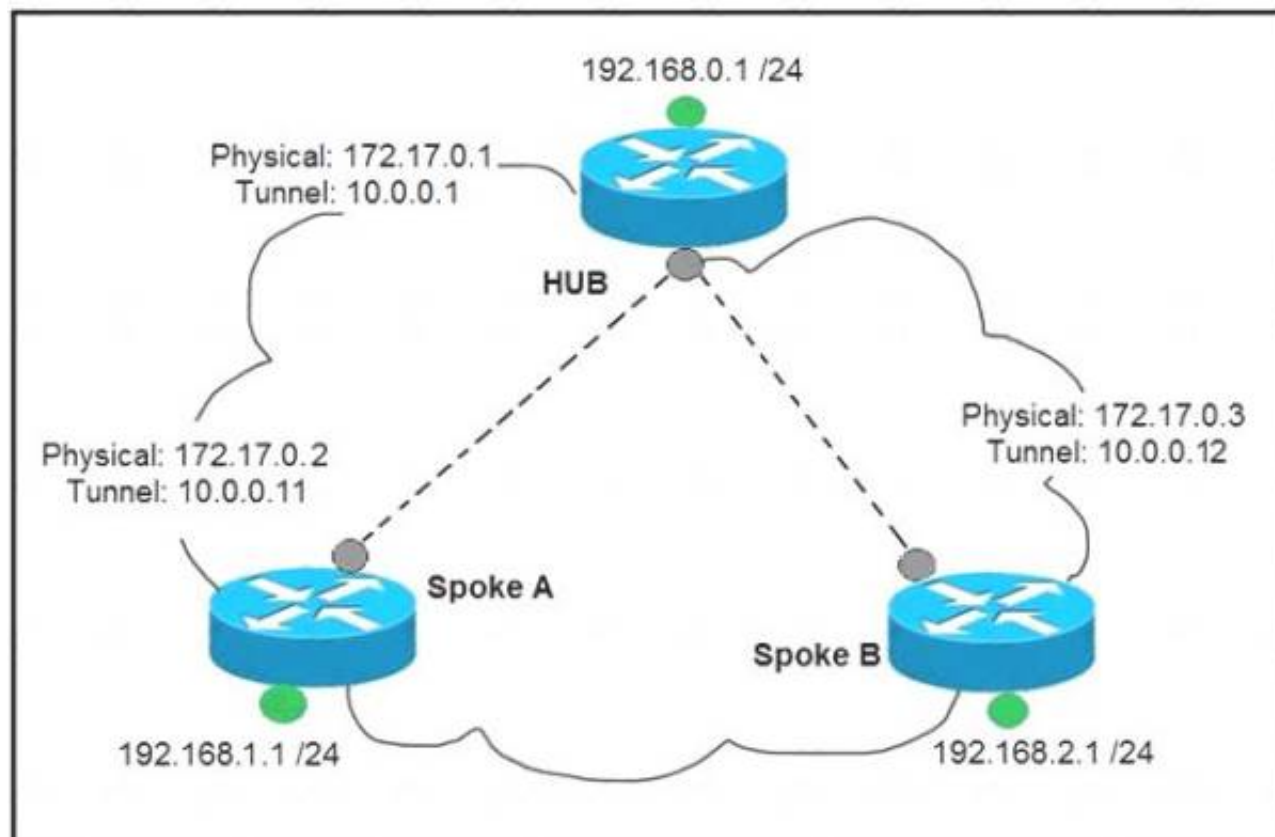
Which configuration enabled the VRF that is labeled "Inet" on FastEthernet0/0?

- A. R1(config)# ip vrf InetR1(config-vrf)#ip vrf FastEthernet0/0
- B. R1(config)#ip vrf Inet FastEthernet0/0
- C. R1(config)# ip vrf InetR1(config-vrf)#interface FastEthernet0/0 R1(config-if)#ip vrf forwarding Inet
- D. R1(config)#router ospf 1 vrf InetR1(config-router)#ip vrf forwarding FastEthernet0/0

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

Refer to the exhibit.



Which interface configuration must be configured on the spoke A router to enable a dynamic DMVPN tunnel with the spoke B router?

- A. **interface Tunnel0**
description mGRE – DMVPN Tunnel
ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp map multicast dynamic
ip nhrp network-id 1
tunnel source 10.0.0.1
tunnel destination FastEthernet 0/0
tunnel mode gre multipoint
- B. **interface Tunnel0**
ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp network-id 1
tunnel source FastEthernet 0/0
tunnel mode gre multipoint
ip nhrp nhs 10.0.0.1
ip nhrp map 10.0.0.1 172.17.0.1
- C. **interface Tunnel0**
ip address 10.1.0.11 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp network-id 1
tunnel source 1.1.1.10
ip nhrp map 10.0.0.11 172.17.0.2
tunnel mode gre
- D. **interface Tunnel0**
ip address 10.0.0.11 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp map multicast static
ip nhrp network-id 1
tunnel source 10.0.0.1
tunnel mode gre multipoint

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

Drag and drop the DHCP messages from the left onto the correct uses on the right.

DHCPACK	server-to-client communication, refusing the request for configuration parameters
DHCPINFORM	client-to-server communication, indicating that the network address is already in use
DHCPNAK	server-to-client communication with configuration parameters, including committed network address
DHCPDECLINE	client-to-server communication, asking for only local configuration parameters that the client has already externally configured as an address

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

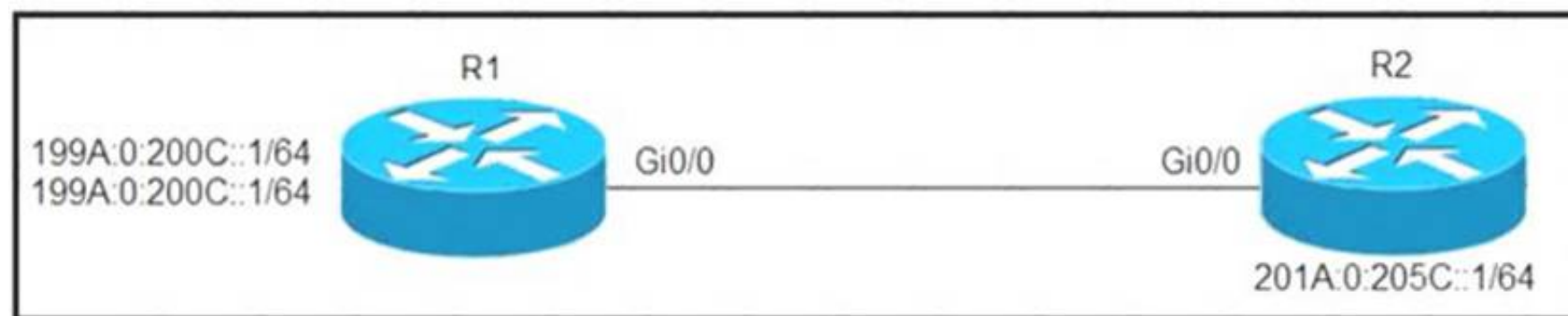
Answer: A

Explanation:

DHCPACK	DHCPNAK
DHCPINFORM	DHCPDECLINE
DHCPNAK	DHCPACK
DHCPDECLINE	DHCPINFORM

NEW QUESTION 6

Refer to the exhibit.



Which configuration denies Telnet traffic to router 2 from 198A:0:200C::1/64?

- A. `ipv6 access-list Deny_Telnet sequence 10 deny tcp host 198A:0:200C::1/64 host 201A:0:205C::1/64 eq telnet`
`!`
`int Gi0/0`
`ipv6 traffic-filter Deny_Telnet in`
`!`
- B. `ipv6 access-list Deny_Telnet sequence 10 deny tcp host 198A:0:200C::1/64 host 201A:0:205C::1/64 eq telnet`
`!`
`int Gi0/0`
`ipv6 access-map Deny_Telnet in`
`!`
- C. `ipv6 access-list Deny_Telnet sequence 10 deny tcp host 198A:0:200C::1/64 host 201A:0:205C::1/64`
`!`
`int Gi0/0`
`ipv6 access-map Deny_Telnet in`
`!`
- D. `ipv6 access-list Deny_Telnet sequence 10 deny tcp host 198A:0:200C::1/64 host 201A:0:205C::1/64`
`!`
`int Gi0/0`
`ipv6 traffic-filter Deny_Telnet in`
`!`

- A. Option A
 B. Option B
 C. Option C
 D. Option D

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

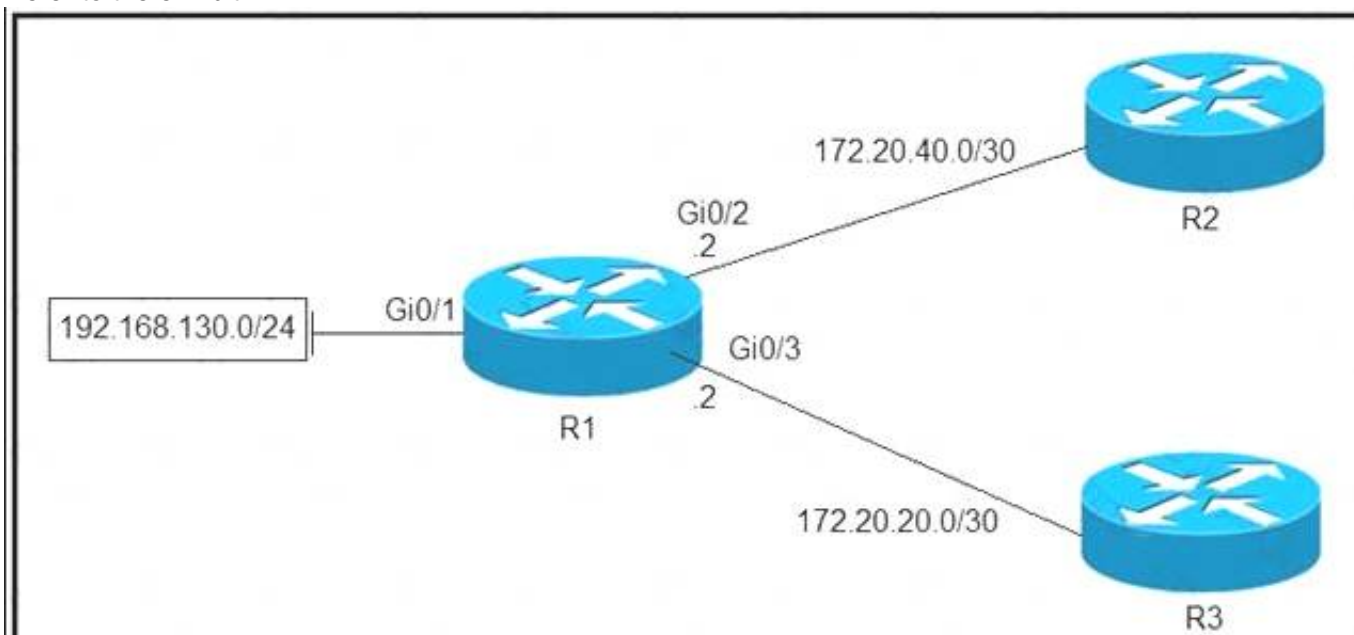
Which configuration adds an IPv4 interface to an OSPFv3 process in OSPFv3 address family configuration?

- A. `router ospfv3 1 address-family ipv4`
 B. `Router(config-router)#ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0`
 C. `Router(config-if)#ospfv3 1 ipv4 area 0`
 D. `router ospfv3 1 address-family ipv4 unicast`

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 8

Refer to the exhibit.



Which configuration configures a policy on R1 to forward any traffic that is sourced from the 192.168.130.0/24 network to R2?

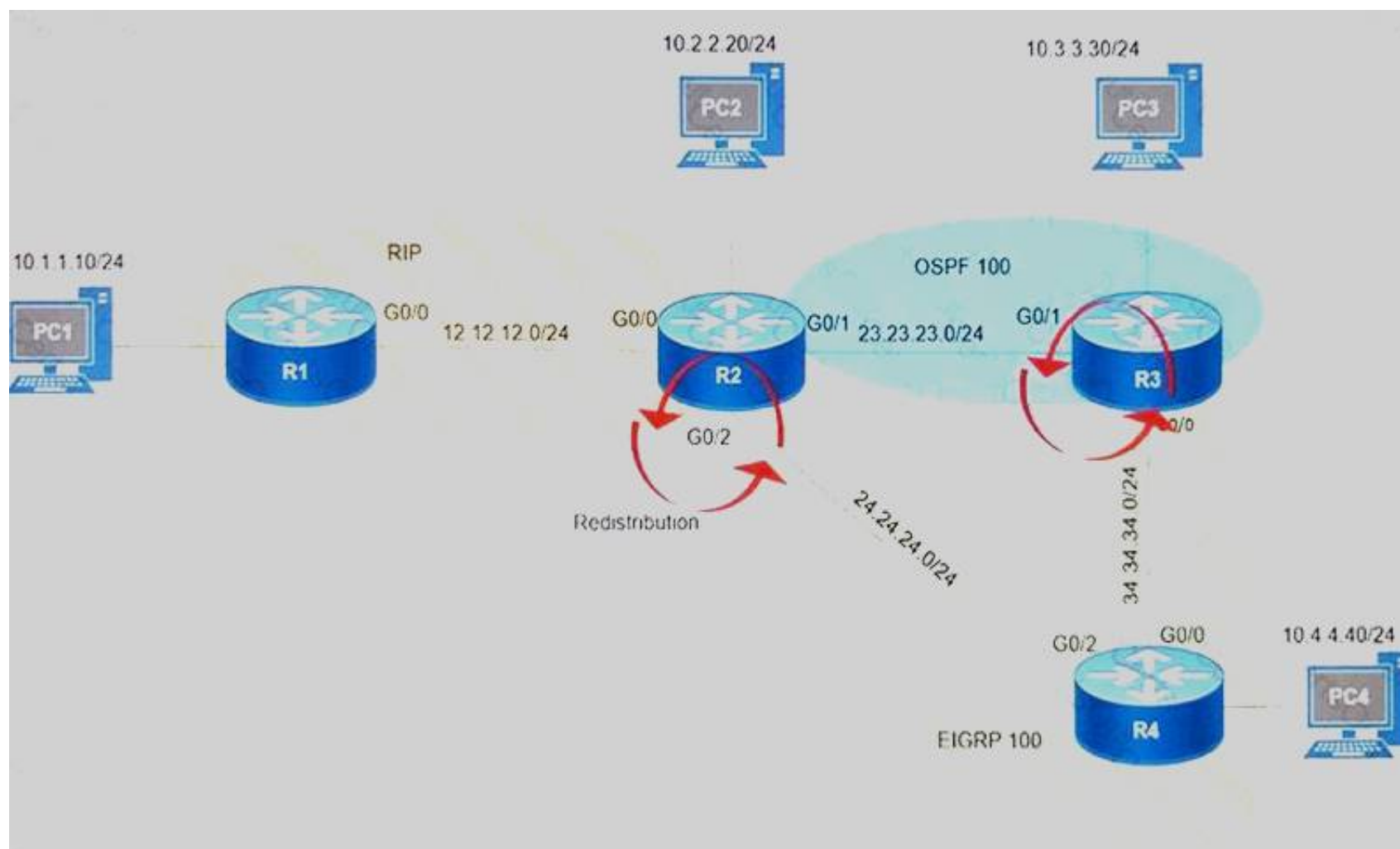
- A. `access-list 1 permit 192.168.130.0 0.0.0.255`
!
`interface Gi0/2`
`ip policy route-map test`
!
`route-map test permit 10`
`match ip address 1`
`set ip next-hop 172.20.20.2`
- B. `access-list 1 permit 192.168.130.0 0.0.0.255`
!
`interface Gi0/1`
`ip policy route-map test`
!
`route-map test permit 10`
`match ip address 1`
`set ip next-hop 172.20.40.2`
- C. `access-list 1 permit 192.168.130.0 0.0.0.255`
!
`interface Gi0/2`
`ip policy route-map test`
!
`route-map test permit 10`
`match ip address 1`
`set ip next-hop 172.20.20.1`
- D. `access-list 1 permit 192.168.130.0 0.0.0.255`
!
`interface Gi0/1`
`ip policy route-map test`
!
`route-map test permit 10`
`match ip address 1`
`set ip next-hop 172.20.40.1`

- A. Option A
B. Option B
C. Option C
D. Option D

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

Refer to the exhibit.



After redistribution is enabled between the routing protocols; PC2, PC3, and PC4 cannot reach PC1. Which action can the engineer take to solve the issue so that all the PCs are reachable?

- A. Set the administrative distance 100 under the RIP process on R2.
- B. Filter the prefix 10.1.1.0/24 when redistributed from OSPF to EIGRP.
- C. Filter the prefix 10.1.1.0/24 when redistributed from RIP to EIGRP.
- D. Redistribute the directly connected interfaces on R2.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

Refer to the exhibit.

```
R1#show policy-map control-plane
Control Plane
  Service-policy input: CoPP-BGP
  Class-map: BGP (match all)
    2716 packets, 172071 bytes
    5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps
    Match: access-group name BGP
    drop

  Class-map: class-default (match-any)
    5212 packets, 655966 bytes
    5 minute offered rate 0000 bps, drop rate 0000 bps
    Match: any
```

What is the result of applying this configuration?

- A. The router can form BGP neighborships with any other device.
- B. The router cannot form BGP neighborships with any other device.
- C. The router cannot form BGP neighborships with any device that is matched by the access list named "BGP".
- D. The router can form BGP neighborships with any device that is matched by the access list named "BGP".

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

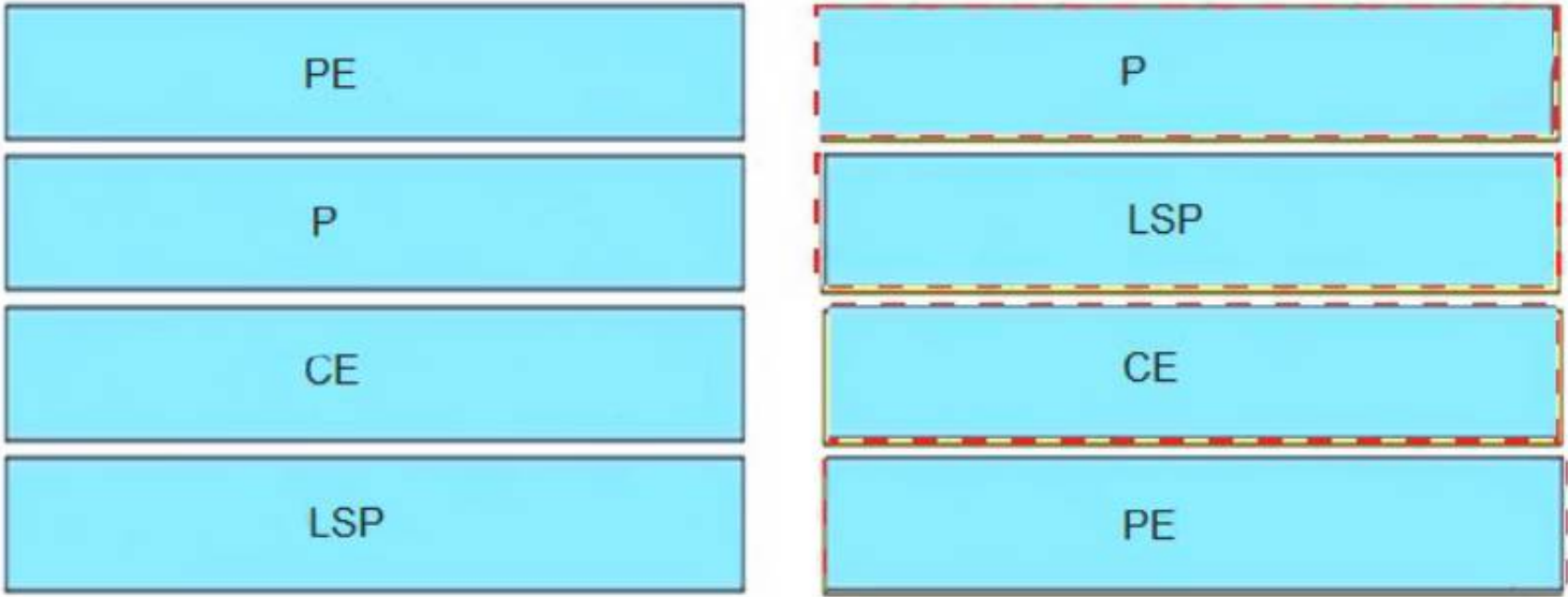
Drag and drop the MPLS terms from the left onto the correct definitions on the right.

PE	device that forwards traffic based on labels
P	path that the labeled packet takes
CE	device that is unaware of MPLS labeling
LSP	device that removes and adds the MPLS labeling

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 15

Refer to the exhibit.

```
access-list 100 deny tcp any any eq 465
access-list 100 deny tcp any eq 465 any
access-list 100 permit tcp any any eq 80
access-list 100 permit tcp any eq 80 any
access-list 100 permit udp any any eq 443
access-list 100 permit udp any eq 443 any
```

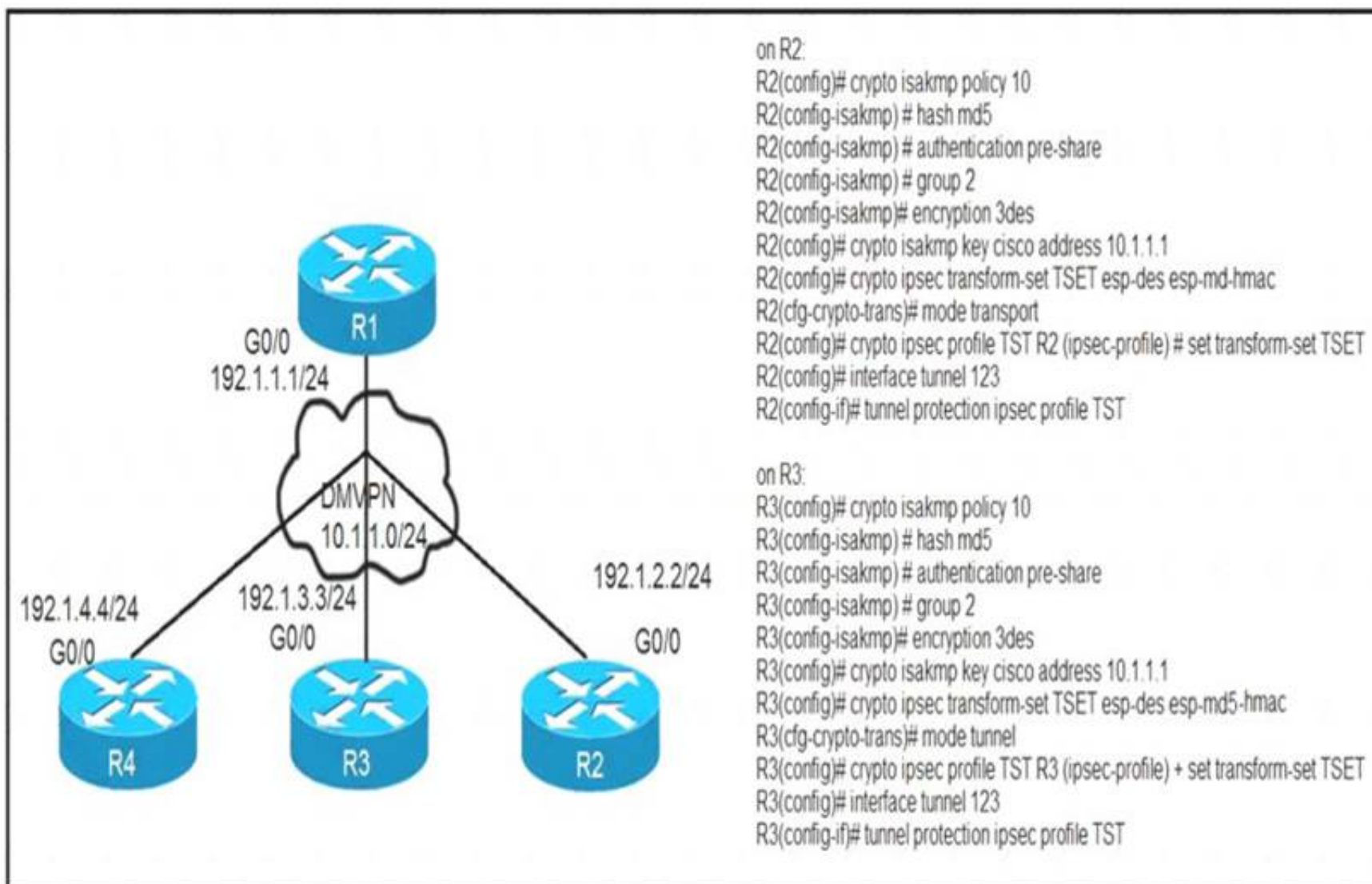
During troubleshooting it was discovered that the device is not reachable using a secure web browser. What is needed to fix the problem?

- A. permit tcp port 443
- B. permit udp port 465
- C. permit tcp port 465
- D. permit tcp port 22

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 18

Refer to the exhibit.



After applying IPsec, the engineer observed that the DMVPN tunnel went down, and both spoke-to-spoke and hub were not establishing. Which two actions resolve the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Change the mode from mode tunnel to mode transport on R3.
- B. Remove the crypto isakmp key cisco address 10.1.1.1 on R2 and R3.
- C. Configure the crypto isakmp key cisco address 192.1.1.1 on R2 and R3.
- D. Configure the crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 on R2 and R3.
- E. Change the mode from mode transport to mode tunnel on R2.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 20

An engineer configured the wrong default gateway for the Cisco DNA Center enterprise interface during the install. Which command must the engineer run to correct the configuration?

- A. sudo maglev-config update
- B. sudo maglev install config update
- C. sudo maglev reinstall
- D. sudo update config install

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 23

Which attribute eliminates LFAs that belong to protected paths in situations where links in a network are connected through a common fiber?

- A. shared risk link group-disjoint
- B. linecard-disjoint
- C. lowest-repair-path-metric
- D. interface-disjoint

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 24

Drag and drop the MPLS VPN concepts from the left onto the correct descriptions on the right.

route distinguisher	propagates VPN reachability information
route target	distributes labels for traffic engineering
Resource Reservation Protocol	uniquely identifies a customer prefix
multiprotocol BGP	controls the import/export of customer prefixes

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

route distinguisher	multiprotocol BGP
route target	Resource Reservation Protocol
Resource Reservation Protocol	route distinguisher
multiprotocol BGP	route target

NEW QUESTION 29

Refer to the exhibit.

```

Router#sh ip route ospf
<output omitted>
Gateway is last resort is not set

    10.0.0.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets
      o E2    10.0.0.0 [110/20] via 192.168.12.2, 00:00:10, Ethernet0/0
      o      192.168.3.0/24 [110/20] via 192.168.12.2, 00:00:50, Ethernet0/0
Router#

Router#show ip bgp
<output omitted>
      Network        Next Hop      Metric      LocPrf      Weight      Path
>*  192.168.1.1/32    0.0.0.0        0           32768       ?
>*  192.168.3.0      192.168.12.2   20          32768       ?
>*  192.168.12.0     0.0.0.0        0           32768       ?
Router#show running-config | section router bgp
router bgp 65000
 bgp log-neighbor-changes
 redistribute ospf 1
Router#

```

An engineer is trying to redistribute OSPF to BGP, but not all of the routes are redistributed. What is the reason for this issue?

- A. By default, only internal routes and external type 1 routes are redistributed into BGP
B. Only classful networks are redistributed from OSPF to BGP

- C. BGP convergence is slow, so the route will eventually be present in the BGP table
- D. By default, only internal OSPF routes are redistributed into BGP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 34

R2 has a locally originated prefix 192.168.130.0/24 and has these configurations:

```
ip prefix-list test seq 5 permit 192.168.130.0/24
!
route-map OUT permit10
match ip address prefix-list test
set as-path prepend 65000
```

What is the result when the route-map OUT command is applied toward an eBGP neighbor R1 (1.1.1.1) by using the neighbor 1.1.1.1 route-map OUT out command?

- A. R1 sees 192.168.130.0/24 as two AS hops away instead of one AS hop away.
- B. R1 does not accept any routes other than 192.168.130.0/24
- C. R1 does not forward traffic that is destined for 192.168.30.0/24
- D. Network 192.168.130.0/24 is not allowed in the R1 table

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 37

Which list defines the contents of an MPLS label?

- A. 20-bit label; 3-bit traffic class; 1-bit bottom stack; 8-bit TTL
- B. 32-bit label; 3-bit traffic class; 1-bit bottom stack; 8-bit TTL
- C. 20-bit label; 3-bit flow label; 1-bit bottom stack; 8-bit hop limit
- D. 32-bit label; 3-bit flow label; 1-bit bottom stack; 8-bit hop limit

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 38

Refer to the exhibit.

```
TAC+: TCP/IP open to 171.68.118.101/49 failed --
Destination unreachable; gateway or host down
AAA/AUTHEN (2546660185): status = ERROR
AAA/AUTHEN/START (2546660185): Method=LOCAL
AAA/AUTHEN (2546660185): status = FAIL
As1 CHAP: Unable to validate Response. Username chapuser: Authentication failure
```

Why is user authentication being rejected?

- A. The TACACS+ server expects "user", but the NT client sends "domain/user".
- B. The TACACS+ server refuses the user because the user is set up for CHAP.
- C. The TACACS+ server is down, and the user is in the local database.
- D. The TACACS+ server is down, and the user is not in the local database.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 42

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