Snowflake

Exam Questions SnowPro-Core

SnowPro Core Certification Exam

NEW QUESTION 1
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which of the following statements is true of Snowflake micro-partitioning?

A. Micro-partitioning has been known to introduce data skew
B. Micro-partitioning: requires a partitioning schema to be defined up front
C. Micro-partitioning is transparently completed using the ordering that occurs when the data is inserted/loaded
D. Micro-partitioning can be disabled within a Snowflake account

Answer: C

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-micropartitions.html

NEW QUESTION 2
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Snowflake bills for a minimum of five minutes each time a Virtual Warehouse is started.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/credits.html

NEW QUESTION 3
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: When a new Snowflake object is created, it is automatically owned by the user who created it.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-overview.html

NEW QUESTION 4
- (Exam Topic 1)
Credit Consumption by the Compute Layer (Virtual Warehouses) is based on: (Choose two.)

A. Number of users
B. Warehouse size
C. Amount of data processed
D. # of clusters for the Warehouse

Answer: BD

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/credits.html#virtual-warehouse-credit-usage "Snowflake credits are charged based on the number of virtual warehouses you use, how long they run, and their size."

NEW QUESTION 5
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: All Snowflake table types include fail-safe storage.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 6
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: A customer using SnowSQL / native connectors will be unable be unable to able to also use the Snowflake Web interface (UI) unless access to the UI is explicitly granted by supported.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/connecting.html

NEW QUESTION 7
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: A single database can exist in more than one Snowflake account.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/ddl-database.html

NEW QUESTION 8
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: A Snowflake account is charged for data stored in both Internal and External Stages.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-storage-considerations.html

NEW QUESTION 9
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which statements are true of micro-partitions? Choose 2 answers

A. They are approximately 16MB in size
B. They are stored compressed only if COMPRESS=TRUE on Table
C. They are Immutable
D. They are only encrypted in the Enterprise edition and above

Answer: AC

Explanation:
Reference: https://medium.com/weareservian/seeing-snow-for-the-first-time-snowflake-adventures-part-1- 731ddc983c69

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Data in Fail-safe can be deleted by a user or the Snowflake team before it expires.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://blog.knoldus.com/ksnow-time-travel-and-fail-safe-in-snowflake/

NEW QUESTION 10
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which of the following are valid Snowflake Virtual Warehouse Scaling Policies? (Choose two.)

A. Custom
B. Economy
C. Optimized
D. Standard

Answer: BD

Explanation:
Reference: https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Snowflake-Visualizing-Warehouse-Performance

NEW QUESTION 11
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Pipes can be suspended and resumed.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-intro.html#pausing-or-resuming-pipes Pausing or Resuming Pipes In addition to the pipe owner, a role that has the following minimum permissions can pause or resume the pipe:

NEW QUESTION 13
- (Exam Topic 1)
How many shares can be consumed by single Data Consumer?

A. 1
B. 10
C. 100, but can be increased by contacting support
D. Unlimited

Answer: D

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-sharing-intro.html

NEW QUESTION 17
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Snowflake's Global Services Layer gathers and maintains statistics on all columns in all micro-partitions.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Snowflake is a single, integrated platform delivered as-a-service. It features storage, compute, and global services layers that are physically separated but logically integrated.

NEW QUESTION 19
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: When data share is established between a Data Provider and a data Consumer, the Data Consumer can extend that data share to other Data Consumers.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-sharing-intro.html

NEW QUESTION 22
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which is true of Snowflake network policies? A Snowflake network policy: (Choose two.)

A. Is available to all Snowflake Editions
B. Is only available to customers with Business Critical Edition
C. Restricts or enables access to specific IP addresses
D. Is activated using an "ALTER DATABASE" command

Answer: AC

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-network-policy.html

NEW QUESTION 27
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: It is possible to load data into Snowflake without creating a named File Format object.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-external-tutorial-create-file-format.html

NEW QUESTION 31
- (Exam Topic 1)
The PUT command: (Choose two.)

A. Automatically creates a File Format object
B. Automatically uses the last Stage created
C. Automatically compresses files using Gzip
D. Automatically encrypts files

Answer: CD

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/put.html

NEW QUESTION 34
- (Exam Topic 1)
What is the recommended Snowflake data type to store semi-structured data like JSON?

A. VARCHAR
B. RAW
C. LOB
D. VARIANT

Answer: D

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/data-types-semistructured.html

NEW QUESTION 36
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which of the following statements are true of Snowflake releases: (Choose two.)

A. They happen approximately weekly
B. They roll up and release approximately monthly, but customers can request early release application
C. During a release, new customer requests/queries/connections transparently move over to the newer version
D. A customer is assigned a 30 minute window (that can be moved anytime within a week) during which thesystem will be unavailable and customer is upgraded

Answer: AC

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-releases.html

NEW QUESTION 41
- (Exam Topic 1)
Select the different types of Internal Stages: (Choose three.)

A. Named Stage
B. User Stage
C. Table Stage
D. Schema Stage

Answer: ABC

Explanation:
Reference: https://dwgeek.com/type-of-snowflake-stages-how-to-create-and-use.html/#Snowflake-Internal- Named-Stage

NEW QUESTION 42
- (Exam Topic 1)
On which of the following cloud platforms can a Snowflake account be hosted? (Choose three.)

A. Amazon Web Services
B. Private Virtual Cloud
C. Oracle Cloud
D. Microsoft Azure Cloud
E. Google Cloud Platform
F. Alibaba Cloud

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 46
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which statement best describes Snowflake tables?

A. Snowflake tables are logical representations of underlying physical data
B. Snowflake tables ate the physical instantiation of data loaded Into Snowflake
C. Snowflake tables require that clustering keys be defined to perform optimally
D. Snowflake tables are owned by a user

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-micro-partitions.html

NEW QUESTION 50
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: When a user creates a role, they are initially assigned ownership of the role and they maintain ownership until it is transferred to another user.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-overview.html

NEW QUESTION 53
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Once created, a micro-partition will never be changed.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://interworks.com/blog/kbridges/2019/03/12/time-travel-with-snowflake/

NEW QUESTION 58
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which formats are supported for unloading data from Snowflake? Choose 2 answers

A. Delimited (CSV, TSV, etc.)
B. Avro
C. JSON
D. ORC

Answer: AC

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-prepare.html

NEW QUESTION 59
- (Exam Topic 1)
To run a Multi-Cluster Warehouse in auto-scale mode, a user would:

A. Configure the Maximum Clusters setting to "Auto-Scale"
B. Set the Warehouse type to "Auto"
C. Set the Minimum Clusters and Maximum Clusters settings to the same value
D. Set the Minimum Clusters and Maximum Clusters settings to the different values

Answer: D

Explanation:
Reference: https://help.pentaho.com/Documentation/9.1/Products/Modify_Snowflake_warehouse

NEW QUESTION 61
- (Exam Topic 1)
which of the following are valid approaches to loading data into a snowflake table? select all the below that apply.

A. Bulk copy from an External Stage
B. Continuous load using Snowpipe REST API
C. The Snowflake Web Interface (UT) data loading wizard
D. Bulk copy from an Internal Stage

Answer: ABC

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-overview.html

NEW QUESTION 64
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: The COPY command must specify a File Format in order to execute.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
 Create Stage:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-stage.html Create Table (STAGE_FILE_FORMAT option): https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-table.html Copy Into:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/copy-into-table.html

NEW QUESTION 65
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Snowpipe via RFST API can only reference External Stages as source.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default

NEW QUESTION 67
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: You can define multiple columns within a clustering key on a table.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/tables-clustering-keys.html

NEW QUESTION 70
- (Exam Topic 1)
Which of the following connectors are available in the Downloads section of the Snowflake web Interface (UI)?
Choose 2 answers

A. SnowSQL
B. ODBC
C. R
D. HIVE

Answer: AB

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/connecting.html

NEW QUESTION 74
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Query ID's are unique across all Snowflake deployments and can be used in communication with Snowflake Support to help troubleshoot issues.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 78
- (Exam Topic 1)
True or False: Data Providers can share data with only the Data Consumer.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 79
- (Exam Topic 1)
What privileges are required to execute a task?

A. To execute a task, you need the EXECUTE TASK.
B. A task is an account-level object and can only be executed by the Account Admin role.
C. Tasks run automatically and do run under any rote.
D. Tasks are stored in a special database called the utility database and require EXECUTE TASK privilege in the utility database.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 83
- (Exam Topic 1)
How would you execute a series of SQL statements using Task?

A. include the SQL statements in the body of the task create task mytask.. as insert into target1 select., from stream_s1 where ..INSERT INTO target2 SELECT .. FROM stream .s1 where ..
B. A stored procedure can have only one DML statement per stored procedure invocation and therefore you should sequence stored procedures calls in the task definition CREATE TASK mytask.... AS call stored_prc1(); call stored_proc2t);

C. A stored procedure executing multiple SQL statements and invoke the stored procedure from the task.CREATE TASK mytask.... AS callstored_proc_multiple_statements_inside():
D. Create a task for each SQL statement (e.
E. resulting in task1. task2, etc) and string the series of SQL statements by having a control task calling task 1, task 2 sequentially.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 88
- (Exam Topic 1)
What command is used to load files into an Internal Stage within Snowflake? Select one.

A. PUT
B. COPY INTO
C. TRANSFER
D. INSERT

Answer: A

Explanation:
You must specify an internal stage in the PUT command
when uploading files to Snowflake. You must
specify the same stage in the COPY INTO <table> command when loading data into a table from the staged files.

NEW QUESTION 90
- (Exam Topic 1)
What happens when a Data Provider revokes privileges to a Share on an object in their source database?

A. The object immediately becomes unavailable for all Data Consumers
B. Any additional data arriving after this point in time will not be visible to Data Consumers
C. The Data Consumers stop seeing data updates and become responsible for storage charges for the object
D. A static copy of the object at the time the privilege was revoked is created In the Data Consumers' accounts

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 94
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which of the following Snowflake features provide continuous data protection automatically? (Select TWO).

A. Internal stages
B. Incremental backups
C. Time Travel
D. Zero-copy clones
E. Fail-safe

Answer: CE

Explanation:
Time travel and fail safe are the two continuous data protection features support the recovery of data automatically.
Snowflake provides powerful CDP features for ensuring the maintenance and availability of your historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted):
➤ Querying, cloning, and restoring historical data in tables, schemas, and databases for up to 90 days through Snowflake Time Travel.
➤ Disaster recovery of historical data (by Snowflake) through Snowflake Fail-safe. https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-availability.html

NEW QUESTION 98
- (Exam Topic 2)
True or False: Reader Accounts are able to extract data from shared data objects for use outside of Snowflake.

A. True
B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 102
- (Exam Topic 2)
In which scenarios would a user have to pay Cloud Services costs? (Select TWO).

A. Compute Credits = 50 Credits Cloud Services = 10
B. Compute Credits = 80 Credits Cloud Services = 5
C. Compute Credits = 10 Credits Cloud Services = 9
D. Compute Credits = 120 Credits Cloud Services = 10
E. Compute Credits = 200 Credits Cloud Services = 26

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 103
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is a machine learning and data science partner within the Snowflake Partner Ecosystem?

A. Informatica
B. Power BI
C. Adobe
D. Data Robot

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/ecosystem-analytics.html

NEW QUESTION 107
- (Exam Topic 2)
What happens when an external or an internal stage is dropped? (Select TWO).

A. When dropping an external stage, the files are not removed and only the stage is dropped
B. When dropping an external stage, both the stage and the files within the stage are removed
C. When dropping an internal stage, the files are deleted with the stage and the files are recoverable
D. When dropping an internal stage, the files are deleted with the stage and the files are not recoverable
E. When dropping an internal stage, only selected files are deleted with the stage and are not recoverable

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 110
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is a responsibility of Snowflake's virtual warehouses?

A. Infrastructure management
B. Metadata management
C. Query execution
D. Query parsing and optimization
E. Management of the storage layer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 111
- (Exam Topic 2)
What features does Snowflake Time Travel enable?

A. Querying data-related objects that were created within the past 365 days
B. Restoring data-related objects that have been deleted within the past 90 days
C. Conducting point-in-time analysis for BI reporting
D. Analyzing data usage/manipulation over all periods of time

Answer: B

Explanation:
Snowflake Time Travel enables accessing historical data (i.e. data that has been changed or deleted) at any point within a defined period. It serves as a powerful tool for performing the following tasks:
≫ Restoring data-related objects (tables, schemas, and databases) that might have been accidentally or intentionally deleted.
≫ Duplicating and backing up data from key points in the past.
≫ Analyzing data usage/manipulation over specified periods of time.
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-time-travel.html

NEW QUESTION 113
- (Exam Topic 2)
In which use cases does Snowflake apply egress charges?

A. Data sharing within a specific region
B. Query result retrieval
C. Database replication
D. Loading data into Snowflake

Answer: A

Explanation:
Cloud providers apply data egress
charges in either of the following use cases:
≫ Data is transferred from one region to another within the same cloud platform.
≫ Data is transferred out of the cloud platform.
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/billing-data-transfer.html#:~:text=Cloud%20providers%20apply%20d

NEW QUESTION 118
- (Exam Topic 2)
A sales table FCT_SALES has 100 million records. The following Query was executed
SELECT COUNT (1) FROM FCT___SALES;
How did Snowflake fulfill this query?

A. Query against the result set cache
B. Query against a virtual warehouse cache
C. Query against the most-recently created micro-partition
D. Query against the metadata excite

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 122
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which Snowflake objects track DML changes made to tables, like inserts, updates, and deletes?

A. Pipes
B. Streams
C. Tasks
D. Procedures

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://dataterrain.com/how-to-change-tracking-using-table-streams-in-snowflake/#:~:text=A%20stream%20is%

NEW QUESTION 125
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is the MOST performant file format for loading data in Snowflake?

A. CSV (Unzipped)
B. Parquet
C. CSV (Gzipped)
D. ORC

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 126
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which semi-structured file formats are supported when unloading data from a table? (Select TWO).

A. ORC
B. XML
C. Avro
D. Parquet
E. JSON

Answer: DE

Explanation:
 Semi-structured JSON, Parquet
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-unload-prepare.html#:~:text=Supported%20File%20Formats,-Th

NEW QUESTION 129
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which stage type can be altered and dropped?

A. Database stage
B. External stage
C. Table stage
D. User stage

Answer: C

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-local-file-system-create-stage.html#table-stages

NEW QUESTION 130
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which command can be used to load data into an internal stage?

A. LOAD
B. copy
C. GET
D. PUT

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://medium.com/@divyanshsaxenaofficial/snowflake-loading-unloading-of-data-part-1-internal-stages-7121

NEW QUESTION 135
- (Exam Topic 2)
What happens when a virtual warehouse is resized?

A. When increasing the size of an active warehouse the compute resource for all running and queued queries on the warehouse are affected
B. When reducing the size of a warehouse the compute resources are removed only when they are nolonger being used to execute any current statements.
C. The warehouse will be suspended while the new compute resource is provisioned and will resume automatically once provisioning is complete.
D. Users who are trying to use the warehouse will receive an error message until the resizing is complete

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 137
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which command can be used to stage local files from which Snowflake interface?

A. SnowSQL
B. Snowflake classic web interface (UI)
C. Snowsight
D. .NET driver

Answer: A

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/snowsql-use.html

NEW QUESTION 142
- (Exam Topic 2)
A user has an application that writes a new Tile to a cloud storage location every 5 minutes. What would be the MOST efficient way to get the files into Snowflake?

A. Create a task that runs a copy into operation from an external stage every 5 minutes
B. Create a task that puts the files in an internal stage and automate the data loading wizard
C. Create a task that runs a GET operation to intermittently check for new files
D. Set up cloud provider notifications on the Tile location and use Snowpipe with auto-ingest

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-snowpipe-intro.html

NEW QUESTION 144
- (Exam Topic 2)
True or False: Fail-safe can be disabled within a Snowflake account.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-failsafe.html
Separate and distinct from Time Travel, Fail-safe ensures historical data is protected in the event of a system failure or other catastrophic event, e.g. a hardware failure or security breach. Fail safe feature cannot be enabled or disabled from the user end .

NEW QUESTION 147
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is the default character set used when loading CSV files into Snowflake?

A. UTF-8
B. UTF-16
C. ISO S859-1
D. ANSI_X3.A

Answer: A

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-summary-loading.html#:~:text=For%20delimited%20files%20(For delimited files (CSV, TSV, etc.), the default character set is UTF-8. To use any other characters sets, you must explicitly specify the encoding to use for loading. For the list of supported character sets, see Supported Character Sets for Delimited Files (in this topic).

NEW QUESTION 148
- (Exam Topic 2)
True or False: When you create a custom role, it is a best practice to immediately grant that role to ACCOUNTADMIN.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-access-control-considerations.html

NEW QUESTION 151
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which of the following describes how clustering keys work in Snowflake?

A. Clustering keys update the micro-partitions in place with a full sort, and impact the DML operations.
B. Clustering keys sort the designated columns over time, without blocking DML operations
C. Clustering keys create a distributed, parallel data structure of pointers to a table's rows and columns
D. Clustering keys establish a hashed key on each node of a virtual warehouse to optimize joins at run-time

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 152
- (Exam Topic 2)
Which is the MINIMUM required Snowflake edition that a user must have if they want to use AWS/Azure Privatelink or Google Cloud Private Service Connect?

A. Standard
B. Premium
C. Enterprise
D. Business Critical

Answer: D

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/privatelink-azure.html

NEW QUESTION 154
- (Exam Topic 2)
A user is loading JSON documents composed of a huge array containing multiple records into Snowflake. The user enables the strip outer_array file format option
What does the STRIP_OUTER_ARRAY file format do?

A. It removes the last element of the outer array.
B. It removes the outer array structure and loads the records into separate table rows,
C. It removes the trailing spaces in the last element of the outer array and loads the records into separate table columns
D. It removes the NULL elements from the JSON object eliminating invalid data and enables the ability to load the records

Answer: B

Explanation:
Data Size Limitations
The VARIANT data type imposes a 16 MB size limit on individual rows.
For some semi-structured data formats (e.g. JSON), data sets are frequently a simple concatenation of multiple documents. The JSON output from some software is composed of a single huge array containing multiple records. There is no need to separate the documents with line breaks or commas, though both are supported.
If the data exceeds 16 MB, enable the STRIP_OUTER_ARRAY file format option for the COPY INTO
<table> command to remove the outer array structure and load the records into separate table rows:
copy into <table> from @~/<file>.json
file_format = (type = 'JSON' strip_outer_array = true); https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/semistructured-considerations.html

NEW QUESTION 155
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is a limitation of a Materialized View?

A. A Materialized View cannot support any aggregate functions
B. A Materialized View can only reference up to two tables
C. A Materialized View cannot be joined with other tables
D. A Materialized View cannot be defined with a JOIN

Answer: D

Explanation:
There are several limitations to using materialized views:
➢ A materialized view can query only a single table.
➢ Joins, including self-joins, are not supported.

NEW QUESTION 156
- (Exam Topic 2)
A user needs to create a materialized view in the schema MYDB.MYSCHEMA. Which statements will provide this access?

A. GRANT ROLE MYROLE TO USER USER1;CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA MYDB.MYSCHEMA TO ROLE MYROLE;
B. GRANT ROLE MYROLE TO USER USER1;CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA MYDB.MYSCHEMA TO USER USER1;
C. GRANT ROLE MYROLE TO USER USER1;CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA MYDB.MYSCHEMA TO USER1;
D. GRANT ROLE MYROLE TO USER USER1;CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW ON SCHEMA MYDB.MYSCHEMA TO MYROLE;

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 158
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is the minimum Snowflake edition required to create a materialized view?

A. Standard Edition
B. Enterprise Edition
C. Business Critical Edition
D. Virtual Private Snowflake Edition

Answer: B

Explanation:
Materialized views require Enterprise Edition. To inquire about upgrading, please contact Snowflake Support
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/sql-reference/sql/create-materialized-view.html#:~:text=Materialized%20views%

NEW QUESTION 159
- (Exam Topic 2)
What Snowflake features allow virtual warehouses to handle high concurrency workloads? (Select TWO)

A. The ability to scale up warehouses
B. The use of warehouse auto scaling
C. The ability to resize warehouses
D. Use of multi-clustered warehouses
E. The use of warehouse indexing

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 161
- (Exam Topic 2)
A company strongly encourages all Snowflake users to self-enroll in Snowflake's default Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) service to provide increased login security for users connecting to Snowflake.
Which application will the Snowflake users need to install on their devices in order to connect with MFA?

A. Okta Verify
B. Duo Mobile
C. Microsoft Authenticator
D. Google Authenticator

Answer: B

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/security-mfa.html

NEW QUESTION 164
- (Exam Topic 2)
What is a key feature of Snowflake architecture?

A. Zero-copy cloning creates a mirror copy of a database that updates with the original
B. Software updates are automatically applied on a quarterly basis
C. Snowflake eliminates resource contention with its virtual warehouse implementation
D. Multi-cluster warehouses allow users to run a query that spans across multiple clusters
E. Snowflake automatically sorts DATE columns during ingest for fast retrieval by date

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 167
- (Exam Topic 2)
In the query profiler view for a query, which components represent areas that can be used to help optimize query performance? (Select TWO)

A. Bytes scanned
B. Bytes sent over the network
C. Number of partitions scanned
D. Percentage scanned from cache
E. External bytes scanned

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 169
- (Exam Topic 2)
What are two ways to create and manage Data Shares in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

A. Via the Snowflake Web Interface (UI)
B. Via the data_share=true parameter
C. Via SQL commands
D. Via Virtual Warehouses

Answer:

AC

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-sharing-provider.html

NEW QUESTION 171
- (Exam Topic 3)
Where is Snowflake metadata stored?

A. Within the data files
B. In the virtual warehouse layer
C. In the cloud services layer
D. In the remote storage layer

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/querying-metadata.html#:~:text=Snowflake%20automatically%20gen

NEW QUESTION 174
- (Exam Topic 3)
When cloning a database, what is cloned with the database? (Choose two.)

A. Privileges on the database
B. Existing child objects within the database
C. Future child objects within the database
D. Privileges on the schemas within the database
E. Only schemas and tables within the database

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 177
- (Exam Topic 3)
A single user of a virtual warehouse has set the warehouse to auto-resume and auto-suspend after 10 minutes. The warehouse is currently suspended and the user performs the following actions:
* 1. Runs a query that takes 3 minutes to complete
* 2. Leaves for 15 minutes
* 3. Returns and runs a query that takes 10 seconds to complete
* 4. Manually suspends the warehouse as soon as the last query was completed
When the user returns, how much billable compute time will have been consumed?

A. 4 minutes
B. 10 minutes
C. 14 minutes
D. 24 minutes

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 182
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which Snowflake function will interpret an input string as a JSON document, and produce a VARIANT value?

A. parse_json()
B. json_extract_path_text()
C. object_construct()
D. flatten

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 183
- (Exam Topic 3)
What are the responsibilities of Snowflake's Cloud Service layer? (Choose three.)

A. Authentication
B. Resource management
C. Virtual warehouse caching
D. Query parsing and optimization
E. Query execution
F. Physical storage of micro-partitions

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 187
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the minimum Snowflake edition that has column-level security enabled?

A. Standard
B. Enterprise
C. Business Critical
D. Virtual Private Snowflake

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 188
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following is the Snowflake Account_Usage.Metering_History view used for?

A. Gathering the hourly credit usage for an account
B. Compiling an account's average cloud services cost over the previous month
C. Summarizing the throughput of Snowpipe costs for an account
D. Calculating the funds left on an account's contract

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 190
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which statements are true concerning Snowflake's underlying cloud infrastructure? (Select THREE),

A. Snowflake data and services are deployed in a single availability zone within a cloud provider's region.
B. Snowflake data and services are available in a single cloud provider and a single region, the use of multiple cloud providers is not supported.
C. Snowflake can be deployed in a customer's private cloud using the customer's own compute and storage resources for Snowflake compute and storage
D. Snowflake uses the core compute and storage services of each cloud provider for its own compute and storage
E. All three layers of Snowflake's architecture (storage, compute, and cloud services) are deployed and managed entirely on a selected cloud platform
F. Snowflake data and services are deployed in at least three availability zones within a cloud provider's region

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 191
- (Exam Topic 3)
Where can a user find and review the failed logins of a specific user for the past 30 days?

A. The USERS view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
B. The LOGIN_HISTORY view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
C. The ACCESS_HISTORY view in ACCOUNT_USAGE
D. The SESSIONS view in ACCOUNT_USAGE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 192
- (Exam Topic 3)
How often are the Account and Table master keys automatically rotated by Snowflake?

A. 30 Days
B. 60 Days
C. 90 Days
D. 365 Days.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 194
- (Exam Topic 3)
The following JSON is stored in a VARIANT column called src of the CAR_SALES table:

```
{
   "customer": [
      {
         "address": San Francisco, CA",
         "name": "Jane Doe"
      }
   ],
   "date":  "2022-01-28",
   "dealership": "Town Auto Sales",
   "salesperson": {
      "id": "55"
   }
}
```

A user needs to extract the dealership information from the JSON. How can this be accomplished?

A. select src:dealership from car_sales;
B. select src.dealership from car_sales;
C. select src:Dealership from car_sales;
D. select dealership from car_sales;

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 199
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the MINIMUM edition of Snowflake that is required to use a SCIM security integration?

A. Business Critical Edition
B. Standard Edition
C. Virtual Private Snowflake (VPS)
D. Enterprise Edition

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 202
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which data type can store more than one type of data structure?

A. JSON
B. BINARY
C. VARCHAR
D. VARIANT

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 207
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which query profile statistics help determine if efficient pruning is occurring? (Choose two.)

A. Bytes sent over network
B. Percentage scanned from cache
C. Partitions total
D. Bytes spilled to local storage
E. Partitions scanned

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 211
- (Exam Topic 3)
Credit charges for Snowflake virtual warehouses are calculated based on which of the following considerations? (Choose two.)

A. The number of queries executed
B. The number of active users assigned to the warehouse
C. The size of the virtual warehouse
D. The length of time the warehouse is running
E. The duration of the queries that are executed

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 214
- (Exam Topic 3)
If 3 size Small virtual warehouse is made up of two servers, how many servers make up a Large warehouse?

A. 4
B. 8
C. 16
D. 32

Answer: B

Explanation:
Size specifies the amount of compute resources available per cluster in a warehouse. Snowflake supports the following warehouse sizes:

Warehouse Size	Credits / Hour	Credits / Second	Notes
X-Small	1	0.0003	Default size for warehouses created using CREATE WAREHOUSE.
Small	2	0.0006	
Medium	4	0.0011	
Large	8	0.0022	
X-Large	16	0.0044	Default for warehouses created in the web interface.
2X-Large	32	0.0089	
3X-Large	64	0.0178	
4X-Large	128	0.0356	
5X-Large	256	0.0711	Preview feature.
6X-Large	512	0.1422	Preview feature.

https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-overview.html

NEW QUESTION 218
- (Exam Topic 3)
How can a row access policy be applied to a table or a view? (Choose two.)

A. Within the policy DDL
B. Within the create table or create view DDL
C. By future APPLY for all objects in a schema
D. Within a control table
E. Using the command ALTER <object> ADD ROW ACCESS POLICY <policy>;

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 221
- (Exam Topic 3)
Query parsing and compilation occurs in which architecture layer of the Snowflake Cloud Data Platform?

A. Cloud services layer
B. Compute layer
C. Storage layer
D. Cloud agnostic layer

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://www.projectpro.io/article/snowflake-architecture-what-does-snowflake-do/556

NEW QUESTION 224
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following are characteristics of security in Snowflake?

A. Account and user authentication is only available with the Snowflake Business Critical edition.
B. Support for HIPAA and GDPR compliance is available for UI Snowflake editions.
C. Periodic rekeying of encrypted data is available with the Snowflake Enterprise edition and higher
D. Private communication to internal stages is allowed in the Snowflake Enterprise edition and higher.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 228
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the purpose of multi-cluster virtual warehouses?

A. To create separate data warehouses to increase query optimization
B. To allow users the ability to choose the type of compute nodes that make up a virtual warehouse cluster
C. To eliminate or reduce Queuing of concurrent queries
D. To allow the warehouse to resize automatically

Answer: C

Explanation:
https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-multicluster.html#:~:text=Multi%2Dcluster%20warehous

NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the following SQL command used for? Select * from table(validate(t1, job_id => '_last'));

A. To validate external table files in table t1 across all sessions
B. To validate task SQL statements against table t1 in the last 14 days
C. To validate a file for errors before it gets executed using a COPY command
D. To return errors from the last executed COPY command into table t1 in the current session

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 231
- (Exam Topic 3)
When publishing a Snowflake Data Marketplace listing into a remote region what should be taken into consideration? (Choose two.)

A. There is no need to have a Snowflake account in the target region, a share will be created for each user.
B. The listing is replicated into all selected regions automatically, the data is not.
C. The user must have the ORGADMIN role available in at least one account to link accounts for replication.
D. Shares attached to listings in remote regions can be viewed from any account in an organization.
E. For a standard listing the user can wait until the first customer requests the data before replicating it to the target region.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 232
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which statement describes pruning?

A. The filtering or disregarding of micro-partitions that are not needed to return a query.
B. The return of micro-partitions values that overlap with each other to reduce a query's runtime.
C. A service that is handled by the Snowflake Cloud Services layer to optimize caching.
D. The ability to allow the result of a query to be accessed as if it were a table.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 234
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following is a data tokenization integration partner?

A. Protegrity
B. Tableau
C. DBeaver
D. SAP

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 237
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which tasks are performed in the Snowflake Cloud Services layer? (Choose two.)

A. Management of metadata
B. Computing the data
C. Maintaining Availability Zones
D. Infrastructure security
E. Parsing and optimizing queries

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 239
- (Exam Topic 3)
User INQUISITIVE_PERSON has been granted the role DATA_SCIENCE. The role DATA_SCIENCE has privileges OWNERSHIP on the schema MARKETING of the database ANALYTICS_DW.
Which command will show all privileges granted to that schema?

A. SHOW GRANTS ON ROLE DATA_SCIENCE
B. SHOW GRANTS ON SCHEMA ANALYTICS_DW.MARKETING
C. SHOW GRANTS TO USER INQUISITIVE_PERSON
D. SHOW GRANTS OF ROLE DATA_SCIENCE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 244
- (Exam Topic 3)
A Snowflake user executed a query and received the results. Another user executed the same query 4 hours later. The data had not changed.
What will occur?

A. No virtual warehouse will be used, data will be read from the result cache.
B. No virtual warehouse will be used, data will be read from the local disk cache.
C. The default virtual warehouse will be used to read all data.

D. The virtual warehouse that is defined at the session level will be used to read all data.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 248
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following accurately describes shares?

A. Tables, secure views, and secure UDFs can be shared
B. Shares can be shared
C. Data consumers can clone a new table from a share
D. Access to a share cannot be revoked once granted

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 250
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which Snowflake SQL statement would be used to determine which users and roles have access to a role called MY_ROLE?

A. SHOW GRANTS OF ROLE MY_ROLE
B. SHOW GRANTS TO ROLE MY_ROLE
C. SHOW GRANTS FOR ROLE MY_ROLE
D. SHOW GRANTS ON ROLE MY_ROLE

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 251
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the minimum Snowflake edition needed for database failover and fail-back between Snowflake accounts for business continuity and disaster recovery?

A. Standard
B. Enterprise
C. Business Critical
D. Virtual Private Snowflake

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 253
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the default file size when unloading data from Snowflake using the COPY command?

A. 5 MB
B. 8 GB
C. 16 MB
D. 32 MB

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 256
- (Exam Topic 3)
A user has a standard multi-cluster warehouse auto-scaling policy in place. Which condition will trigger a cluster to shut-down?

A. When after 2-3 consecutive checks the system determines that the load on the most-loaded cluster could be redistributed.
B. When after 5-6 consecutive checks the system determines that the load on the most-loaded cluster could be redistributed.
C. When after 5-6 consecutive checks the system determines that the load on the least-loaded cluster could be redistributed.
D. When after 2-3 consecutive checks the system determines that the load on the least-loaded cluster could be redistributed.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 260
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which minimum Snowflake edition allows for a dedicated metadata store?

A. Standard
B. Enterprise
C. Business Critical
D. Virtual Private Snowflake

Answer: D

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/intro-editions.html

NEW QUESTION 263
- (Exam Topic 3)

What do the terms scale up and scale out refer to in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

A. Scaling out adds clusters of the same size to a virtual warehouse to handle more concurrent queries.
B. Scaling out adds clusters of varying sizes to a virtual warehouse.
C. Scaling out adds additional database servers to an existing running cluster to handle more concurrent queries.
D. Snowflake recommends using both scaling up and scaling out to handle more concurrent queries.
E. Scaling up resizes a virtual warehouse so it can handle more complex workloads.
F. Scaling up adds additional database servers to an existing running cluster to handle larger workloads.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 268
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which privilege must be granted to a share to allow secure views the ability to reference data in multiple databases?

A. CREATE_SHARE on the account
B. SHARE on databases and schemas
C. SELECT on tables used by the secure view
D. REFERENCE_USAGE on databases

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 271
- (Exam Topic 3)
Users are responsible for data storage costs until what occurs?

A. Data expires from Time Travel
B. Data expires from Fail-safe
C. Data is deleted from a table
D. Data is truncated from a table

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 276
- (Exam Topic 3)
Files have been uploaded to a Snowflake internal stage. The files now need to be deleted. Which SQL command should be used to delete the files?

A. PURGE
B. MODIFY
C. REMOVE
D. DELETE

Answer: D

Explanation:
Reference:
https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/sql-tutorial/delete-in-sql#:~:text=The%20Delete%20command%20in%20

NEW QUESTION 281
- (Exam Topic 3)
In an auto-scaling multi-cluster virtual warehouse with the setting SCALING_POLICY = ECONOMY enabled, when is another cluster started?

A. When the system has enough load for 2 minutes
B. When the system has enough load for 6 minutes
C. When the system has enough load for 8 minutes
D. When the system has enough load for 10 minutes

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 282
- (Exam Topic 3)
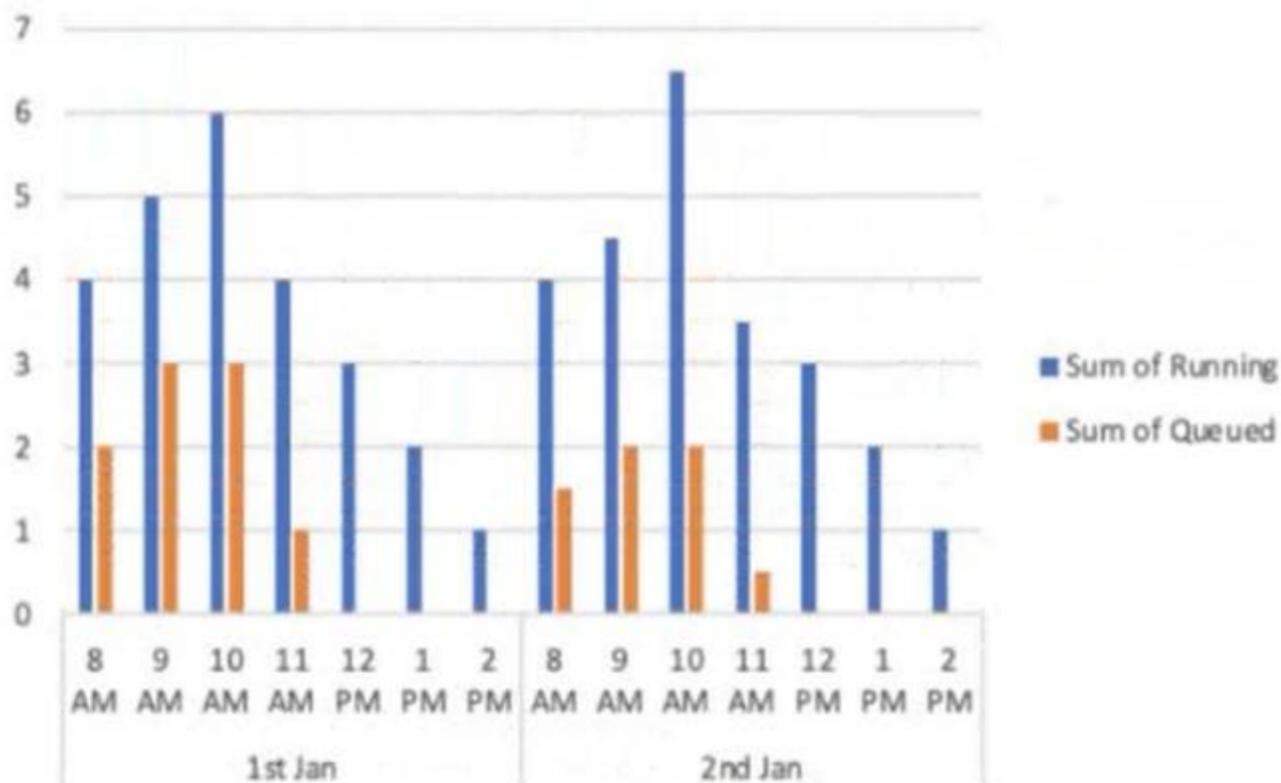A virtual warehouse is created using the following command:
Create warehouse my_WH with warehouse_size = MEDIUM min_cluster_count = 1
max_cluster_count = 1
auto_suspend = 60 auto_resume = true;
The image below is a graphical representation of the warehouse utilization across two days.

What action should be taken to address this situation?

A. Increase the warehouse size from Medium to 2XL.
B. Increase the value for the parameter MAX_CONCURRENCY_LEVEL.
C. Configure the warehouse to a multi-cluster warehouse.
D. Lower the value of the parameter STATEMENT_QUEUED_TIMEOUT_IN_SECONDS.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 286
- (Exam Topic 3)
A user created a transient table and made several changes to it over the course of several days. Three days after the table was created, the user would like to go back to the first version of the table.
How can this be accomplished?

A. Use Time Travel, as long as DATA_RETENTION_TIME_IN_DAYS was set to at least 3 days.
B. The transient table version cannot be retrieved after 24 hours.
C. Contact Snowflake Support to have the data retrieved from Fail-safe storage.
D. Use the FAIL_SAFE parameter for Time Travel to retrieve the data from Fail-safe storage.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 287
- (Exam Topic 3)
A Snowflake Administrator needs to ensure that sensitive corporate data in Snowflake tables is not visible to end users, but is partially visible to functional managers.
How can this requirement be met?

A. Use data encryption.
B. Use dynamic data masking.
C. Use secure materialized views.
D. Revoke all roles for functional managers and end users.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 288
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following practices are recommended when creating a user in Snowflake? (Choose two.)

A. Configure the user to be initially disabled.
B. Force an immediate password change.
C. Set a default role for the user.
D. Set the number of minutes to unlock to 15 minutes.
E. Set the user's access to expire within a specified timeframe.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 289
- (Exam Topic 3)
True or False: Snowpipe via REST API can only reference External Stages as source.

A. True
B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:
Reference: https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Making-Transient-table-by-Default

NEW QUESTION 290
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which SQL commands, when committed, will consume a stream and advance the stream offset? (Choose two.)

A. UPDATE TABLE FROM STREAM
B. SELECT FROM STREAM
C. INSERT INTO TABLE SELECT FROM STREAM
D. ALTER TABLE AS SELECT FROM STREAM
E. BEGIN COMMIT

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 292
- (Exam Topic 3)
What are advantages clones have over tables created with CREATE TABLE AS SELECT statement? (Choose two.)

A. The clone always stays in sync with the original table.
B. The clone has better query performance.
C. The clone is created almost instantly.
D. The clone will have time travel history from the original table.
E. The clone saves space by not duplicating storage.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 297
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which command sets the Virtual Warehouse for a session?

A. COPY WAREHOUSE FROM <<config file>>;
B. SET WAREHOUSE = <<warehouse name>>;
C. USE WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;
D. USE VIRTUAL_WAREHOUSE <<warehouse name>>;

Answer: C

Explanation:
Reference: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/warehouses-tasks.html

NEW QUESTION 299
- (Exam Topic 3)
What happens to historical data when the retention period for an object ends?

A. The data is cloned into a historical object.
B. The data moves to Fail-safe
C. Time Travel on the historical data is dropped.
D. The object containing the historical data is dropped.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 300
- (Exam Topic 3)
The Snowflake Cloud Data Platform is described as having which of the following architectures?

A. Shared-disk
B. Shared-nothing
C. Multi-cluster shared data
D. Serverless query engine

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 305
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which Snowflake feature will allow small volumes of data to continuously load into Snowflake and will incrementally make the data available for analysis?

A. COPY INTO
B. CREATE PIPE
C. INSERT INTO
D. TABLE STREAM

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 309
- (Exam Topic 3)
What is the maximum total Continuous Data Protection (CDP) charges incurred for a temporary table?

A. 30 days
B. 7 days
C. 48 hours
D. 24 hours

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 312
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which formats does Snowflake store unstructured data in? (Choose two.)

A. GeoJSON
B. Array
C. XML
D. Object
E. BLOB

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 316
- (Exam Topic 3)
What are the correct parameters for time travel and fail-safe in the Snowflake Enterprise Edition?

A. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 0 days.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 30 day
B. Fail Safe retention time is 1 day.
C. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 1 day.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 365 day
D. Fail Safe retention time is 7 days.
E. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 0 days.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 90 day
F. Fail Safe retention time is 7 days.
G. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 1 day.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 90 day
H. Fail Safe retention time is 7 days.
I. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 7 days.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 1 da
J. Fail Safe retention time is 90 days.
K. Default Time Travel Retention is set to 90 days.Maximum Time Travel Retention is 7 day
L. Fail Safe retention time is 356 days.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 317
- (Exam Topic 3)
When should a multi-cluster warehouse be used in auto-scaling mode?

A. When it is unknown how much compute power is needed
B. If the select statement contains a large number of temporary tables or Common Table Expressions (CTEs)
C. If the runtime of the executed query is very slow
D. When a large number of concurrent queries are run on the same warehouse

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 319
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following objects are contained within a schema? (Choose two.)

A. Role
B. Stream
C. Warehouse
D. External table
E. User
F. Share

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 322
- (Exam Topic 3)
What impacts the credit consumption of maintaining a materialized view? (Choose two.)

A. Whether or not it is also a secure view
B. How often the underlying base table is queried
C. How often the base table changes
D. Whether the materialized view has a cluster key defined
E. How often the materialized view is queried

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 327
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which Snowflake architectural layer is responsible for a query execution plan?

A. Compute
B. Data storage
C. Cloud services
D. Cloud provider

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 331
- (Exam Topic 3)
When cloning a database containing stored procedures and regular views, that have fully qualified table references, which of the following will occur?

A. The cloned views and the stored procedures will reference the cloned tables in the cloned database.
B. An error will occur, as views with qualified references cannot be cloned.
C. An error will occur, as stored objects cannot be cloned.
D. The stored procedures and views will refer to tables in the source database.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 335
- (Exam Topic 3)
What types of data listings are available in the Snowflake Data Marketplace? (Choose two.)

A. Reader
B. Consumer
C. Vendor
D. Standard
E. Personalized

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 340
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following describes the Snowflake Cloud Services layer?

A. Coordinates activities in the Snowflake account
B. Executes queries submitted by the Snowflake account users
C. Manages quotas on the Snowflake account storage
D. Manages the virtual warehouse cache to speed up queries

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 341
- (Exam Topic 3)
Which of the following statements describe features of Snowflake data caching? (Choose two.)

A. When a virtual warehouse is suspended, the data cache is saved on the remote storage layer.
B. When the data cache is full, the least-recently used data will be cleared to make room.
C. A user can only access their own queries from the query result cache.
D. A user must set USE_METADATA_CACHE to TRUE to use the metadata cache in queries.
E. The RESULT_SCAN table function can access and filter the contents of the query result cache.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 346
- (Exam Topic 3)
Data storage for individual tables can be monitored using which commands and/or objects? (Choose two.)

A. SHOW STORAGE BY TABLE;
B. SHOW TABLES;
C. Information Schema -> TABLE_HISTORY
D. Information Schema -> TABLE_FUNCTION
E. Information Schema -> TABLE_STORAGE_METRICS

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 349
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