



Microsoft

Exam Questions SC-401

Administering Information Security in Microsoft 365

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

You need to meet the retention requirement for the users' Microsoft 365 data. What is the minimum number of retention policies required to achieve the goal?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 6

Answer: B

Explanation:

The requirement states that all Microsoft 365 data for users must be retained for at least one year. In Microsoft 365, retention policies must be configured for each type of data storage.

Step 1: Identifying Where Data is Stored

From the case study, users store data in the following locations: SharePoint Online sites

OneDrive accounts Exchange email Exchange public folders Teams chats

Teams channel messages

Since these locations fall under two broad categories: Microsoft Exchange data (Emails, Public folders)

SharePoint, OneDrive, and Teams data

Step 2: Required Retention Policies

* 1. A single retention policy can cover: SharePoint Online

OneDrive Microsoft Teams

* 2. A second retention policy is required for: Exchange (Emails & Public Folders)

Thus, the minimum number of retention policies required to meet the requirement is 2.

Microsoft 365 retention policies can be applied broadly across multiple services with just two policies:

One for Exchange & Public Folders

One for SharePoint, OneDrive, and Teams

There's no need for separate policies for each individual workload unless different retention durations are required, which is not stated in the requirement.

NEW QUESTION 2

DRAG DROP - (Topic 1)

You need to meet the technical requirements for the Site1 documents.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

- Create a sensitivity label.
- Wait 24 hours and then turn on the policy.
- Create a sensitive info type.
- Create a retention label.
- Create an auto-labeling policy.

Answer Area

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

The goal is to automatically label documents in Site1 that contain credit card numbers. To achieve this, we need a sensitivity label with an auto-labeling policy based on a sensitive

info type that detects credit card numbers.

Step 1: Create a Sensitive Info Type

A sensitive info type is needed to detect credit card numbers in documents.

Microsoft Purview includes built-in sensitive info types for credit card numbers, but we can also create a custom one if necessary.

Step 2: Create a Sensitivity Label

A sensitivity label is required to classify and protect documents containing sensitive information.

This label can apply encryption, watermarking, or access controls to credit card data.

Step 3: Create an Auto-Labeling Policy

An auto-labeling policy ensures that the sensitivity label is applied automatically when credit card numbers are detected in Site1.

This policy is configured to scan files and automatically apply the correct sensitivity label.

NEW QUESTION 3

HOTSPOT - (Topic 1)

You are reviewing policies for the SharePoint Online environment.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
If a user creates a file in Site4 on January 1, 2021, users will be able to access the file on January 15, 2023.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If a user deletes a file from Site4 that was created on January 1, 2021, an administrative user will be able to recover the file on April 15, 2023.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If a user deletes a file from Site4 that was created on January 1, 2021, an administrative user will be able to recover the file on April 15, 2026.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

AI-generated content may be incorrect. Understanding Site4's Retention Policies:

Site4RetentionPolicy1 deletes items older than 2 years from creation. If a file was created on January 1, 2021, it would be deleted after January 1, 2023.

Site4RetentionPolicy2 retains files for 4 years from creation. If a file was created on January 1, 2021, it will be kept until January 1, 2025, but not deleted after that (policy states "Do nothing").

Statement 1 - Yes, because Site4RetentionPolicy2 ensures files are retained for 4 years. Statement 2 - Yes, because Site4RetentionPolicy2 retains the file for 4 years (until January 1, 2025).

Statement 3 - No, because retention is only for 4 years (until January 1, 2025). After that, the policy does "nothing," meaning the file is no longer recoverable after that period.

NEW QUESTION 4

HOTSPOT - (Topic 1)

You need to meet the technical requirements for the confidential documents.

What should you create first, and what should you use for the detection method? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Create first:

▼

A Compliance Manager assessment

A content search

A DLP policy

A sensitive info type

A sensitivity label

Use for detection method:

▼

Dictionary

File type

Keywords

Regular expression

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

To detect and protect confidential documents, we need a custom rule to identify project codes that start with 999 (since they are classified as confidential).
 Box 1: A Sensitive Info Type (SIT) allows Microsoft Purview DLP policies to recognize structured data (e.g., project codes). DLP policies require a sensitive info type to detect content based on patterns, keywords, or dictionary terms. A sensitivity label alone does not define detection logic—it is used for classification and protection after content is identified.

Box 2: Since project codes follow a structured 10-digit pattern, we should use a Regular Expression (Regex) to match project codes that start with 999.

Example Regex pattern: 999\d{7}

This pattern detects a 10-digit number starting with "999".

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 tenant.

You have a database that stores customer details. Each customer has a unique 13-digit identifier that consists of a fixed pattern of numbers and letters.

You need to implement a data loss prevention (DLP) solution that meets the following requirements:

Email messages that contain a single customer identifier can be sent outside your company.

Email messages that contain two or more customer identifiers must be approved by the company's data privacy team.

Which two components should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. a sensitivity label
- B. a sensitive information type
- C. a DLP policy
- D. a retention label
- E. a mail flow rule

Answer: BC

Explanation:

You need to define a custom sensitive information type that recognizes the unique 13-digit identifier format for customer records. Microsoft Purview DLP policies use these types to identify and protect sensitive data.

A Data Loss Prevention (DLP) policy is required to enforce the rules. It will allow emails with a single identifier but trigger an approval workflow when two or more identifiers are detected.

NEW QUESTION 6

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Role group
Admin1	Insider Risk Management Admins
Admin2	Insider Risk Management Analysts
Admin3	Risk Management Investigators
Admin4	Insider Risk Management Auditors

You plan to create a Microsoft Purview insider risk management case named Case1. Which insider risk management object should you select first, and which users will be added as contributors for Case1 by default?

To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Object:

▼

An alert

A policy

A risky user

A notice template

Forensic evidence

Users:

▼

Admin1 and Admin2 only

Admin2 and Admin3 only

Admin3 and Admin4 only

Admin2, Admin3, and Admin4 only

Admin1, Admin2, Admin3, and Admin4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: When creating a Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management case, you must first select a risky user to investigate. The case will be built around this specific user's activities, linking alerts and risk signals to the investigation.

Box 2: The Insider Risk Management role groups determine who can access and contribute to cases:

Admin1 (Insider Risk Management Admins) Full admin access.

Admin2 (Insider Risk Management Analysts) Analysts who review cases. Admin3 (Risk Management Investigators) Investigators who work on cases. Admin4 (Insider Risk Management Auditors) Auditors who oversee cases.

All these roles have default access to insider risk cases in Microsoft Purview, so all four admins are added as contributors.

NEW QUESTION 7

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains three DOCX files named File1, File2, and File3.

You create the sensitivity labels shown in the following table.

Name	Permission	Apply content marking
Label1	Any authenticated users: Viewer	Disabled
Label2	<i>None</i>	Enabled

You apply the labels to the files as shown in the following table.

File	Label
File1	<i>None</i>
File2	Label1
File3	Label2

You ask Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize the files, and you receive the results shown in the following table.

Name	Based on content of
Summary1	File1, File3
Summary2	File2
Summary3	File1, File2, File3

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

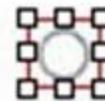
Answer Area

Statements

Summary1 has a sensitivity label applied.

Yes

No



Summary2 has a sensitivity label applied.



Summary3 has a sensitivity label applied.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements

Summary1 has a sensitivity label applied.

Yes

No



Summary2 has a sensitivity label applied.



Summary3 has a sensitivity label applied.



NEW QUESTION 8

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You need to implement a compliance solution that meets the following requirements:

Captures clips of key security-related user activities, such as the exfiltration of sensitive company data.

Integrates data loss prevention (DLP) capabilities with insider risk management.

What should you use for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Captures clips of key security-related user activities:

▼

Adaptive scopes
 Classifiers
 Forensic evidence
 Search

Integrates DLP capabilities with insider risk management:

▼

Adaptive Protection
 eDiscovery (Premium)
 Records management
 Trainable classifiers

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Captures clips of key security-related user activities:

▼

Adaptive scopes
 Classifiers
 Forensic evidence
 Search

Integrates DLP capabilities with insider risk management:

▼

Adaptive Protection
 eDiscovery (Premium)
 Records management
 Trainable classifiers

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 2)

Your company has offices in multiple countries.

The company has a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview insider risk management.

You plan to perform the following actions:

In a new country, open an office named Office1. Create a new user named User1.

Deploy insider risk management to Office1.

Add User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group.

You need to ensure that User1 can perform insider risk management tasks for only the users and the devices in Office1.

What should you create first?

- A. a dynamic device group
- B. a dynamic user group
- C. an administrative unit
- D. a management group

Answer: C

Explanation:

To ensure User1 can perform insider risk management tasks only for the users and devices in Office1, the first step is to create an administrative unit in Microsoft Entra ID (formerly Azure AD).

Administrative units allow you to scope permissions to specific users, devices, and locations. By creating an administrative unit for Office1 and assigning User1 to the Insider Risk Management Admins role group within that unit, User1 will only have access to users and devices in Office1.

NEW QUESTION 10

DRAG DROP - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps.

You plan to deploy a Defender for Cloud Apps file policy that will be triggered when the following conditions are met:

A file is shared externally.

A file is labeled as internal only.

Which filter should you use for each condition? To answer, drag the appropriate filters to the correct conditions. Each filter may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Filters

- Access level
- Collaborators
- Matched policy
- Sensitivity label

Answer Area

- When a file is shared externally.
- When a file is labelled as Internal only.

Filter

-
-

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Filters

- Access level
- Collaborators
- Matched policy
- Sensitivity label

Answer Area

- When a file is shared externally.
- When a file is labelled as Internal only.

Filter

- Access level
- Sensitivity label

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Description
User1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User 1 is a regional manager. User1 is assigned the Reader role. Three department managers report to User1.
User2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User2 is the human resources (HR) department manager. User2 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned. Five HR department users report to User2.
User3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User3 is a developer. User3 reports to User2. User3 is the only user in the compliance department. User3 is assigned the Compliance Administrator role.
User4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User4 is the assistant of User1. User4 has no Microsoft Entra roles assigned. User4 handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of User1.

Which users will Microsoft Purview insider risk management flag as potential high-impact users?

- A. User1 and User2 only
- B. User2 and User3 only
- C. User1, User2, and User3 only
- D. User1, User2, User3, and User4

Answer: D

Explanation:

Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management flags high-impact users based on various risk factors, including role, access to confidential data, and influence within an organization. Let's analyze each user:

User1 (Regional Manager, assigned Reader role, manages department managers) Risk Factors:

Holds a managerial position (regional manager).

Manages multiple department managers, indicating organizational influence. Access to critical business information.

Flagged? -Yes (Managerial role and access to confidential data).

User2 (HR department manager, no Microsoft Entra roles, manages HR department users) Risk Factors:

Manages HR department users, meaning they likely handle sensitive employee data. HR roles are often considered high-risk due to access to personal and payroll data.

Flagged? -Yes (HR role and access to sensitive employee data).

User3 (Developer, reports to User2, only user in compliance, assigned Compliance Administrator role)

Risk Factors:

Compliance Administrator role grants access to sensitive security and regulatory data. Only person in the compliance department, meaning they hold a critical role.

Potentially high impact on compliance and security settings.

Flagged? -Yes (Privileged Compliance Administrator role).

User4 (Assistant to User1, no Entra roles, handles confidential data on behalf of User1)

Risk Factors:

Handles a high volume of confidential data on behalf of a regional manager. Assistants with access to sensitive data are considered insider risk candidates.

Flagged? -Yes (High access to sensitive information).

Since all four users fit high-impact criteria (managerial roles, privileged compliance access, handling sensitive data), Microsoft Purview Insider Risk Management will flag all of them.

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a Microsoft SharePoint Online site named Site1.

You need to implement Microsoft Purview data lifecycle management. What should you create first?

- A. a sensitivity label policy
- B. a data loss prevention (DLP) policy
- C. an auto-labeling policy
- D. a retention label

Answer: D

Explanation:

To implement Microsoft Purview Data Lifecycle Management for SharePoint Online (Site1), you need to create a retention label first. Retention labels define how

long content should be retained or deleted based on compliance requirements. Once a retention label is created, it can be manually or automatically applied to content in SharePoint Online, Exchange, OneDrive, and Teams. After creating a retention label, you can configure label policies to apply them to Site1 and other locations.

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Topic 2)

You are creating a data loss prevention (DLP) policy that will apply to all available locations except Fabric and Power BI workspaces. You configure an advanced DLP rule in the policy. Which type of condition can you use in the rule?

- A. Sensitive info type
- B. Content search query
- C. Sensitive label
- D. Keywords

Answer: A

Explanation:

When configuring an advanced DLP rule in Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you can use a Sensitive Information Type (SIT) condition to detect and classify specific types of sensitive data, such as credit card numbers, Social Security numbers, or custom sensitive data patterns. This allows you to apply protection and trigger actions based on the identified content.

NEW QUESTION 16

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains two Microsoft 365 groups named Group1 and Group2. Both groups use the following resources:

- A group mailbox
- Microsoft Teams channel messages
- A Microsoft SharePoint Online teams site

You create the objects shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
RLabel1	Retention label	None
AutoApply1	Auto-labeling policy	Applies RLabel1 to Group1
Retention1	Retention policy	Applied to Group2

To which resources will AutoApply1 and Retention1 be applied? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

AutoApply1:

▼

The group mailbox only
 The SharePoint Online teams site only
 The group mailbox and SharePoint Online teams site only
 The group mailbox and Teams channel messages only
 The group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages

Retention1:

▼

The group mailbox only
 The SharePoint Online teams site only
 The group mailbox and SharePoint Online teams site only
 The group mailbox and Teams channel messages only
 The group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

AutoApply1 is an auto-labeling policy that applies RLabel1 to Group1. Auto-labeling policies can apply retention labels across group mailboxes, SharePoint Online sites, and Teams channel messages if they are configured for group resources. Retention1 is a retention policy applied to Group2. Retention policies for Microsoft 365 groups apply to all group resources, including group mailboxes, SharePoint Online teams sites, and Teams channel messages. Since both AutoApply1 and Retention1 affect entire groups, they apply to all associated resources: group mailbox, SharePoint Online teams site, and Teams channel messages.

NEW QUESTION 19

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a user named User1.

You deploy Microsoft Purview Data Security Posture Management for AI (DSPM for AI). You need to ensure that User1 can perform the following actions:

View recommendations from the Recommendations page. View the user risk level for all events by using Activity explorer. The solution must follow the principle of least privilege.

To which role group should you add User1 for each action? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

View the recommendations:

A screenshot of a dropdown menu with a downward arrow in the top right corner. The menu is open and shows three options: 'Compliance Administrator', 'Insider Risk Management Investigators', and 'Security Reader'. Each option has a small square selection box to its left.

View the user risk level:

A screenshot of a dropdown menu with a downward arrow in the top right corner. The menu is open and shows four options: 'Compliance Administrator', 'Insider Risk Management Analysts', 'Insider Risk Management Investigators', and 'Security Reader'. Each option has a small square selection box to its left.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: The Insider Risk Management Investigators role allows users to view recommendations related to insider risk cases and Microsoft Purview DSPM for AI insights. This role is appropriate because it grants access to review AI-related risk recommendations without unnecessary administrative privileges.

Box 2: The Insider Risk Management Analysts role allows users to analyze user risk levels and events using Activity Explorer. This follows the principle of least privilege, ensuring that User1 can only view risk levels and investigate but does not gain full administrative control over insider risk policies.

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a retention policy named RP1 as shown in the following table.

Setting	Value
Location	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exchange email (All recipients) • SharePoint sites (All sites)
Retain items for a specific period	5 years (When items were created)
At the end of the retention period	Delete items automatically

You place a preservation lock on RP1. You need to modify RP1.

Which two modifications can you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Add locations to the policy.
- B. Delete the policy.
- C. Remove locations from the policy.
- D. Decrease the retention period of the policy.
- E. Disable the policy.
- F. Increase the retention period of the policy.

Answer: AF

Explanation:

A Preservation Lock in Microsoft Purview Retention Policies enforces strict compliance and prevents certain modifications to ensure data is retained according to compliance requirements.

When a Preservation Lock is applied:

- * 1. You cannot disable or delete the policy.
- * 2. You cannot remove locations from the policy.
- * 3. You cannot decrease the retention period.
- * 4. You can add locations to the policy.
- * 5. You can increase the retention period.

You can expand the retention policy to cover additional locations (e.g., more Exchange mailboxes, SharePoint sites). You can extend the retention duration (e.g., increase from 5 years to 10 years) since this aligns with stricter compliance.

NEW QUESTION 28

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

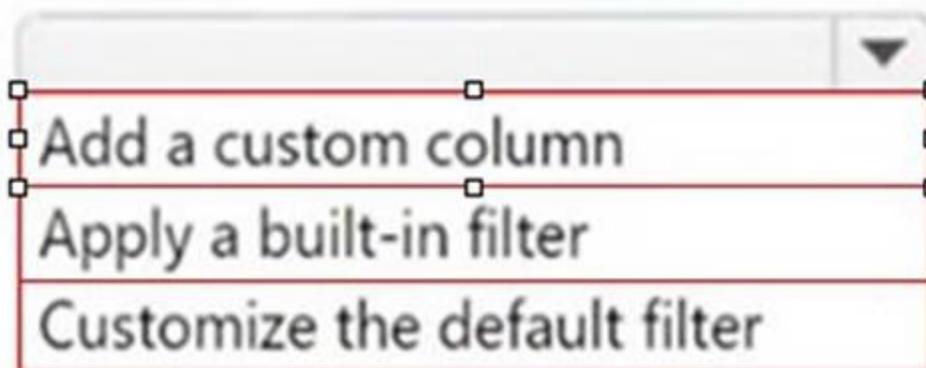
You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that has data loss prevention (DLP) implemented.

You plan to export DLP activity by using Activity explorer.

The exported file needs to display the sensitive info type detected for each DLP rule match. What should you do in Activity explorer before exporting the data, and in which file format is the file exported? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

In Activity explorer:



A screenshot of a dropdown menu in Activity Explorer. The menu is open and shows three options: "Add a custom column", "Apply a built-in filter", and "Customize the default filter". Each option is highlighted with a red rectangular box. There are small square handles at the corners of the menu area, suggesting it's a hot spot for selection.

File type:



A screenshot of a dropdown menu for "File type". The menu is open and shows four options: "CSV", "JSON", "TXT", and "XML". Each option is highlighted with a red rectangular box. There are small square handles at the corners of the menu area, suggesting it's a hot spot for selection.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: To include the sensitive info type detected for each DLP rule match, you need to add a custom column in Activity Explorer. This ensures that the exported file contains specific details about the detected sensitive information types.

Box 2: DLP activity exports from Activity Explorer are always in CSV (Comma-Separated Values) format. This format allows for easy data analysis and reporting in Excel or other data-processing tools.

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains a Microsoft Teams channel named Channel1. Channel1 contains research and development documents.

You plan to implement Microsoft 365 Copilot for the subscription.

You need to prevent the contents of files stored in Channel1 from being included in answers generated by Copilot and shown to unauthorized users.

What should you use?

- A. data loss prevention (DLP)
- B. Microsoft Purview insider risk management
- C. Microsoft Purview Information Barriers
- D. sensitivity labels

Answer: D

Explanation:

To prevent the contents of files stored in Channel1 from being included in Microsoft 365 Copilot responses and ensure unauthorized users cannot access them, you should use Microsoft Purview Sensitivity Labels.

Sensitivity labels allow you to classify, protect, and restrict access to sensitive files. You can configure label-based encryption and access control policies to ensure that only authorized users can access or interact with the files in Channel1. Microsoft 365 Copilot respects sensitivity labels, meaning if a file is labeled with restricted permissions, Copilot will not use it in generated responses for unauthorized users.

NEW QUESTION 32

- (Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Microsoft 365 tenant and 500 computers that run Windows 11. The computers are onboarded to Microsoft Purview. You discover that a third-party application named Tailspin_scanner.exe accessed protected sensitive information on multiple computers. Tailspin_scanner.exe is installed locally on the computers. You need to block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents without preventing the application from accessing other documents. Solution: From the Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) settings, you add a folder path to the file path exclusions. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Adding a folder path to the file path exclusions in Microsoft 365 Endpoint DLP does not prevent Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing protected sensitive information. Instead, it would exclude those files from DLP protection, which is not the intended outcome. To block Tailspin_scanner.exe from accessing sensitive documents while allowing it to access other files, the correct solution is to use Microsoft Purview Endpoint Data Loss Prevention (Endpoint DLP) and add Tailspin_scanner.exe to the Restricted Apps list. Endpoint DLP allows you to block specific applications from accessing sensitive files while keeping general access available. Restricted Apps List in Endpoint DLP ensures that Tailspin_scanner.exe cannot open, copy, or process protected documents, but it can still function normally for non-sensitive content.

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription. You need to create static retention policies for the following locations: Teams chats Exchange email SharePoint sites Microsoft 365 Groups Teams channel messages What is the minimum number of retention policies required?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

Answer: C

Explanation:

In Microsoft Purview Data Lifecycle Management, different Microsoft 365 locations require separate retention policies because they fall under different storage and compliance models. Teams Chats & Teams Channel Messages (1 Policy) require a separate retention policy because Teams messages are stored differently than Exchange and SharePoint content. One policy can cover both Teams chats and Teams channel messages. Exchange Email (1 Policy) requires its own separate policy since emails are managed differently than Teams or SharePoint content. SharePoint Sites & Microsoft 365 Groups (1 Policy) are both stored in SharePoint Online, so they can be managed under one policy.

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription. You need to enable support for sensitivity labels in Microsoft SharePoint Online. What should you use?

- A. the Microsoft Purview portal
- B. the Microsoft Entra admin center
- C. the SharePoint admin center
- D. the Microsoft 365 admin center

Answer: C

Explanation:

To enable support for sensitivity labels in Microsoft SharePoint Online, you must configure the setting in the SharePoint admin center. Sensitivity labels in SharePoint Online allow labeling and protection of files stored in SharePoint and OneDrive. This feature must be enabled in the SharePoint admin center Settings Information protection to allow sensitivity labels to apply encryption and protection to stored documents.

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Topic 2)

You are planning a data loss prevention (DLP) solution that will apply to Windows Client computers. You need to ensure that when users attempt to copy a file that contains sensitive information to a USB storage device, the following requirements are met: If the users are members of a group named Group1, the users must be allowed to copy the file, and an event must be recorded in the audit log. All other users must be blocked from copying the file. What should you create?

- A. one DLP policy that contains one DLP rule
- B. one DLP policy that contains two DLP rules
- C. two DLP policies that each contains one DLP rule

Answer: B

Explanation:

To meet the requirements, you need one DLP policy with two separate DLP rules to handle the different conditions:
* 1. First DLP Rule (For Group1 Members): If the user is a member of Group1 and attempts to copy a file with sensitive data to a USB storage device. Allow the file copy but log the event in the audit log.
* 2. Second DLP Rule (For All Other Users): If any user who is NOT in Group1 attempts to copy a file with sensitive data to a USB storage device. Block the file transfer.

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You have a user named User1. Several users have full access to the mailbox of User1. Some email messages sent to User1 appear to have been read and deleted before the user viewed them.

When you search the audit log in the Microsoft Purview portal to identify who signed in to the mailbox of User1, the results are blank.

You need to ensure that you can view future sign-ins to the mailbox of User1. Solution: You run the Set-AdminAuditLogConfig -AdminAuditLogEnabled \$true -AdminAuditLogCmdlets *Mailbox* command. Does that meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Set-AdminAuditLogConfig -AdminAuditLogEnabled \$true -AdminAuditLogCmdlets

Mailbox command is incorrect. This enables admin audit logging, which tracks changes to mailbox configurations (e.g., mailbox settings updates), not user activity inside the mailbox.

NEW QUESTION 42

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that uses Microsoft Purview.

You create a communication compliance policy named Policy1 and select Detect Microsoft Copilot interactions.

Which two trainable classifiers will be added to Policy1 automatically? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Unauthorized disclosure
- B. Prompt Shields
- C. Threat
- D. Corporate Sabotage
- E. Protected Materials

Answer: AE

Explanation:

When you create a communication compliance policy in Microsoft Purview and select "Detect Microsoft Copilot interactions," certain trainable classifiers are automatically added to help detect sensitive or inappropriate AI usage.

The "Unauthorized disclosure" classifier helps detect cases where users might share confidential or sensitive information via Copilot interactions, preventing unintended data leaks. The "Protected Materials" classifier is used to identify sensitive or restricted content that should not be shared through Copilot, ensuring compliance with organizational policies.

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 subscription.

You need to ensure that users can apply retention labels to individual documents in their Microsoft SharePoint libraries.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From Microsoft Defender for Cloud Apps, create a file policy.
- B. From the SharePoint admin center, modify the Site Settings.
- C. From the SharePoint admin center, modify the records management settings.
- D. From the Microsoft Purview portal, publish a label.
- E. From the Microsoft Purview portal, create a label.

Answer: DE

Explanation:

To allow users to apply retention labels to individual documents in Microsoft SharePoint libraries, you need to create a retention label and publish the label.

In Microsoft Purview, retention labels define how long content should be retained or deleted. You must first create a label that specifies the retention rules. After creating the label, you must publish it so that it becomes available for users in SharePoint document libraries. Once published, users can manually apply the retention label to individual documents.

NEW QUESTION 49

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 tenant that contains a sensitivity label named label1. You plan to enable co-authoring for encrypted files.

You need to ensure that files that have label1 applied support co-authoring.

Which two settings should you modify? To answer, select the settings in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Access control

Use encryption capabilities to control who can access labeled items. Depending on the scope you specified, items can include emails, Office, Fabric and Power BI files, and meeting invites. [Learn more about access control settings](#)

- Remove access control settings if already applied to items
- Configure access control settings

i Turn on co-authoring for Office desktop apps so multiple users can simultaneously edit labeled documents that have access control settings applied. [Learn more about this setting](#)

[Go to co-authoring setting](#)

Assign permissions now or let users decide?

The settings you choose will be automatically enforced when the label is applied to email and Office files.

User access to content expires *i*

Access expires this many days after the label is applied

Allow offline access *i*

Assign permissions to specific users and groups * *i*

0 items

Users and groups

Permissions

Edit

Delete

No data available

Use dynamic watermarking *i*

Customize text (optional)

Use Double Key Encryption *i*

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

C:\Users\Waqas Shahid\Desktop\Mudassir\Untitled.jpg

NEW QUESTION 54

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription.

You receive the data loss prevention (DLP) alert shown in the following exhibit.



Sensitive info in email with subject 'Message1'

Details

Sensitive info types

Metadata

Event details

ID

173fe9ac-3a65-41b0-9914-1db451bba639

Location

Exchange

Time of activity

Jun 6, 2022 8:22 PM

Impacted entities

User

 Megan Bowen

Email recipients

 victoria@fabrikam.com

Email subject

Message1

Policy details

DLP policy matched

Policy1

Rule matched

Rule1

Sensitive info types detected

Credit Card Number (19, 85%)

Actions taken

GenerateAlert

User overrode policy

Yes

Override justification text

Manager approved

Sensitive info detected in

Document1.docx

Actions



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

The email was [answer choice].

delivered immediately
 quarantined and undelivered
 sent to a manager for approval

The sender's manager [answer choice].

approved the email by using a workflow
 overrode Rule1
 was uninvolved in the override process

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

The email was [answer choice].

delivered immediately
 quarantined and undelivered
 sent to a manager for approval

The sender's manager [answer choice].

approved the email by using a workflow
 overrode Rule1
 was uninvolved in the override process

NEW QUESTION 55

HOTSPOT - (Topic 2)

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains the groups shown in the following table.

Name	Type
Group1	Microsoft 365
Group2	Security

The subscription contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
Site1	Microsoft SharePoint Online site
Team1	Microsoft Teams team

You create a sensitivity label named Label1.
 You need to publish Label1 and have the label apply automatically.
 To what can you publish Label1, and to what can Label1 be auto-applied? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Publish to:

▼

- Site1 only
- Group1 only
- Group1 and Group2 only
- Group1 and Site1 only
- Site1 and Team1 only
- Group1, Group2, Site1, and Team1

Auto-apply to:

▼

- Site1 only
- Group1 only
- Group1 and Group2 only
- Group1 and Site1 only
- Site1 and Team1 only
- Group1, Group2, Site1, and Team1

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Publishing a Sensitivity Label

Sensitivity labels can be published to Microsoft 365 groups, security groups, SharePoint Online sites, and Microsoft Teams. Since we have: Group1 (Microsoft 365 group) - Supported Group2 (Security group) - Supported Site1 (SharePoint Online site) - Supported Team1 (Microsoft Teams team) - Supported

This means we can publish Label1 to Group1, Group2, Site1, and Team1. Box 2: Auto-Applying a Sensitivity Label

Auto-apply policies for sensitivity labels work on: SharePoint Online sites (documents)

OneDrive (documents) Exchange email (messages)

However, labels cannot be auto-applied to Microsoft 365 groups or Teams directly because labels are applied to files and emails, not to groups or Teams as entities. Since Site1 (a SharePoint Online site) supports auto-apply, it is the correct option.

NEW QUESTION 60

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