

## Exam Questions az-500

Microsoft Azure Security Technologies

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/az-500/>



**NEW QUESTION 1**

DRAG DROP

You need to configure an access review. The review will be assigned to a new collection of reviews and reviewed by resource owners.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

Actions	Answer Area
Create an access review program.	
Set Reviewers to Selected users.	
Create an access review audit.	⬅
Create an access review control.	➡
Set Reviewers to Group owners.	⬆
Set Reviewers to Members.	⬇

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

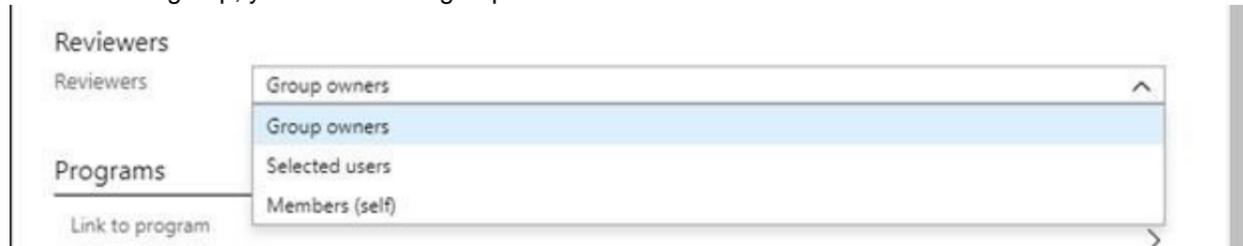
**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Step 1: Create an access review program Step 2: Create an access review control

Step 3: Set Reviewers to Group owners

In the Reviewers section, select either one or more people to review all the users in scope. Or you can select to have the members review their own access. If the resource is a group, you can ask the group owners to review.



References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/create-access-review>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-programs-controls>

**NEW QUESTION 2**

HOTSPOT

Your company has two offices in Seattle and New York. Each office connects to the Internet by using a NAT device. The offices use the IP addresses shown in the following table.

Location	IP address space	Public NAT segment
Seattle	10.10.0.0/16	190.15.1.0/24
New York	172.16.0.0/16	194.25.2.0/24

The company has an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Multi-factor authentication (MFA) status
User1	Enabled
User2	Enforced

The MFA service settings are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)

trusted ips [\(learn more\)](#)

Skip multi-factor authentication for requests from federated users on my intranet

Skip multi-factor authentication for requests from following range of IP address subnets

10.10.0.0/16  
194.25.2.0/24

verification options [\(learn more\)](#)

Methods available to users:

- Call to phone
- Text message to phone

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

**Answer Area**

	Yes	No
If User1 signs in to Azure from a device that uses an IP address of 134.18.14.10, User1 must be authenticated by using a phone.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User2 signs in to Azure from a device in the Seattle office, User2 must be authenticated by using the Microsoft Authenticator app.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User2 signs in to Azure from a device in the New York office, User1 must be authenticated by using a phone	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Box 2: No

Use of Microsoft Authenticator is not required.

Note: Microsoft Authenticator is a multifactor app for mobile devices that generates time-based codes used during the Two-Step Verification process. Box 3: No  
 The New York IP address subnet is included in the "skip multi-factor authentication for request.

References:

<https://www.cayosoft.com/difference-enabling-enforcing-mfa/>

**NEW QUESTION 3**

You need to ensure that users can access VM0. The solution must meet the platform protection requirements.

What should you do?

- A. Move VM0 to Subnet1.
- B. On Firewall, configure a network traffic filtering rule.
- C. Assign RT1 to AzureFirewallSubnet.
- D. On Firewall, configure a DNAT rule.

**Answer: A**

**Explanation:**

Azure Firewall has the following known issue:

Conflict with Azure Security Center (ASC) Just-in-Time (JIT) feature.

If a virtual machine is accessed using JIT, and is in a subnet with a user-defined route that points to Azure Firewall as a default gateway, ASC JIT doesn't work. This is a result of asymmetric routing – a packet comes in via the virtual machine public IP (JIT opened the access), but the return path is via the firewall, which drops the packet because there is no established session on the firewall.

Solution: To work around this issue, place the JIT virtual machines on a separate subnet that doesn't have a user-defined route to the firewall. Scenario:

VM0	Virtual machine	VM0 is an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016, connects to Subnet0, and has just in time (JIT) VM access configured.
-----	-----------------	--

Following the implementation of the planned changes, the IT team must be able to connect to VM0 by using JIT VM access.

Name	Type	Description
Firewall1	Azure Firewall	An Azure firewall on VNet1.
RT1	Route table	A route table that will contain a route pointing to Firewall1 as the default gateway and will be assigned to Subnet0.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/firewall/overview>

Testlet 2

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other question on this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next sections of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question on this case study, click the Next button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirements, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an All Information tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the Question button to return to the question.

Overview

Contoso, Ltd. is a consulting company that has a main office in Montreal and two branch offices in Seattle and New York. The company hosts its entire server infrastructure in Azure.

Contoso has two Azure subscriptions named Sub1 and Sub2. Both subscriptions are associated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

Technical requirements

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

- \_ Deploy Azure Firewall to VNetWork1 in Sub2. Register an application named App2 in contoso.com.
- \_ Whenever possible, use the principle of least privilege.
- \_ Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com

Existing Environment Azure AD

Contoso.com contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	City	Role
User1	Montreal	Global administrator
User2	MONTREAL	Security administrator
User3	London	Privileged role administrator
User4	Ontario	Application administrator
User5	Seattle	Cloud application administrator
User6	Seattle	User administrator
User7	Sydney	Reports reader
User8	Sydney	None

Contoso.com contains the security groups shown in the following table.

Name	Membership type	Dynamic membership rule
Group1	Dynamic user	<code>user.city -contains "ON"</code>
Group2	Dynamic user	<code>user.city -match "*on"</code>

Sub1

Sub1 contains six resource groups named RG1, RG2, RG3, RG4, RG5, and RG6. User2 creates the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group
VNET1	RG1
VNET2	RG2
VNET3	RG3
VNET4	RG4

Sub1 contains the locks shown in the following table.

Name	Set on	Lock type
Lock1	RG1	Delete
Lock2	RG2	Read-only
Lock3	RG3	Delete
Lock4	RG3	Read-only

Sub1 contains the Azure policies shown in the following table.

Policy definition	Resource type	Scope
Allowed resource types	networkSecurityGroups	RG4
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/subnets	RG5
Not allowed resource types	networksSecurityGroups	RG5
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/virtualNetworkPeerings	RG6

Sub2

Sub2 contains the network security groups (NSGs) shown in the following table.

Name	Associated to
NSG1	NIC2
NSG2	Subnet1.1
NSG3	Subnet1.3
NSG4	Subnet2.1

NSG1 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG2 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	80	TCP	Internet	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG3 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	TCP	ASG1	ASG1	Allow
150	Any	Any	ASG2	VirtualNetwork	Allow
200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG4 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG1, NSG2, NSG3, and NSG4 have the outbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

- Deploy Azure Firewall to VNetwork1 in Sub2. Register an application named App2 in contoso.com.
- Whenever possible, use the principle of least privilege.
- Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com.

#### NEW QUESTION 4

HOTSPOT

What is the membership of Group1 and Group2? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

## Answer Area

Group1: 

▼
No members
Only User2
Only User2 and User4
User1, User2, User3, and User4

Group2: 

▼
No members
Only User3
Only User1 and User3
User1, User2, User3, and User4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: User1, User2, User3, User4

Contains "ON" is true for Montreal (User1), MONTREAL (User2), London (User 3), and Ontario (User4) as string and regex operations are not case sensitive.

Box 2: Only User3

Match "\*on" is only true for London (User3).

Scenario:

Contoso.com contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	City	Role
User1	Montreal	Global administrator
User2	MONTREAL	Security administrator
User3	London	Privileged role administrator
User4	Ontario	Application administrator
User5	Seattle	Cloud application administrator
User6	Seattle	User administrator
User7	Sydney	Reports reader
User8	Sydney	None

Contoso.com contains the security groups shown in the following table.

Name	Membership type	Dynamic membership rule
Group1	Dynamic user	user.city -contains "ON"
Group2	Dynamic user	user.city -match "*on"

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/users-groups-roles/groups-dynamic-membership>

**NEW QUESTION 5**

HOTSPOT

You are evaluating the security of the network communication between the virtual machines in Sub2. For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

### Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
From VM1, you can successfully ping the public IP address of VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the private IP address of VM3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the public IP address of VM5.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Yes

NSG1 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG2 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	80	TCP	Internet	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

Box 2: Yes

Box 3: No Note:

Sub2 contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Network interface	Application security group	Connected to
VM1	NIC1	ASG1	Subnet1.1
VM2	NIC2	ASG2	Subnet1.1
VM3	NIC3	None	Subnet1.2
VM4	NIC4	ASG1	Subnet1.3
VM5	NIC5	None	Subnet2.1

Name	Subnet
VNetwork1	Subnet1.1, Subnet1.2 and Subnet1.3
VNetwork2	Subnet2.1

Sub2 contains the network security groups (NSGs) shown in the following table.

Name	Associated to
NSG1	NIC2
NSG2	Subnet1.1
NSG3	Subnet1.3
NSG4	Subnet2.1

Question Set 3

**NEW QUESTION 6**

DRAG DROP

You have an Azure subscription that contains the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Region	Description
HubVNet	East US	HubVNet is a virtual network connected to the on-premises network by using a site-to-site VPN that has BGP route propagation enabled. HubVNet contains a subnet named HubVNetSubnet0.
SpokeVNet	East US	SpokeVNet is a virtual network connected to HubVNet by using VNet peering. SpokeVNet contains a subnet named SpokeVNetSubnet0.

The Azure virtual machines on SpokeVNetSubnet0 can communicate with the computers on the on-premises network. You plan to deploy an Azure firewall to HubVNet.

You create the following two routing tables:

- RT1: Includes a user-defined route that points to the private IP address of the Azure firewall as a next hop address RT2: Disables BGP route propagation and defines the private IP address of the Azure firewall as the default gateway

You need to ensure that traffic between SpokeVNetSubnet0 and the on-premises network flows through the Azure firewall.

To which subnet should you associate each route table? To answer, drag the appropriate subnets to the correct route tables. Each subnet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Select and Place:

**Subnets**

- Azure FirewallSubnet
- GatewaySubnet
- HubVNetSubnet0

**Answer Area**

RT1:

RT2:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

**Subnets**

- Azure FirewallSubnet
- GatewaySubnet
- HubVNetSubnet0

**Answer Area**

RT1: GatewaySubnet

RT2: HubVNetSubnet0

**NEW QUESTION 7**

**HOTSPOT**

You have Azure virtual machines that have Update Management enabled. The virtual machines are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Region	Resource group
VM1	Windows Server 2012	East US	RG1
VM2	Windows Server 2012 R2	West US	RG1
VM3	Windows Server 2016	West US	RG2
VM4	Ubuntu Server 18.04 LTS	West US	RG2
VM5	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.4	East US	RG1
VM6	CentOS 7.5	East US	RG1

You schedule two update deployments named Update1 and Update2. Update1 updates VM3. Update2 updates VM6.  
 Which additional virtual machines can be updated by using Update1 and Update2? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.  
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.  
 Hot Area:

## Answer Area

Update1: 

	▼
VM2 only	
VM4 only	
VM1 and VM2 only	
VM1, VM2, VM4, VM5, and VM6	

Update2: 

	▼
VM5 only	
VM1 and VM5 only	
VM4 and VM5 only	
VM1, VM2, and VM5 only	
VM1, VM2, VM3, VM4, and VM5	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Update1: VM1 and VM2 only

VM3: Windows Server 2016 West US RG2

Update2: VM4 and VM5 only VM6: CentOS 7.5 East US RG1

For Linux, the machine must have access to an update repository. The update repository can be private or public. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/automation-update-management>

**NEW QUESTION 8**

You are testing an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster. The cluster is configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)

**BASICS**

Subscription	Microsoft Azure Sponsorship
Resource group	AzureBackupRG_eastus2_1
Region	East US
Kubernetes cluster name	akscluster2
Kubernetes version	1.1 1.5
DNS name prefix	akscluster2
Node count	3
Node size	Standard_DS2_v2
Virtual nodes (preview)	Disabled

**AUTHENTICATION**

Enable RBAC No

**NETWORKING**

HTTP application routing Yes  
 Network configuration Basic

**MONITORING**

Enable container monitoring No

**TAGS**

You plan to deploy the cluster to production. You disable HTTP application routing.

You need to implement application routing that will provide reverse proxy and TLS termination for AKS services by using a single IP address. What should you do?

- A. Create an AKS Ingress controller.
- B. Install the container network interface (CNI) plug-in.
- C. Create an Azure Standard Load Balancer.
- D. Create an Azure Basic Load Balancer.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

An ingress controller is a piece of software that provides reverse proxy, configurable traffic routing, and TLS termination for Kubernetes services.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/ingress-tls>

**NEW QUESTION 9**

**HOTSPOT**

You assign User8 the Owner role for RG4, RG5, and RG6.

In which resource groups can User8 create virtual networks and NSGs? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

**Answer Area**

User8 can create virtual networks in:

▼
RG4 only
RG6 only
RG4 and RG6 only
RG4, RG5, and RG6

User8 can create NSGs in:

▼
RG4 only
RG4 and RG5 only
RG4 and RG6 only
RG4, RG5, and RG6

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: RG4 only

Virtual Networks are not allowed for Rg5 and Rg6.

Box 2: Rg4,Rg5, and Rg6 Scenario:

Contoso has two Azure subscriptions named Sub1 and Sub2.

Sub1 contains six resource groups named RG1, RG2, RG3, RG4, RG5, and RG6. You assign User8 the Owner role for RG4, RG5, and RG6

User8 city Sidney, Role:None

Note: A network security group (NSG) contains a list of security rules that allow or deny network traffic to resources connected to Azure Virtual Networks (VNet).

NSGs can be associated to subnets, individual VMs (classic), or individual network interfaces (NIC) attached to VMs (Resource Manager).

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

**NEW QUESTION 10**

You have an Azure subscription named Sub1 that is associated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

You are assigned the Global administrator role for the tenant. You are responsible for managing Azure Security Center settings. You need to create a custom sensitivity label.

What should you do first?

- A. Create a custom sensitive information type.
- B. Elevate access for global administrators in Azure AD.
- C. Upgrade the pricing tier of the Security Center to Standard.
- D. Enable integration with Microsoft Cloud App Security.

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

First, you need to create a new sensitive information type because you can't directly modify the default rules.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/securitycompliance/customize-a-built-in-sensitive-information-type>

**NEW QUESTION 10**

**DRAG DROP**

You need to configure SQLDB1 to meet the data and application requirements.

Which three actions should you recommend be performed in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

**Actions**

**Answer Area**

- From the Azure portal, create an Azure AD administrator for LitwareSQLServer1.
- In SQLDB1, create contained database users.
- Connect to SQLDB1 by using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS).
- In Azure AD, create a system-assigned managed identity.
- In Azure AD, create a user-assigned managed identity.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Step 1: Connect to SQLDB1 by using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

Step 2: In SQLDB1, create contained database users.

Create a contained user in the database that represents the VM's system-assigned identity.

Step 3: In Azure AD, create a system-assigned managed identity.

A system-assigned identity for a Windows virtual machine (VM) can be used to access an Azure SQL server. Managed Service Identities are automatically managed by Azure and enable you to authenticate to services that support Azure AD authentication, without needing to insert credentials into your code.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/tutorial-windows-vm-access-sql>

Question Set 2

**NEW QUESTION 13**

You have an Azure SQL Database server named SQL1.

You plan to turn on Advanced Threat Protection for SQL1 to detect all threat detection types. Which action will Advanced Threat Protection detect as a threat?

- A. A user updates more than 50 percent of the records in a table.
- B. A user attempts to sign as select \* from table1.
- C. A user is added to the db\_owner database role.
- D. A user deletes more than 100 records from the same table.

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:**

Advanced Threat Protection can detect potential SQL injections: This alert is triggered when an active exploit happens against an identified application vulnerability to SQL injection. This means the attacker is trying to inject malicious SQL statements using the vulnerable application code or stored procedures.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-threat-detection-overview>

**NEW QUESTION 16**

HOTSPOT

You have the Azure Information Protection conditions shown in the following table.

Name	Pattern	Case sensitivity
Condition1	White	On
Condition2	Black	Off

You have the Azure Information Protection labels shown in the following table.

Name	Applies to	Use label	Set the default label
Global	Not applicable	None	None
Policy1	User1	Label1	None
Policy2	User1	Label2	None

You need to identify how Azure Information Protection will label files.

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

**Answer Area**

If User1 creates a Microsoft Word file that includes the text "Black and White", the file will be assigned:

▼
No label
Label1 only
Label2 only
Label1 and Label2

If User1 creates a Microsoft Notepad file that includes the text "Black or white", the file will be assigned:

▼
No label
Label1 only
Label2 only
Label1 and Label2

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Box 1: Label 2 only

How multiple conditions are evaluated when they apply to more than one label

1. The labels are ordered for evaluation, according to their position that you specify in the policy: The label positioned first has the lowest position (least sensitive) and the label positioned last has the highest position (most sensitive).
2. The most sensitive label is applied.
3. The last sublabel is applied.

Box 2: No Label

Automatic classification applies to Word, Excel, and PowerPoint when documents are saved, and apply to Outlook when emails are sent. Automatic classification does not apply to Microsoft Notepad.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/information-protection/configure-policy-classification>

**NEW QUESTION 17**

Your company uses Azure DevOps.

You need to recommend a method to validate whether the code meets the company's quality standards and code review standards. What should you recommend implementing in Azure DevOps?

- A. branch folders
- B. branch permissions
- C. branch policies
- D. branch locking

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Branch policies help teams protect their important branches of development. Policies enforce your team's code quality and change management standards.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/repos/git/branch-policies?view=azure-devops&viewFallbackFrom=vsts>

**NEW QUESTION 19**

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