

# Cisco

## Exam Questions 210-255

Implementing Cisco Cybersecurity Operations



#### NEW QUESTION 1

Which option is unnecessary for determining the appropriate containment strategy according to NIST.SP800-61 r2?

- A. effectiveness of the strategy
- B. time and resource needed to implement the strategy
- C. need for evidence preservation
- D. attack vector used to compromise the system

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 2

The United States CERT provides cybersecurity protection to Federal, civilian, and executive branch agencies through intrusion detection and prevention capabilities. Which type of incident response team is this an example of?

- A. Federal PSIRT
- B. National PSIRT
- C. National CSIRT
- D. Federal CSIRT

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 3

Which statement about the collected evidence data when performing digital forensics is true?

- A. it must be preserved and its integrity verified.
- B. It must be copied to external storage media and immediately distributed to the CISO.
- C. It must be stored in a forensics lab only by the data custodian.
- D. It must be deleted as soon as possible due to PCI compliance.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 4

Which value in profiling servers in a system is true?

- A. it can identify when network performance has decreased
- B. it can identify servers that have been exploited
- C. it can identify when network ports have been connected
- D. it can protect the address space of critical hosts.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

Which of the following is typically a responsibility of a PSIRT?

- A. Configure the organization's firewall
- B. Monitor security logs
- C. Investigate security incidents in a security operations center (SOC)
- D. Disclose vulnerabilities in the organization's products and services

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

Which option allows a file to be extracted from a TCP stream within Wireshark?

- A. File > Export Objects
- B. Analyze > Extract
- C. Tools > Export > TCP
- D. View > Extract

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

Which file system has 32 bits assigned to the address clusters of the allocation table?

- A. FAT32
- B. NTFS
- C. EXT4
- D. FAT16

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 8

Which of the following has been used to evade IDS and IPS devices?

- A. SNMP
- B. HTTP
- C. TNP
- D. Fragmentation

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 9

Which of the following is not true about listening ports?

- A. A listening port is a port held open by a running application in order to accept inbound connections.
- B. Seeing traffic from a known port will identify the associated service.
- C. Listening ports use values that can range between 1 and 65535.
- D. TCP port 80 is commonly known for Internet traffic.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Which statement about threat actors is true?

- A. They are any company assets that are threatened.
- B. They are any assets that are threatened.
- C. They are perpetrators of attacks.
- D. They are victims of attacks.

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:** A threat actor is an individual or a group of individuals who are responsible for a malicious incident that negatively impacts the security posture of an organization. Threat actors can be further categorized by a combination of skill level, type of activity within the network, and their pursuing motivations.

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Which option is generated when a file is run through an algorithm and generates a string specific to the contents of that file?

- A. URL
- B. hash
- C. IP address
- D. destination port

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 12

Which CVSSv3 metric captures the level of access that is required for a successful attack?

- A. attack vector
- B. attack complexity
- C. privileges required
- D. user interaction

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:** Privileges RequiredThe new metric, Privileges Required, replaces the Authentication metric of v2.0. Instead of measuring the number of times an attacker must separately authenticate to a system, Privileges Required captures the level of access required for a successful attack. Specifically, the metric values High, Low, and None reflect the privileges required by an attacker in order to exploit the vulnerability.

#### NEW QUESTION 14

Which example of a precursor is true?

- A. An admin finds their password has been changed.
- B. A log indicating a port scan was run against a host.
- C. A notification that a host is infected with malware.
- D. A device configuration changed from the baseline without an audit log entry.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 19

Which string matches the regular expression r(ege)+x?

- A. rx
- B. regeegex
- C. r(ege)x
- D. rege+x

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 24

Which element can be used by a threat actor to discover a possible opening into a target network and can also be used by an analyst to determine the protocol of the malicious traffic?

- A. TTLs
- B. ports
- C. SMTP replies
- D. IP addresses

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 28

Which regular expression matches "color" and "colour"?

- A. col[0-9]+our
- B. colo?ur
- C. colou?r
- D. ]a-z]{7}

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 31

Which option can be addressed when using retrospective security techniques?

- A. if the affected host needs a software update
- B. how the malware entered our network
- C. why the malware is still in our network
- D. if the affected system needs replacement

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 36

Based on nistsp800-61R2 what are the recommended protections against malware? Malware prevention software

**Answer:**

#### NEW QUESTION 41

Which of the following steps in the kill chain would come before the others?

- A. C2
- B. Delivery
- C. Installation
- D. Exploitation

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 44

Which Linux file system allows unlimited folder subdirectory structure

- A. ext4
- B. ext3
- C. ext2
- D. NTFS

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 47

Which two options can be used by a threat actor to determine the role of a server? (Choose two.)

- A. PCAP
- B. tracer
- C. running processes
- D. hard drive configuration
- E. applications

**Answer:** CE

#### NEW QUESTION 51

You see 100 HTTP GET and POST requests for various pages on one of your web servers. The user agent in the requests contain php code that, if executed, creates and writes to a new php file on the webserver. Which category does this event fall under as defined in the Diamond Model of Intrusion?

- A. delivery
- B. reconnaissance

- C. action on objectives
- D. installation
- E. exploitation

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 56

Which two potions about deterministic and probabilistic analysis are true? (Choose two.)

- A. probabilistic analysis uses data known beforehand and deterministic analysis is based off assumptions.
- B. Deterministic analysis uses data known beforehand and probabilistic analysis based off of assumptions.
- C. Deterministic analysis is based off of assumptions
- D. Probabilistic analysis result in a result that is definitive.
- E. probabilistic analysis results in a result that is not definitive.

**Answer:** BE

#### NEW QUESTION 57

Refer to the exhibit.

| No.  | Time     | Source        | Destination   | Protocol | Length | Info   |
|------|----------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------|--|
| 1878 | 6.473353 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 80-49522 [ACK] Seq=14404 ACK=2987 Win=65535 Len=0        |
| 1986 | 6.736855 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | HTTP     | 245    | HTTP/1.1 304 Not Modified                                |
| 1987 | 6.736873 | 10.0.2.15     | 173.37.145.84 | TCP      | 56     | 49522-80 [ACK] Seq=2987 ACK=14593 Win=59640 Len=0        |
| 2317 | 7.245088 | 10.0.2.15     | 173.37.145.84 | TCP      | 2976   | [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]                       |
| 2318 | 7.245192 | 10.0.2.15     | 173.37.145.84 | HTTP     | 1020   | GET /web/fw/1/ntpametag.gif?js=14ts=1476292607552.2866tc |
| 2321 | 7.246633 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 80-49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 ACK=4447 Win=65535 Len=0        |
| 2322 | 7.246640 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 80-49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 ACK=5907 Win=65535 Len=0        |
| 2323 | 7.246642 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 80-49522 [ACK] Seq=14593 ACK=6871 Win=65535 Len=0        |
| 2542 | 7.512750 | 173.37.145.84 | 10.0.2.15     | HTTP     | 442    | HTTP/1.1 200 OK (GIF89a)                                 |
| 2543 | 7.512781 | 10.0.2.15     | 173.37.145.84 | TCP      | 56     | 49522-80 [ACK] Seq=6871 ACK=14979 Win=62480 Len=0        |

Which packet contains a file that is extractable within Wireshark?

- A. 1986
- B. 2318
- C. 2542
- D. 2317

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 59

Which information must be left out of a final incident report?

- A. server hardware configurations
- B. exploit or vulnerability used
- C. impact and/or the financial loss
- D. how the incident was detected

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 60

How do you enforce network access control automatically?

- A. IGMP
- B. SNMP
- C. 802.1X
- D. Port Security

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 61

A user on your network receives an email in their mailbox that contains a malicious attachment. There is no indication that the file was run. Which category as defined in the Diamond Model of Intrusion does this activity fall under?

- A. reconnaissance
- B. weaponization
- C. delivery
- D. installation

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 65

Which data type is protected under the PCI compliance framework?

- A. credit card type
- B. primary account number
- C. health conditions
- D. provision of individual care

Answer: B

**Explanation:** From PCI security standards, PAN or Primary Account Number is the correct Answer  
<https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/documents/PCI%20SSC%20Quick%20Reference%20Guide.pdf>

#### NEW QUESTION 66

Refer to the exhibit.

| No. | Time     | Source        | Destination   | Protocol | Length | Info                  |
|-----|----------|---------------|---------------|----------|--------|-----------------------|
| 19  | 0.022656 | 192.124.249.9 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 443→50588 [SYN, ACK]  |
| 20  | 0.022702 | 10.0.2.15     | 192.124.249.9 | TCP      | 56     | 50588→443 [ACK] Seq=1 |
| 21  | 0.022988 | 192.124.249.9 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 443→50586 [SYN, ACK]  |
| 22  | 0.022996 | 10.0.2.15     | 192.124.249.9 | TCP      | 56     | 50586→443 [ACK] Seq=1 |
| 23  | 0.023212 | 10.0.2.15     | 192.124.249.9 | TCP      | 261    | 50588→443 [PSH, ACK]  |
| 24  | 0.023373 | 10.0.2.15     | 192.124.249.9 | TCP      | 261    | 50586→443 [PSH, ACK]  |
| 25  | 0.023445 | 192.124.249.9 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 443→50588 [ACK] Seq=1 |
| 26  | 0.023617 | 192.124.249.9 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 62     | 443→50586 [ACK] Seq=1 |
| 27  | 0.037413 | 192.124.249.9 | 10.0.2.15     | TCP      | 2792   | 443→50586 [PSH, ACK]  |
| 28  | 0.037426 | 10.0.2.15     | 192.124.249.9 | TCP      | 56     | 50586→443 [ACK] Seq=1 |

Frame 24: 261 bytes on wire (2088 bits), 261 bytes captured (2088 bits) on interface eth0

Ethernet II, Src: VirtualBox (08:00:00:00:00:00), Dst: VirtualBox (08:00:00:00:00:00)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.2.15 (10.0.2.15), Dst: 192.124.249.9 (192.124.249.9)

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 50586 (50586), Dst Port: 443 (443), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Win: 0, Len: 0

Data (205 bytes)

Data: 16030100c8010000c403030e06ead078d17676c13ab46ebf... [Length: 205]

0000 00 04 00 01 00 06 08 00 27 7a 3c 93 00 00 08 00 .....Z<.....  
 0010 45 00 00 f5 48 7b 40 00 40 06 2b f3 0a 00 02 0f E...H{@. @+.....  
 0020 c0 7c f9 09 c5 9a 01 bb 0e 1f dc b4 00 b4 aa 02 -|.....  
 0030 50 18 72 10 c6 7c 00 00 16 03 01 00 c8 01 00 00 P.r...|.....  
 0040 c4 03 03 0e 06 ea d0 78 d1 76 76 c1 3a b4 6e bf .....X.vv...n.  
 0050 e6 b8 b8 b2 ba 08 d6 6d 0d 38 fb 91 45 de fc ee .....m.B..E...  
 0060 8b 6e f8 00 00 1e c0 2b c0 2f cc a9 cc a8 c0 2c -n.....\*/.....  
 0070 c0 30 c0 0a c0 09 c0 13 c0 14 00 33 00 39 00 2f -0.....3.9./  
 0080 00 35 00 0a 01 00 00 7d 00 00 00 16 00 14 00 00 -5.....}  
 0090 11 77 77 77 2e 6c 69 6e 75 78 6d 69 6e 74 2e 63 www.lin uxmint.c  
 00a0 6f 6d 00 17 00 00 ff 01 00 01 00 00 0a 00 08 00 om.....  
 00b0 06 00 17 00 18 00 19 00 0b 00 02 01 00 00 23 00 .....#.  
 00c0 00 33 74 00 00 00 10 00 17 00 15 02 68 32 08 73 -3t.....h2.s  
 00d0 70 64 79 2f 33 2e 31 08 68 74 74 70 2f 31 2e 31 pdy/3.1. http/1.1  
 00e0 00 05 00 05 01 00 00 00 00 00 0d 00 18 00 16 04 .....  
 00f0 01 05 01 06 01 02 01 04 03 05 03 06 03 02 03 05 .....  
 0100 02 04 02 02 02 .....</p>
</div>
<div data-bbox=

### NEW QUESTION 73

In VERIS, an incident is viewed as a series of events that adversely affects the information assets of an organization. Which option contains the elements that every event is comprised of according to VERIS incident model'?

- A. victim demographics, incident description, incident details, discovery & response
- B. victim demographics, incident details, indicators of compromise, impact assessment
- C. actors, attributes, impact, remediation
- D. actors, actions, assets, attributes

**Answer:** D

### NEW QUESTION 78

What is the process of remediation the network and systems and/or reconstructing so the responsible threat actor can be revealed?

- A. Data analysis
- B. Assets distribution
- C. Evidence collection
- D. Threat actor distribution

**Answer:** A

### NEW QUESTION 81

Which of the following are examples of some of the responsibilities of a corporate CSIRT and the policies it helps create? (Select all that apply.)

- A. Scanning vendor customer networks
- B. Incident classification and handling
- C. Information classification and protection
- D. Information dissemination
- E. Record retentions and destruction

**Answer:** BCDE

### NEW QUESTION 85

Which of the following is an example of a managed security offering where incident response experts monitor and respond to security alerts in a security operations center (SOC)?

- A. Cisco CloudLock
- B. Cisco's Active Threat Analytics (ATA)
- C. Cisco Managed Firepower Service
- D. Cisco Jasper

**Answer:** B

### NEW QUESTION 89

Which CVSSv3 metric value increases when attacks consume network bandwidth, processor cycles, or disk space?

- A. confidentiality
- B. integrity
- C. availability
- D. complexity

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:** Availability Impact (A): This metric measures the impact to the availability of the impacted component resulting from a successfully exploited vulnerability. While the confidentiality and integrity impact metrics apply to the loss of confidentiality or integrity of data such as information and files used by the impacted component, this metric refers to the loss of availability of the impacted component itself, such as a networked service such as web, database, and email. Because availability refers to the accessibility of information resources, attacks that consume network bandwidth, processor cycles, or disk space all impact the availability of an impacted component.

### NEW QUESTION 94

According to NIST-SP800-61R2, which option should be contained in the issue tracking system?

- A. incidents related to the current incident
- B. incident unrelated to the current incident
- C. actions taken by nonincident handlers
- D. latest public virus signatures

**Answer:** A

### NEW QUESTION 99

What is the difference between deterministic and probabilistic assessment method? (Choose Two)

- A. At deterministic method we know the facts beforehand and at probabilistic method we make assumptions
- B. At probabilistic method we know the facts beforehand and at deterministic method we make assumptions
- C. Probabilistic method has an absolute nature

D. Deterministic method has an absolute nature

**Answer:** AD

#### NEW QUESTION 104

Which are two security goals of data normalization? (Choose two.)

- A. increase data exposure
- B. purge redundant data
- C. create data for attraction
- D. maintain data integrity
- E. reduce size of data on disk

**Answer:** BD

#### NEW QUESTION 106

What is the common artifact that is used to uniquely identify a detected file?

- A. Hash
- B. Timestamp
- C. File size

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 109

You have run a suspicious file in a sandbox analysis tool to see what the file does. The analysis report shows that outbound callouts were made post infection. Which two pieces of information from the analysis report are needed or required to investigate the callouts? (Choose two.)

- A. file size
- B. domain names
- C. dropped files
- D. signatures
- E. host IP addresses

**Answer:** BE

#### NEW QUESTION 110

Which HTTP header field is usually used in forensics to identify the type of browser used?

- A. accept-language
- B. user-agent
- C. referrer
- D. host

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 112

You have a video of a suspect entering a data center that was captured on the same that files in the same data center were transferred to a computer. Which type of is this?

- A. Physical evidence
- B. best evidence
- C. prima faice evidence
- D. indirect evidence

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 114

Which function does an internal CSIRT provide?

- A. incident handling services across various CSIRTs
- B. incident handling services for a country's government
- C. incident handling services for a parent organization
- D incident handling services as a service for other organization

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 118

In addition to cybercrime and attacks, evidence found on a system or network may be presented in a court of law to support accusations of crime or civil action, including which of the following?

- A. Fraud, money laundering, and theft
- B. Drug-related crime
- C. Murder and acts of violence
- D. All of the above

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 122**

Which incident handling is focused on minimizing the impact of an incident?

- A. Scoping
- B. Reporting
- C. Containment
- D. Eradication

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 126**

Which of the following are core responsibilities of a national CSIRT and CERT?

- A. Provide solutions for bug bounties
- B. Protect their citizens by providing security vulnerability information, security awareness training, best practices, and other information
- C. Provide vulnerability brokering to vendors within a country
- D. Create regulations around cybersecurity within the country

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 130**

What are the metric values of the confidentiality based on the CVSS framework?

- A. Low-high
- B. Low –Medium-high
- C. High-Low-none
- D. High-none

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 133**

Which type of analysis shows what the outcome is as well how likely each outcome is?

- A. exploratory
- B. descriptive
- C. probabilistic
- D. deterministic

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 134**

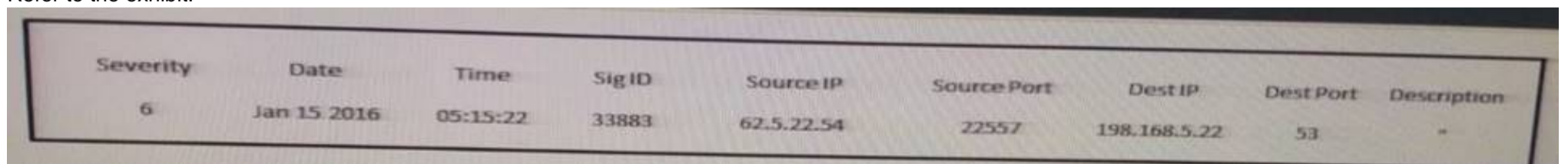
Which precursor example is true?

- A. Admin finds their password has been changed
- B. A log scan indicating a port scan against a host
- C. A network device configuration has been changed

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 136**

Refer to the exhibit.



| Severity | Date        | Time     | Sig ID | Source IP  | Source Port | Dest IP      | Dest Port | Description |
|----------|-------------|----------|--------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| 6        | Jan 15 2016 | 05:15:22 | 33883  | 62.5.22.54 | 22557       | 198.168.5.22 | 53        | *           |

Which type of log is this an example of?

- A. IDS log
- B. proxy log
- C. NetFlow log
- D. syslog

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 139**

Which of the following are the three metrics, or "scores," of the Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS)? (Select all that apply.)

- A. Baseline score
- B. Base score
- C. Environmental score
- D. Temporal score

**Answer:** BCD

#### NEW QUESTION 144

Which option filters a LibPCAP capture that used a host as a gateway?

- A. tcp|udp [src|dst] port <port>
- B. [src|dst] net <net> [{mask <mask>}]{len <len>}}
- C. ether [src|dst] host <ehost>
- D. gateway host <host>

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:** This primitive allows you to filter on packets that used host as a gateway. That is, where the Ethernet source or destination was host but neither the source nor destination IP address was host.

#### NEW QUESTION 147

Which component of the NIST SP800-61 r2 incident handling strategy reviews data?

- A. preparation
- B. detection and analysis
- C. containment, eradication, and recovery
- D. post-incident analysis

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:** 3.4.2 Using Collected Incident Data (which falls under post incident analysis in the aforementioned document)Lessons learned activities should produce a set of objective and subjective data regarding each incident.Over time, the collected incident data should be useful in several capacities. The data, particularly the total hours of involvement and the cost, may be used to justify additional funding of the incident response team. A study of incident characteristics may indicate systemic security weaknesses and threats, as wellas changes in incident trends. This data can be put back into the risk assessment process, ultimately leading to the selection and implementation of additional controls. Another good use of the data is measuring the success of the incident response team. If incident data is collected and stored properly, it should provide several measures of the success (or at least the activities) of the incident response team.Incident data can also be collected to determine if a change to incident response capabilities causes a corresponding change in the team's performance (e.g., improvements in efficiency, reductions in costs).

#### NEW QUESTION 150

Which command can be used to find open ports on a system?

- A. netstat -l
- B. netstat -v
- C. netstat -r
- D. netstat-g

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 152

Which CSIRT category provides incident handling services to their parent organization such as a bank, a manufacturing company, a university, or a federal agency?

- A. internal CSIRT
- B. national CSIRT
- C. coordination centers
- D. analysis centers
- E. vendor teams
- F. incident response providers

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 153

Which of the following are examples of some of the responsibility of a corporate CSIRT and the policies it helps create? (Choose four)

- A. Scanning vendor customer network
- B. incident classification and handling
- C. Information classification and protection
- D. Information dissemination
- E. Record retentions and destruction

**Answer:** BCDE

#### NEW QUESTION 158

Which technology is the leading industry approach used to automatically enforce NAC?

- A. SNMP
- B. port security
- C. IGMP

D. 802.1x

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 162**

According to NIST 86, which action describes the volatile data collection?

- A. Collect data before rebooting
- B. Collect data while rebooting
- C. Collect data after rebooting
- D. Collect data that contains malware

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 166**

Refer to the exhibit.

**Threat Intelligence:**

| IP Address      | Reputation (-100 to 100 higher is safer) |
|-----------------|--|
| ABC.example.com | 25                                       |
| DEF.example.com | -75                                      |
| FGH.example.com | 0  |
| XYZ.example.com | 75                                       |

**DNS Information:**

| Domain Name     | IP Address      |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| ABC.example.com | 209.165.201.10  |
| DEF.example.com | 209.165.201.130 |
| FGH.example.com | 209.165.200.230 |
| XYZ.example.com | 209.165.202.25  |

**Session Logs:**

| Source         | Destination         | Protocol |
|----------------|---------------------|----------|
| 10.0.1.1/5567  | 209.165.201.130/443 | TCP      |
| 10.0.1.2/8012  | 209.165.201.10/80   | TCP      |
| 10.0.1.10/8125 | 209.165.200.230/80  | TCP      |
| 10.0.1.20/9765 | 209.165.202.25/443  | TCP      |

Which host is likely connecting to a malicious site?

- A. 10.0.1.10
- B. 10.0.1.20
- C. 10.0.12
- D. 10.0.1.1

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 170**

Which option is a misuse variety per VERIS enumerations?

- A. snooping
- B. hacking
- C. theft
- D. assault

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:** Misuse is defined as the use of entrusted organizational resources or privileges for any purpose or manner contrary to that which was intended. Includes administrative abuse, use policy violations, use of non-approved assets, etc. These actions can be malicious or non-malicious in nature. Misuse is

exclusive to parties that enjoy a degree of trust from the organization, such as insiders and partners. VERIS classification note: There is an action category for Hacking and for Misuse. Both can utilize similar vectors and achieve similar results; in Misuse, the actor was granted access/privileges (and used them inappropriately), whereas with Hacking, access/privileges are obtained illegitimately.

**NEW QUESTION 172**

To which category do attributes belong within the VERIS schema ?

- A. victim demographics
- B. incident tracking
- C. Discovery and response
- D. incident description

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 175**

Which expression creates a filter on a host IP address or name?

- A. [src|dst] host <host >
- B. [tcp|udp] [src|dst] port<port>
- C. ether [src|dst] host<ehost>
- D. gateway host <host>

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:** [https://www.wireshark.org/docs/wsug\\_html\\_chunked/ChCapCaptureFilterSection.html](https://www.wireshark.org/docs/wsug_html_chunked/ChCapCaptureFilterSection.html)

**NEW QUESTION 176**

Drag and drop the type of evidence from the left onto the correct deception(s) of that evidence on the right.

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| direct evidence        | log that shows a command and control check-in from verified malware  |
| corroborative evidence | firewall log showing successful communication and threat intelligence stating an IP is known to host malware |
| indirect evidence      | NetFlow-based spike in DNS traffic   |

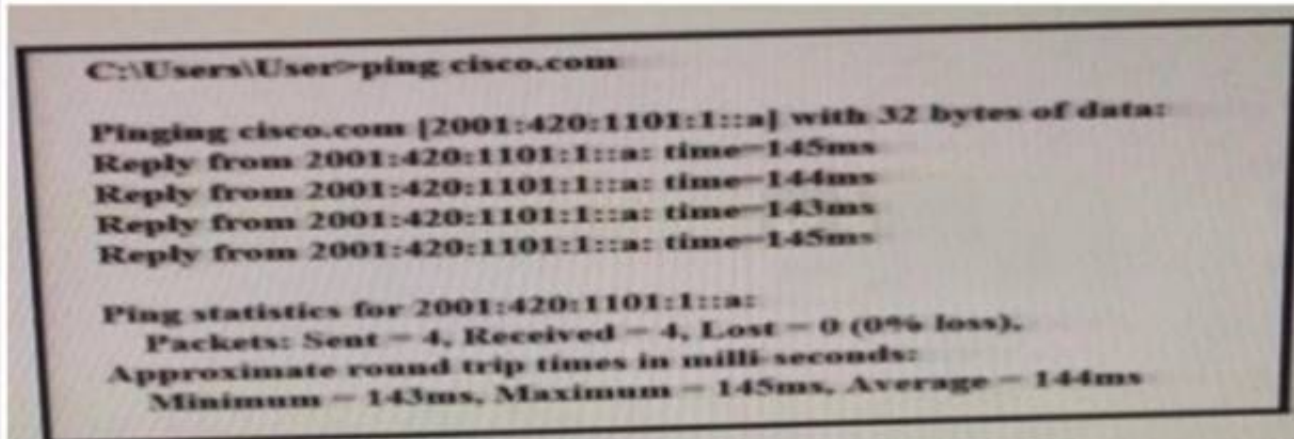
**Answer:**

**Explanation:**

|                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| direct evidence        | indirect evidence      |
| corroborative evidence | direct evidence        |
| indirect evidence      | corroborative evidence |

**NEW QUESTION 178**

Refer to the exhibit.



What can be determined from this ping result?

- A. The public IP address of cisco.com is 2001:420:1101:1::a.
- B. The Cisco.com website is down.
- C. The Cisco.com website is responding with an internal IP.
- D. The public IP address of cisco.com is an IPv4 address.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 180

Which CVSS metric describes the conditions that are beyond the attackers control so that an attack can be successful?

- A. User interaction
- B. Attack vector
- C. attack complexity
- D. privileges required

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 181

Which of the following is not an example of the VERIS main schema categories?

- A. Incident tracking
- B. Victim demographics
- C. Incident descriptions
- D. Incident forensics ID

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 182

Which of the following is one of the main goals of data normalization?

- A. To save duplicate logs for redundancy
- B. To purge redundant data while maintaining data integrity
- C. To correlate IPS and IDS logs with DNS
- D. To correlate IPS/IDS logs with firewall logs

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 187

Which type of intrusion event is an attacker retrieving the robots.txt file from target site?

- A. exploitation
- B. weaponization
- C. scanning
- D. reconnaissance

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 190

Refer to the exhibit.

| Severity | Date        | Time     | Sig ID | Source IP  | Source Port | Dest IP      | Dest Port | Description |
|----------|-------------|----------|--------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| 6        | Jan 15 2016 | 05:15:22 | 33883  | 62.5.22.54 | 22557       | 198.168.5.22 | 53        | "           |

Which type of log is this an example of?

- A. syslog
- B. NetFlow log
- C. proxy log
- D. IDS log

**Answer:** B

**Explanation:** A typical output of a NetFlow command line tool (nfdump in this case) when printing the stored flows may look as follows:

```
Date flow start Duration Proto Src IP Addr:Port Dst IP Addr:Port Packets Bytes Flows
2010-09-01 00:00:00.459 0.000 UDP 127.0.0.1:24920 -> 192.168.0.1:22126
1 46 12010-09-01 00:00:00.363 0.000 UDP 192.168.0.1:22126 -> 127.0.0.1:24920 1 80 1
```

#### NEW QUESTION 195

Which description of a retrospective malware detection is true?

- A. You use Wireshark to identify the malware source.
- B. You use historical information from one or more sources to identify the affected host or file.
- C. You use information from a network analyzer to identify the malware source.
- D. You use Wireshark to identify the affected host or file.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 200

Which two statements correctly describe the victim demographics section of the VERIS schema? (Choose two.)

- A. The victim demographics section describes but does not identify the organization that is affected by the incident.
- B. The victim demographics section compares different types of organizations or departments within a single organization.
- C. The victim demographics section captures general information about the incident.
- D. The victim demographics section uses geolocation data to identify the organization name of the victim and the threat actor.

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 203

Which type verification typically consists of using tools to compute the message digest of the original and copies data, then comparing the digests to make sure that they are the same?

- A. evidence collection order
- B. data integrity
- C. data preservation
- D. volatile data collection

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 207

Which option has a drastic impact on network traffic because it can cause legitimate traffic to be blocked?

- A. true positive
- B. true negative
- C. false positive
- D. false negative

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 208

You receive an alert for malicious code that exploits Internet Explorer and runs arbitrary code on the site visitor machine. The malicious code is on an external site that is being visited by hosts on your network. Which user agent in the HTTP headers in the requests from your internal hosts warrants further investigation?

- A. Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT 6.2; Trident 6.0)
- B. Mozilla/5.0 (XII; Linux i686; rv: 1.9.2.20) Gecko/20110805
- C. Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; rv: 4.0.0) Gecko/20100101
- D. Opera/9.80 (XII; Linux i686; Ubuntu/14.10) Presto/2.12.388 Version/12.16

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 210

Which of the following are the three broad categories of cybersecurity investigations?

- A. Public, private, and individual investigations
- B. Judiciary, private, and individual investigations
- C. Public, private, and corporate investigations
- D. Government, corporate, and private investigations

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 212

What does the CSIRT incident response provider usually do?

- A. provide incident handling services to their parent organization.
- B. provide incident handling services to a country
- C. coordinate and facilitate the handling of incidents across various CSIRTs

- D. focus on synthesizing data from various sources to determine trends and patterns in incident activity
- E. handle reports of vulnerabilities in their software or hardware products
- F. offer incident handling services as a for-free service to other organizations

**Answer:** F

**NEW QUESTION 213**

Which CVSS metric describes the conditions that are beyond the attacker's control that must be exist to exploit the vulnerability?

- A. attack vector
- B. attack complexity
- C. privileges required
- D. user interaction

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 216**

Choose the option that best describes NIST data integrity

- A. use only sha-1
- B. use only md5
- C. you must hash data & backup and compare hashes
- D. no need to hash data & backup and compare hashes

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 219**

Which two potions are the primary 5-tuple components? (Choose two)

- A. destination IP address
- B. header length
- C. sequence number
- D. checksum
- E. source IP address

**Answer:** AE

**NEW QUESTION 220**

Filtering ports in wireshark?

- A. tcp.port == 80
- B. tcp port equals 80
- C. tcp.port 80
- D. port 80

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 222**

Which file is allocated with 32 bits?

- A. NTFS
- B. FAT32
- C. FAT
- D. ExFAT

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 224**

Which option is the process of remediating the network and systems and/or reconstructing the attack so that the responsible threat actor can be revealed?

- A. data analytics
- B. asset attribution
- C. threat actor attribution
- D. evidence collection

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 229**

Which of the following is an example of a coordination center?

- A. Cisco PSIRT
- B. Microsoft MSRC
- C. CERT division of the Software Engineering Institute (SEI)
- D. FIRST

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 233

Which type of analysis allows you to see how likely an exploit could affect your network?

- A. descriptive
- B. casual
- C. probabilistic
- D. inferential

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:** In deterministic analysis, all data used for the analysis is known beforehand. Probabilistic analysis, on the other hand, is done assuming the likelihood that something will or has happened, but you don't know exactly when or how.

#### NEW QUESTION 234

From a security perspective, why is it important to employ a clock synchronization protocol on a network?

- A. so that everyone knows the local time
- B. to ensure employees adhere to work schedule
- C. to construct an accurate timeline of events when responding to an incident
- D. to guarantee that updates are pushed out according to schedule

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:** The Importance of Time Synchronization for Your NetworkIn modern computer networks time synchronization is critical because every aspect of managing, securing, planning, and debugging a network involves determining when events happen. Time also provides the only frame of reference between all devices on the network. Without synchronized time, accurately correlating log files between these devices is difficult, even impossible. Following are just a few specific reasons:Tracking security breaches, network usage, or problems affecting a large number of components can be nearly impossible if timestamps in logs are inaccurate. Time is often the critical factor that allows an event on one network node to be mapped to a corresponding event on another.To reduce confusion in shared filesystems, it is important for the modification times to be consistent, regardless of what machine the filesystems are on.

#### NEW QUESTION 237

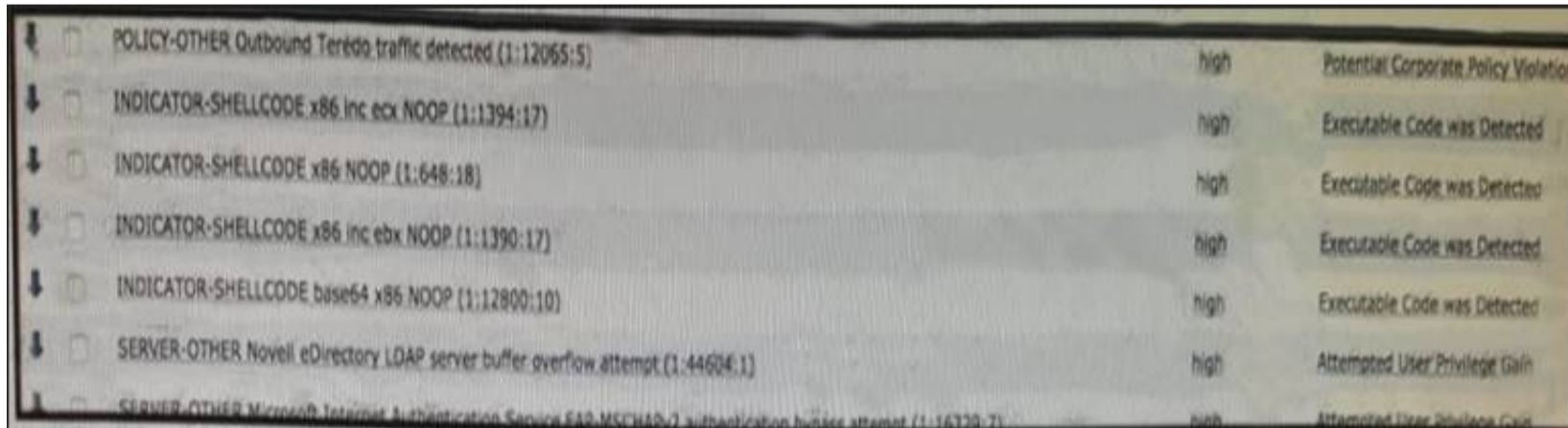
Which Cyber Kill Model category does attacking vulnerability belong to?

- A. Exploitation
- B. Installation
- C. Deliver
- D. Action on Objectives

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 238

Refer to exhibit.



|   |      |                                      |
|---|------|--------------------------------------|
| POLICY-OTHER Outbound Teredo traffic detected (1:12055:5)   | high | Potential Corporate Policy Violation |
| INDICATOR-SHELLCODE x86 inc ecx NOOP (1:1394:17)  | high | Executable Code was Detected         |
| INDICATOR-SHELLCODE x86 NOOP (1:648:18)   | high | Executable Code was Detected         |
| INDICATOR-SHELLCODE x86 inc ebx NOOP (1:1390:17)  | high | Executable Code was Detected         |
| INDICATOR-SHELLCODE base64 x86 NOOP (1:12800:10)  | high | Executable Code was Detected         |
| SERVER-OTHER Novell eDirectory LDAP server buffer overflow attempt (1:44604:1)                                | high | Attempted User Privilege Gain        |
| SERVER-OTHER Microsoft Internet Authentication Service EAP-MSCHAPv2 authentication buffer attempt (1:16720:7) | high | Attempted User Privilege Gain        |

Which option is the logical source device for these events?

- A. web server
- B. NetFlow collector
- C. proxy server
- D. IDS/IPS

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 242

You see confidential data being exfiltrated to an IP address that is attributed to a known Advanced Persistent Threat group. Assume that this is part of a real attack and not a network misconfiguration. Which category does this event fall under as defined in the Diamond Model of Intrusion?

- A. reconnaissance
- B. weaponization
- C. delivery
- D. action on objectives

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:** It is an Advanced Persistent Threat group that being exfiltrated confidential data, and Action and Objectives says that adversary is inside the network and starting to achieve his or her objective for launching the attack. An adversary could use this opportunity to steal data.

#### NEW QUESTION 245

Which event artifact can be used to identify HTTP GET requests for a specific file?

- A. HTTP status code
- B. TCP ACK
- C. destination IP
- D. URI

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 250

Which element is included in an incident response plan?

- A. organization mission
- B. junior analyst approval
- C. day-to-day firefighting
- D. siloed approach to communications

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:** The incident response plan should include the following elements:

– Mission– Strategies and goals– Senior management approval– Organizational approach to incident response– How the incident response team will communicate with the rest of the organization and with other organizations– Metrics for measuring the incident response capability and its effectiveness– Roadmap for maturing the incident response capability– How the program fits into the overall organization.

#### NEW QUESTION 255

What define the roadmap for implementing the incident response capability?

- A. incident response plan
- B. incident response procedure
- C. incident handling guide
- D. incident response policy

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 257

When performing threat hunting against a DNS server, which traffic toward the affected domain is considered a starting point?

- A. HTTPS traffic
- B. TCP traffic
- C. HTTP traffic
- D. UDP traffic

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 259

Which statement about collecting data evidence when performing digital forensics is true?

- A. Allowing unrestricted access to impacted devices
- B. Not allowing items of evidence to be physically touch
- C. Powering off the device after collecting the data
- D. It must be preserved and integrity checked

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 261

Which of the following is typically a responsibility of a PSIRT (Product SIRT)?

- A. Configure the organization's firewall
- B. Monitor security logs
- C. Investigate security incidents in a SOC
- D. Disclosure vulnerabilities in the organization's products and services

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 265

A CMS plugin creates two files that are accessible from the Internet myplugin.html and exploitable.php. A newly discovered exploit takes advantage of an injection vulnerability in exploitable.php. To exploit the vulnerability, one must send an HTTP POST with specific variables to exploitable.php. You see traffic to your webserver that consists of only HTTP GET requests to myplugin.html. Which category best describes this activity?

- A. weaponization
- B. exploitation
- C. installation
- D. reconnaissance

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 269

Which of the following is an example of a managed security offering where incident response experts monitor and respond to security alerts in a SOC?

- A. Cisco CloudLock
- B. Cisco's Active Threat Analytics (ATA)
- C. Cisco Managed Firepower Service
- D. Cisco Jasper

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 271

Refer to the following packet capture. Which of the following statements is true about this packet capture?

```
00:00:04.549138 IP omar.cisco.com.34548 > 93.184.216.34.telnet: Flags [S], seq 3152949738, win 29200, options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 1193148797 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 000:00:05.547084 IP omar.cisco.com.34548 > 93.184.216.34.telnet: Flags [S], seq3152949738, win 29200,options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 1193149047 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 000:00:07.551078 IP omar.cisco.com.34548 > 93.184.216.34.telnet: Flags [S], seq3152949738, win 29200, options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 1193149548 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 000:00:11.559081 IP omar.cisco.com.34548 > 93.184.216.34.telnet: Flags [S], seq3152949738, win 29200,options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 1193150550 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0
```

- A. The host with the IP address 93.184.216.34 is the source.
- B. The host omar.cisco.com is the destination.
- C. This is a Telnet transaction that is timing out and the server is not responding.
- D. The server omar.cisco.com is responding to 93.184.216.34 with four data packets.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 274

What mechanism does the Linux operating system provide to control access to files?

- A. privileges required
- B. user interaction
- C. file permissions
- D. access complexity

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 277

Which two components are included in a 5-tuple? (Choose two.)

- A. port number
- B. destination IP address
- C. data packet
- D. user name
- E. host logs

**Answer:** AB

**Explanation:** The source and destination addresses are primary 5-tuple components. The source address is the IP address of the network that creates and sends a data packet, and the destination address is the recipient.

#### NEW QUESTION 281

Employees are allowed access to internal websites. An employee connects to an internal website and IDS reports it as malicious behavior. What is this example of?

- A. true positive
- B. false negative
- C. false positive
- D. true negative

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 286

You have a video of suspect entering your office the day your data has being stolen?

- A. Direct evidence
- B. Indirect
- C. Circumstantial

**Answer:**

B

**NEW QUESTION 291**

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