

Exam Questions 1z0-074

Upgrade Oracle DBA 11g/12c to 12cR2

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NEW QUESTION 1

You execute this command in your database:

```
ALTER SYSTEM SET ENCRYPT_NEW_TABLESPACES = DDL;
```

How does this affect the creation of tablespaces?

- A. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTION clause specified in the CREATE TABLESPACE statement are not encrypted anywhere.
- B. TEMP and UNDO tablespaces are transparently encrypted with AES128 by default only in the cloud.
- C. TEMP and UNDO tablespaces are transparently encrypted with AES128 by default in an on-premise database.
- D. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTION clause specified in the CREATE TABLESPACE statement are transparently encrypted with AES128 only in an on-premise database.
- E. User tablespaces with noENCRYPTION clause specified in the CREATE TABLESPACE statement are transparently encrypted with AES128 only in the cloud.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

The COMPATIBLE parameter is set to 12.2.0.0.0.

Which two statements are true about SQL identifier lengths? (Choose two.)

- A. Disk group, PDB, and tablespace names are limited to 30 bytes.
- B. Table names can be as long as 128 bytes.
- C. Database names can be as long as 30 bytes.
- D. Database link names can be as long as 30 bytes.
- E. Database names can be as long as 128 bytes.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 3

In your CDB1 container database, the DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST parameter is set to '/u01/app/oracle/oradata'.

CDB1 has an application container called REGIONS_APP.

There are no seeds for REGIONS_APP and there are no other application containers. You plan to execute this command.

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE AS SEED ADMIN USER seed_adm IDENTIFIED BY admin_123;
```

What must you do for the command to execute successfully?

- A. Set the current container to REGIONS_APP
- B. Set the current container to CDB1
- C. Add the FILE_NAME_CONVERT clause to the command
- D. Add the CREATE_FILE_DEST clause to the command
- E. Set the PDB_FILE_NAME_CONVERT parameter to '/u01/app/oracle/oradata'

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 4

Examine these statements:

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('200 00:00:00' AS INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND) FROM DUAL;
```

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('P1Y2M' AS INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH) FROM DUAL;
```

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('July 20, 1969, 20:18' AS DATE, 'MONTH dd, YYYY, HH24:MI', 'NLS_DATE_LANGUAGE = American') FROM DUAL;
```

Which statement is true?

- A. Statements 2 and 3 will validate the conversion
- B. Only statement 3 will validate the conversion
- C. Only statement 1 will validate the conversion
- D. Statement 1 will return an error
- E. All the statements will validate the conversion

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

You want to partition the SALE table on the CITY and SALE_DATE columns. Which three partitioning methods can you use? (Choose three.)

- A. range
- B. interval
- C. hash
- D. list
- E. virtual column-based

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 6

In which four situations does the RMAN DUPLICATE command use the "pull" method? (Choose four.)

- A. when the USING BACKUPSET clause is used
- B. when the SET ENCRYPTION clause is added before the DUPLICATE command
- C. when the SECTION SIZE clause is used
- D. when the number of auxiliary channels allocated is less than the number of target channels allocated
- E. when the USING COMPRESSED BACKUPSET clause is used
- F. when no auxiliary channels are allocated
- G. when IMAGE COPIES are used for the DUPLICATE operation

Answer: ACDE

NEW QUESTION 7

In an Oracle 12c Release 2 database, USER1 has CREATE SESSION, CREATE PROCEDURE, and CREATE FUNCTION privileges. Examine these commands:

```
$ sqlplus / as sysdba

SQL> REVOKE INHERIT PRIVILEGES ON USER sys FROM user1;

SQL> CONNECT user1/oracle

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE create_user AUTHID CURRENT_USER AS
PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;
BEGIN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The result is: ');
EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'CREATE USER testdba IDENTIFIED BY oracle';
EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'GRANT SYSDBA TO testdba';
EXCEPTION
WHEN OTHERS THEN
NULL;
END;
/

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION add_num(num1 IN NUMBER, num2 IN NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER AUTHID CURRENT_USER
AS
BEGIN
create_user;
RETURN (num1+num2);
END;
/
```

SYSEXECUTEs this command:

```
SQL> SELECT add_num(1,2) FROM DUAL;
```

What is the result?

- A. An error is returned
- B. The message "The result is 3" only is displayed
- C. TESTDBA is created with the SYSDBA privilege only
- D. Only "3" is displayed
- E. TESTDBA is created with the SYSDBA privilege and the message "The result is 3" is displayed

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

HR.EMP.EMPLOYEE_ID is the primary key of the HR.EMP partitioned table, which contains 108 rows and resides in the EXAMPLE tablespace. HR executes this command:

SQL> CREATE TABLE employees TABLESPACE users FOR EXCHANGE WITH TABLE hr.emp;

Table created.

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Dependent objects of HR.EMP are automatically created for HR.EMPLOYEES.
- B. HR.EMP is moved to the USERStablespace.
- C. The column names HR.EMP and HR.EMPLOYEES are identical.
- D. The HR.EMPLOYEEStable has 108 records.
- E. HR.EMPLOYEES.EMPLOYEE_ID is the PRIMARY KEY of HR.EMPLOYEES
- F. The column order HR.EMP and HR.EMPLOYEES are identical

Answer: CF

NEW QUESTION 9

Which three types of database objects can have their columns stored in the In-Memory column store? (Choose three.)

- A. heap tables with composite primary key constraints
- B. heap tables with dependent materialized views
- C. clustered tables with dependent materialized views
- D. index-organized tables stored in system-defined tablespaces
- E. sys-owned objects stored in sysaux-defined tablespaces

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 10

U1.T1 is in a tablespace TBS_UNCOMP which has no default compression and U1.T2 is in a tablespace, TBS_CMP with default compression for query low. You execute commands:

```
SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.START_REDEF_TABLE (uname=>
'u1', orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2', options_flag =>
DBMS_REDEFINITION.CONST_USE_PK, enable_rollback => TRUE);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.SYNC_INTERIM_TABLE (uname => 'u',
orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.FINISH_REDEF_TABLE (uname => 'u1',
orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.ROLLBACK (uname => 'u1', orig_table =>
't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. The primary key constraints on T1 are dropped
- B. T1 is in the TBS_UNCOMP tablespace
- C. T1 is in the TBS_CMP tablespace
- D. T1 is in compressed format
- E. T1 is in uncompressed format
- F. All indexes on T1 remain valid

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 10

You want to restrict PGA usage to 200 MB for a set of database users' sessions as part of your organization's security requirements for combating denial of service (DOS) attacks.

Which statement is true about limiting PGA usage for those users' sessions?

- A. You can limit their PGA usage by setting SORT_AREA_SIZE to 200 MB.
- B. You cannot limit PGA for a set of database user sessions.
- C. You can limit their PGA usage by setting PGA_AGGREGATE_LIMIT to 200 MB.

- D. You can limit their PGA usage by setting PGA_AGGREGATE_TARGET to 200 MB.
- E. You can limit their PGA usage by setting the SESSION_PGA_LIMIT directive by using Database Resource Manager

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 13

Identify a situation where performance profiles can be used for application containers.

- A. to specify the total number of parallel execution servers available
- B. to specify the maximum time, in seconds, that a parallel statement can wait in the parallel statement queue before it is timed out
- C. to specify the maximum percentage of the parallel execution server pool that a particular application container can use
- D. to enforce a limit on the number of I/Os issued per second
- E. to enforce a limit on I/O throughput per second

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

Examine these commands executed in the cdb1 container database:

```

$ sqlplus sys/oracle@cdb1 as sysdba

SQL> CREATE PROFILE c##prof LIMIT
      FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 4
      PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 90
      PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 3
      PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 2;

Profile created.

SQL> GRANT SYSDBA TO c##user1 container=all;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> ALTER USER c##user1 PROFILE c##prof;

User altered.

```

Which statement is true about the c##USER1 account?

- A. It is locked for two days after the password expires.
- B. It is locked if the password is not changed within three weeks.
- C. It is locked for 90 minutes after four failed login attempts.
- D. It is locked after for consecutive failed login attempts.
- E. It is not affected by the profile because the user has the SYSDBA privilege.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

Which three database objects can have columns stored in the In-Memory (IM) column store? (Choose three.)

- A. subpartitions
- B. clustered tables
- C. materialized views
- D. index-organized tables
- E. heap tables
- F. any SYS owned objects

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 18

One of your databases supports an OLTP workload.

If a better plan is discovered for a statement, then you want that plan to be used. Which two can cause better plans to be used for a statement? (Choose two.)

- A. adaptive cursor sharing
- B. using literals in SQL statements
- C. SQL Access Advisor
- D. SQL Performance Analyzer
- E. adaptive execution plans

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 22

In which two situations does the INHERIT ANY PRIVILEGES privilege regulate the privileges used?

- A. when a user creates a new user
- B. when a user performs a GRANT or REVOKE operation
- C. when a user queries a BEQUEATH CURRENT_USER view that references an invoker's right procedure
- D. when a user runs a procedure created with invoker's right
- E. when a user runs a procedure created with definer's right

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 23

Your CDB has a PDB, EMP_PDB.

You successfully execute these commands as the SYSTEM USER in CDB\$ROOT:

```
CREATE USER c##usr1 IDENTIFIED BY new_pwd123 CONTAINER=ALL;
GRANT CREATE SESSION TO c##usr1;
CREATE ROLE c##admin CONTAINER=ALL;
GRANT SELECT ANY TABLE TO c##admin;
GRANT c##admin TO c##usr1;
```

Which two statements are true about C##USR1? (Choose two.)

- A. It can connect to EMP_PDB and view the data only in tables created by common users.
- B. It can connect to EMP_PDB but cannot view the data in any table in it.
- C. It can connect only to the root.
- D. It is a common user.
- E. It is a local user.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 25

QUERY_REWRITE_INTEGRITY and QUERY_REWRITE_ENABLED are set to TRUSTED and TRUE respectively in an Oracle 12c Release 2 database.

You create the SALES_EVAL real-time materialized view (MV) on the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables, which supports COMPLETE REFRESH by executing these statements.

```
SQL> CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW SALES_EVAL
  BUILD IMMEDIATE
  REFRESH COMPLETE
  ENABLE QUERY REWRITE
  AS SELECT c.cust_id, sum(s.amount_sold)
  AS dollars,
  p.prod_id, sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
  FROM sales s, customers c, products p
  WHERE c.cust_id=s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
  GROUP BY c.cust_id, p.prod_id;

SQL> SELECT c.cust_last_name,
  sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
  FROM sales s, customers c, products p
  WHERE c.cust_id = s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
  GROUP BY c.cust_last_name, p.prod;
```

There is a constraint on the PRODUCT table with ENABLE, NOVALIDATE, and RELY attributes. No updates have been done to SALES, CUSTOMERS, or PRODUCTS since the MV was created. From where are rows returned and why?

- A. from the SALES_EVAL MV because the QUERY_REWRITE_ENABLED setting permits rewrites on unverified constraints if the table is not stale
- B. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCTS tables because QUERY_REWRITE_INTEGRITY is set to TRUSTED
- C. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables because the column in the GROUP BY clause is different from the SALES_EVAL MV definition
- D. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCT tables because the columns used in the SELECT list are different from the SALES_EVAL MV definition
- E. from the SALES_EVAL MV because the WHERE clause in the query and in the SALES_EVAL definition are the same

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 26

Which three resources can be controlled or managed by using Oracle Database Resource Manager? (Choose three.)

- A. number of parallel queries issued by a consumer group
- B. maximum number of DML operations performed by a consumer group
- C. sessions that are blocking other sessions
- D. sessions that are not blocking other sessions
- E. UNDO quota for a consumer group

Answer: ACE

NEW QUESTION 27

Examine these statements executed in the PROD1 database:

```
SQL> CREATE USER C##J_USER IDENTIFIED BY oracle_4U;
User created.

SQL> GRANT DBA to C##J_USER;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> CREATE AUDIT POLICY AUD_DBA_POL ROLES DBA;
Audit policy created.

SQL> AUDIT POLICY AUD_DBA_POL;
Audit succeeded.

C##J_USER now executes these statements while logged in to PROD1:

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES=200;
System altered.

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES=200;
System altered.

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SWITCH LOGFILES;
ALTER SYSTEM SWITCH LOGFILES
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01900: LOGFILE keyword expected

SQL> CREATE USER C##J_USER2 IDENTIFIED BY ORACLE;
User created.
```

Which statements are audited?

- A. only the CREATE USER statement
- B. only the ALTER SYSTEM statements
- C. only the CREATE USER statement and the first change to JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES
- D. only the changes to JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES and the CREATE USER statement
- E. all the statements

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 30

In a Database Cloud Service (DBCS) environment, which pre-created user has sudo privileges to run certain root commands?

- A. grid
- B. oracle
- C. opc
- D. nobody
- E. oinstall

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 31

Which method can be used to migrate from an on-premises Oracle Database 11g to Oracle Database 12c in the cloud if the on-premises platform is big-endian?

- A. Oracle Loader-type external tables
- B. remote cloning
- C. RMAN Transportable Tablespace with Data Pump for all tablespaces

- D. Data Pump Transportable Tablespace for all tablespaces
- E. Data Pump Conventional Export/Import

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 36

You log in to the ORCL database as SYSTEM and successfully execute these two blocks of code:

```
BEGIN
    DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (object_schema => 'HR',
        object_name => 'EMP'
        policy_name => 'REDACT_EMP',
        column_name => 'SALARY',
        function_type => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,
        expression => '1=1');
END;

BEGIN
    DBMS_REDACT.ALTER_POLICY (object_schema => 'HR',
        object_name => 'EMP',
        policy_name => 'REDACT_EMP',
        action => DBMS_REDACT.ADD_COLUMN,
        column_name => 'LAST_NAME',
        expression => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''SESSION_USER'')!
=>' 'SCOTT'');
END;
```

The SCOTT user has the SELECT privilege on HR.EMP.

Which statement is true about queries by non-DBA users with the SELECT privilege on HR.EMP?

- A. All their queries display blanks for LAST_NAME and the true contents of the SALARY column.
- B. Only SCOTT'S queries display the true contents of the SALARY column and blanks for LAST_NAME.
- C. All their queries display blanks for LAST_NAME and zeroes for SALARY.
- D. Only SCOTT'S queries display the true contents of the SALARY and LAST_NAME columns.
- E. Only SCOTT'S queries display zero for SALARY and the true contents of the LAST_NAME column.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 37

Examine this command:

```
$ expdp scott/password schemas=SCOTT directory=TEST_DIR parallel=4
dumpfile=SCOTT_%
U.dmp logfile=expdpSCOTT.log
```

Which statement is true?

- A. Up to four worker processes are allocated to export data and metadata
- B. Four worker processes are allocated to export only data
- C. Four worker processes are active to export only metadata
- D. Four worker processes are allocated to export data and metadata
- E. Four worker processes are allocated when there is sufficient CPU available

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 38

APP1 is an application container that has an application seed and two application PDBs, APP_PDB1 and APP_PDB2. 1.1 is the current version of the application. You execute this block in the application root:

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
BEGIN UPGRADE '1.0' TO '1.5';
CREATE ROLE role1;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
END UPGRADE TO '1.5';
```

What is the outcome?

- A. An error is thrown because the version number should be sequential, either 1.1 or 2.0.
- B. An error is thrown because the CONTAINER=ALL clause is missing.
- C. An error is thrown because the ## prefix is missing in the role name.
- D. A common role is created only in the application root.
- E. A common role is created only in the application root and application seed.
- F. A common role is created in the application root, application seed, APP_PDB1, and APP_PDB2.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 43

You plan to execute this command:

```
CREATE TABLE sales
(
  prod_id          NUMBER(3),
  annual_sale_amt NUMBER(10, 2),
  country         VARCHAR2(4),
  channel         VARCHAR2(1)
)
PARTITION BY LIST(country, channel)
(PARTITION p1 VALUES (('USA', 'D'), ('CA', 'D')),
PARTITION p2 VALUES (('USA', 'I'), ('CA', 'I'))
);
```

Which statement is true and why?

- A. It creates partitions P1 and P2 where COUNTRY is a single column partition key and CHANNEL is a subpartition key.
- B. It returns an error because only one set of multiple values can be specified for each partition.
- C. It returns an error because only a single column key can be used for a list-partitioned table.
- D. It returns an error because the AUTOMATIC option must be specified.
- E. It creates partitions P1 and P2 where COUNTRY and CHANNEL are multi-column partition keys.

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 46

Your CDB is in ARCHIVELOG mode and has an application container with a container PDB. A backup exists for the CDB.

When you connect to the container PDB and try to execute a query, you get an error that a SYSTEM data file is missing in the container PDB.

You want to use the RMAN RESTORE DATABASE and RECOVER DATABASE commands to perform the recovery.

Examine these actions:

1. Connect to CDB\$ROOT and execute SHUTDOWN ABORT and STARTUP MOUNT.

2. Connect to the application container and execute SHUTDOWN ABORT.

3. Connect to the application container and execute ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE CLOSE ABORT. Which option correctly lists the actions that you must execute before performing the recovery?

- A. 1 and 3
- B. 1 and 2
- C. only 2
- D. only 3

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 47

While performing a cross-platform PDB transport in an Oracle Database 12c Release 2 database, by using XTTS from a Linux (x86-64) server to a Solaris (x86-64) server, this command is executed to back up the files in a compatible format:

```

RMAN> BACKUP TO PLATFORM 'Solaris[tm] OE (64-bit)'
UNPLUG INTO '/tmp/pdb_orcl.xml'
PLUGGABLE DATABASE pdb_orcl
FORMAT '/home/oracle/backup/ORCL/transportolaris_%U';
    
```

What will be the outcome?

- A. It creates the/tmp/pdb_orcl.xmlfile, which contains the metadata and data of the source database.
- B. The backup fails because theUNPLUGoperation for cross-endian platforms is not supported.
- C. It successfully takes a backup but theUNPLUGoperation ofPDB_ORCLfails.
- D. It successfully completes.
- E. It creates a backupset of the source database in the/home/oracle/backupdirectory

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 51

In which three situations would you recommend DB Replay to be used? (Choose three.)

- A. to check the impact of schema changes such as adding new indexes or materialized views
- B. to check the impact of database migration to the cloud
- C. to check the impact of changing the storage system or the network
- D. to check the impact of partitioning a table
- E. to check the impact of new optimizer statistics
- F. to check the impact of upgrading and patching databases

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 52

In your CDB, DEPTCDB, local undo is enabled. You successfully execute this command: FLASHBACK PLUGGABLE DATABASE hrpdb to SCN 424366; Which action must you perform next?

- A. OpenHRPDB
- B. Take a backup ofDEPTCDB
- C. Take a backup ofHRPDB
- D. OpenHRPDBwithRESETLOGS
- E. OpenDEPTCDBwithRESETLOGS
- F. OpenDEPTPDB

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 57

You create and enable a unified audit policy on a database that has the default auditing configuration.

```

$ sqlplus sys/oracle@pdb_orcl as sysdba

SQL> CREATE AUDIT POLICY aud_syspriv
PRIVILEGES SELECT ANY TABLE, CREATE LIBRARY
WHEN 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''SESSION_USER'')='''OE'''
EVALUATE PER STATEMENT;

Audit policy created.

SQL> AUDIT POLICY aud_syspriv;

Audit succeeded.
    
```

The OE user, who has the DBA role, executes these statements.

```

SQL> CONNECT OE/password@pdb_orcl

Connected.

SQL> SELECT *
FROM HR.EMPLOYEES;
    
```

What is true about the SELECT statement and why?

- A. It is audited because unified auditing is disabled by default.
- B. It is audited because, by default, the database is in mixed auditing mode with default policies enabled.
- C. It is audited because, by default, all user activities in the database are audited.
- D. It is not audited because the table belongs to another schema.
- E. It is not audited because audit records are stored only when unified auditing is enabled in the database.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 62

In TESTDB, U1 has SYSDBA privileges and the password Oracle_4U. You recreate the password file:
\$ orapwd FILE=orapwtestdb FORMAT=12.2 password=Oracle_123 ENTRIES=5
Examine the command and result:
\$ sqlplus u1/Oracle_4U@testdb as sysdba ERROR:
ORA-01017: invalid username/password; logon denied
What can you do to fix this error?

- A. Recreate the password file with the password set to Oracle_4U.
- B. Change the password of U1 to Oracle_123.
- C. Set the REMOTE_LOGIN_PASSWORDFILE parameter value to NONE.
- D. Regrant SYSDBA to U1.
- E. Restart the database instance.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 67

You notice a large number of latch: cache buffers lru chain and latch: cache buffers chains wait events.
Which four might be reasons for these? (Choose four.)

- A. The same small number of blocks are repeatedly accessed by different sessions simultaneously.
- B. The buffer cache is undersized.
- C. Cursors are closed explicitly after each execution.
- D. A large number of connected user sessions are idle.
- E. DBWR is not writing the dirty buffers fast enough.
- F. Blocks are ageing out of the buffer cache frequently.
- G. Too many sort operations are being performed.

Answer: ACFG

NEW QUESTION 70

You set the maximum size of the diagnostic collection repository by issuing this command as root: `fact1 set repositizeMB=5120`
You then notice that the current repository size is 5 GB and that old files are not being purged. Which statement is true?

- A. The fact1 command fails because it can be set only by the Oracle software owner.
- B. TFA collects new diagnostic data if the Max Size of TFA Log parameter value is greater than 5 GB.
- C. TFA does not collect new diagnostic data when the maximum repository size is reached.
- D. TFA collects new diagnostic data but logs a warning message.
- E. TFA collects new diagnostic data while the repository directory's file system has free space.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 75

Which two statements are true about application containers? (Choose two.)

- A. A regular PDB can be plugged in to an application container provided it is an Oracle Database 12c Release 2 (12.2) PDB.
- B. An application root can be unplugged from a CDB and plugged in to another CDB.
- C. An application PDB can belong to multiple application containers.
- D. User-created common objects are accessible from the CDB root.
- E. The application root stores user-created common objects and Oracle-supplied common objects.
- F. Multiple application roots can be created in one container database.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 79

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