

300-730 Dumps

Implementing Secure Solutions with Virtual Private Networks (SVPN)

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NEW QUESTION 1

A second set of traffic selectors is negotiated between two peers using IKEv2. Which IKEv2 packet will contain details of the exchange?

- A. IKEv2 IKE_SA_INIT
- B. IKEv2 INFORMATIONAL
- C. IKEv2 CREATE_CHILD_SA
- D. IKEv2 IKE_AUTH

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

On a FlexVPN hub-and-spoke topology where spoke-to-spoke tunnels are not allowed, which command is needed for the hub to be able to terminate FlexVPN tunnels?

- A. interface virtual-access
- B. ip nhrp redirect
- C. interface tunnel
- D. interface virtual-template

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

Which statement about GETVPN is true?

- A. The configuration that defines which traffic to encrypt originates from the key server.
- B. TEK rekeys can be load-balanced between two key servers operating in COOP.
- C. The pseudotime that is used for replay checking is synchronized via NTP.
- D. Group members must acknowledge all KEK and TEK rekeys, regardless of configuration.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

Which two changes must be made in order to migrate from DMVPN Phase 2 to Phase 3 when EIGRP is configured? (Choose two.)

- A. Add NHRP shortcuts on the hub.
- B. Add NHRP redirects on the spoke.
- C. Disable EIGRP next-hop-self on the hub.
- D. Enable EIGRP next-hop-self on the hub.
- E. Add NHRP redirects on the hub.

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 5

Which command identifies a Cisco AnyConnect profile that was uploaded to the flash of an IOS router?

- A. svc import profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- B. anyconnect profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- C. crypto vpn anyconnect profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- D. webvpn import profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/anyconnect-secure-mobility-client/200533-AnyConnect-Configure-Basic-SSLVPN-for-I.html>

NEW QUESTION 6

Refer to the exhibit.

```
aaa new-model
!
aaa authorization network local-group-author-list local
!
crypto pki trustpoint trustpoint1
  enrollment url http://192.168.3.1:80
  revocation-check crl
!
crypto pki certificate map certmap1 1
  subject-name co cisco
!
crypto ikev2 authorization policy author-policy1
  ipv6 pool v6-pool
  ipv6 dns 2001:DB8:1::11 2001:DB8:1::12
  ipv6 subnet-acl v6-acl
!
crypto ikev2 profile ikev2-profile1
  match certificate certmap1
  authentication local rsa-sig
  authentication remote rsa-sig
  pki trustpoint trustpoint1
  aaa authorization group cert list local-group-author-list
author-policy1
  virtual-template 1
!
crypto ipsec transform-set transform1 esp-aes esp-sha-hmac
!
crypto ipsec profile ipsec-profile1
  set transform-set trans transform1
  set ikev2-profile ikev2-profile1
!
interface Ethernet0/0
  ipv6 address 2001:DB8:1::1/32
!
interface Virtual-Template1 type tunnel
  ipv6 unnumbered Ethernet0/0
  tunnel mode ipsec ipv6
  tunnel protection ipsec profile ipsec-profile1
!
ipv6 local pool v6-pool 2001:DB8:1::10/32 48
!
ipv6 access-list v6-acl
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:1::20 any
  permit ipv6 host 2001:DB8:1::30 any
```

What is configured as a result of this command set?

- A. FlexVPN client profile for IPv6
- B. FlexVPN server to authorize groups by using an IPv6 external AAA
- C. FlexVPN server for an IPv6 dVTI session
- D. FlexVPN server to authenticate IPv6 peers by using EAP

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_ike2vpn/configuration/xs-3s/sec-flex-vpn-xe-3s-book/sec-cfg-flex-clnt.html

NEW QUESTION 7

Which two types of web resources or protocols are enabled by default on the Cisco ASA Clientless SSL VPN portal? (Choose two.)

- A. HTTP
- B. ICA (Citrix)
- C. VNC
- D. RDP
- E. CIFS

Answer: DE

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa94/config-guides/cli/vpn/asa-94-vpn-config/webvpn-configure-gateway.html>

NEW QUESTION 8

Which configuration construct must be used in a FlexVPN tunnel?

- A. EAP configuration
- B. multipoint GRE tunnel interface
- C. IKEv1 policy
- D. IKEv2 profile

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

Under which section must a bookmark or URL list be configured on a Cisco ASA to be available for clientless SSLVPN users?

- A. tunnel-group (general-attributes)
- B. tunnel-group (webvpn-attributes)
- C. webvpn (group-policy)
- D. webvpn (global configuration)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

Which feature allows the ASA to handle nonstandard applications and web resources so that they display correctly over a clientless SSL VPN connection?

- A. single sign-on
- B. Smart Tunnel
- C. WebType ACL
- D. plug-ins

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa90/configuration/guide/asa_90_cli_config/vpn_clientless_ssl.html#29951

NEW QUESTION 10

Which requirement is needed to use local authentication for Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Clients that connect to a FlexVPN server?

- A. use of certificates instead of username and password
- B. EAP-AnyConnect
- C. EAP query-identity
- D. AnyConnect profile

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/flexvpn/200555-FlexVPN-AnyConnect-IKEv2-Remote-Access.html>

NEW QUESTION 14

Which IKE identity does an IOS/IOS-XE headend expect to receive if an IPsec Cisco AnyConnect client uses default settings?

- A. *\$SecureMobilityClient\$*
- B. *\$AnyConnectClient\$*
- C. *\$RemoteAccessVpnClient\$*
- D. *\$DfltIkeIdentity\$*

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/flexvpn/200555-FlexVPN-AnyConnect-IKEv2-Remote-Access.html>

NEW QUESTION 17

In a FlexVPN deployment, the spokes successfully connect to the hub, but spoke-to-spoke tunnels do not form. Which troubleshooting step solves the issue?

- A. Verify the spoke configuration to check if the NHRP redirect is enabled.
- B. Verify that the spoke receives redirect messages and sends resolution requests.
- C. Verify the hub configuration to check if the NHRP shortcut is enabled.
- D. Verify that the tunnel interface is contained within a VRF.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_dmvpn/configuration/15-mt/sec-conn-dmvpn-15-mt-book/sec-conn-dmvpn-summ-maps.pdf

NEW QUESTION 19

Refer to the exhibit.

```
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Processing IKE_AUTH message
IKEv2:IPsec policy validate request sent for profile CloudOne with psh index 1.

IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):
IKEv2:(SA ID = 1):[IPsec -> IKEv2] Callback received for the validate proposal - FAILED.

IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):: There was no IPSEC policy found for received TS
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Sending TS unacceptable notify
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get my authentication method
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):My authentication method is 'PSK'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get peer's preshared key for 68.72.250.251
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Generate my authentication data
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Use preshared key for id 68.72.250.250, key len 5
IKEv2:[IKEv2 -> Crypto Engine] Generate IKEv2 authentication data
IKEv2:[Crypto Engine -> IKEv2] IKEv2 authentication data generation PASSED
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Get my authentication method
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):My authentication method is 'PSK'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Generating IKE_AUTH message
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Constructing IDr payload: '68.72.250.250' of type 'IPv4 address'
IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Building packet for encryption.
Payload contents:
  VID IDr AUTH NOTIFY(TS_UNACCEPTABLE)

IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 17,SA ID = 1):Sending Packet [To 68.72.250.251:500/From 68.72.250.250:500/VRF i0:f0]
Initiator SPI : 3D527B1D50DBEEF4 - Responder SPI : 8C693F77F2656636 Message id: 1
IKEv2 IKE_AUTH Exchange RESPONSE
Payload contents:
  ENCR
```

Based on the debug output, which type of mismatch is preventing the VPN from coming up?

- A. interesting traffic
- B. lifetime
- C. preshared key
- D. PFS

Answer: B**Explanation:**

If the responder's policy does not allow it to accept any part of the proposed Traffic Selectors, it responds with a TS_UNACCEPTABLE Notify message.

NEW QUESTION 22

Refer to the exhibit.

```
*Nov 26 00:52:20.002: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Received Packet [From 10.10.10.1:500/To 10.10.10.2:500/VRF i0:f0]
Initiator SPI : D5684E1462991856 - Responder SPI : 2162145C95256F6A Message id: 1
IKEv2 IKE_AUTH Exchange RESPONSE
*Nov 26 00:52:20.002: IKEv2-PAK:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Next payload: ENCR, version: 2.0 Exchange type: IKE_AUTH, flags: RESPONDER MSG-RESPONSE Message id: 1, length: 236
Payload contents:
  VID Next payload: IDr, reserved: 0x0, length: 20
  IDr Next payload: AUTH, reserved: 0x0, length: 12
    Id type: IPv4 address, Reserved: 0x0 0x0
  AUTH Next payload: SA, reserved: 0x0, length: 28
    Auth method PSK, reserved: 0x0, reserved: 0x0
  SA Next payload: TSi, reserved: 0x0, length: 40
    last proposal: 0x0, reserved: 0x0, length: 35
    Proposal: 1, Protocol id: ESP, SPI size: 4, #trans: 3 last transform: 0x3, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
      type: 1, reserved: 0x0, id: 3DES
      last transform: 0x3, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
      type: 3, reserved: 0x0, id: SHA96
      last transform: 0x0, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
      type: 5, reserved: 0x0, id: Don't use ESN
  TSi Next payload: TSr, reserved: 0x0, length: 24
    Num of TSs: 1, reserved 0x0, reserved 0x0
    TS type: TS_IPV4_ADDR_RANGE, proto id: 0, length: 16
      start port: 0, end port: 65535
      start addr: 30.30.30.0, end addr: 30.30.30.255
  TSr Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 24
    Num of TSs: 1, reserved 0x0, reserved 0x0
    TS type: TS_IPV4_ADDR_RANGE, proto id: 0, length: 16
      start port: 0, end port: 65535
      start addr: 20.20.20.0, end addr: 20.20.20.255
  NOTIFY(SET_WINDOW_SIZE) Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 12
    Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: SET_WINDOW_SIZE
  NOTIFY(ESP_TFC_NO_SUPPORT) Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
    Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: ESP_TFC_NO_SUPPORT
  NOTIFY(NON_FIRST_FRAGS) Next payload: NONE, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
    Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: NON_FIRST_FRAGS

*Nov 26 00:52:20.003: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Process auth response notify
*Nov 26 00:52:20.003: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Searching policy based on peer's identity '10.10.10.1' of type 'IPv4 address'
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):: Failed to locate an item in the database
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Verification of peer's authentication data FAILED
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Auth exchange failed
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):: Auth exchange failed
Router#
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Abort exchange
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Deleting SA
```

The IKEv2 site-to-site VPN tunnel between two routers is down. Based on the debug output, which type of mismatch is the problem?

- A. preshared key
- B. peer identity
- C. transform set
- D. ikev2 proposal

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 26

Refer to the exhibit.

```
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP (1004): received packet from 192.168.0.2 dport
500 sport 500 Global (R) MM_KEY_EXCH
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP: reserved not zero on ID payload!
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: %CRYPTO-4-IKMP_BAD_MESSAGE: IKE message from 192.168.0.2
failed its sanity check or is malformed
```

Which type of mismatch is causing the problem with the IPsec VPN tunnel?

- A. crypto access list
- B. Phase 1 policy
- C. transform set
- D. preshared key

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security-vpn/ipsec-negotiation-ike-protocols/5409-ipsec-debug-00.html#ike>

NEW QUESTION 29

Refer to the exhibit.

HUB configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn hub.cisco.com
authentication local rsa-sig
authentication remote pre-shared-key cisco
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

SPOKE 1 configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn spoke.cisco.com
authentication local rsa-sig
authentication remote pre-shared-key cisco
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

SPOKE 2 configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn spoke2.cisco.com
authentication local pre-shared-key flexvpn
authentication remote rsa-sig
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

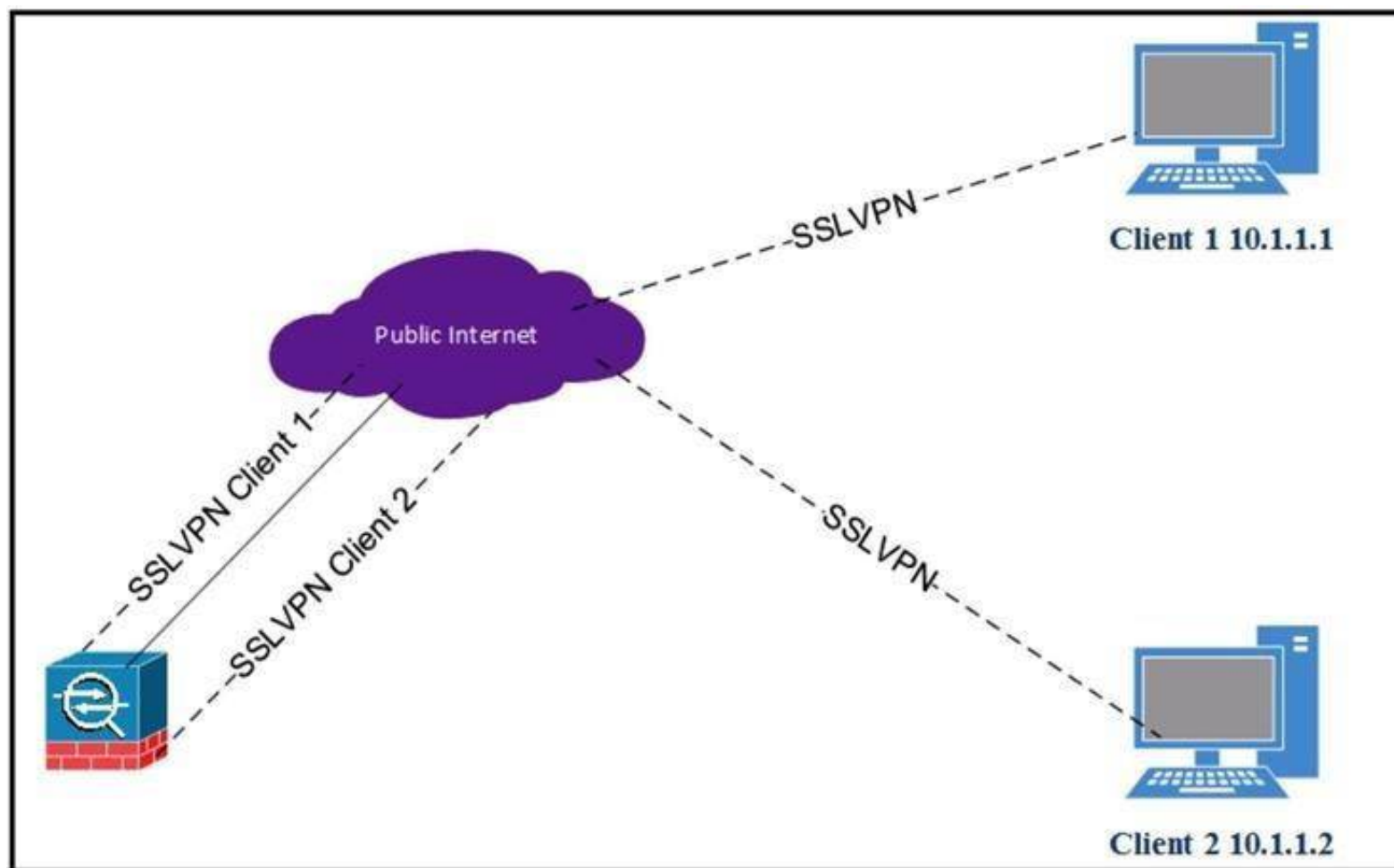
What is a result of this configuration?

- A. Spoke 1 fails the authentication because the authentication methods are incorrect.
- B. Spoke 2 passes the authentication to the hub and successfully proceeds to phase 2.
- C. Spoke 2 fails the authentication because the remote authentication method is incorrect.
- D. Spoke 1 passes the authentication to the hub and successfully proceeds to phase 2.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 33

Refer to the exhibit.



Client 1 cannot communicate with client 2. Both clients are using Cisco AnyConnect and have established a successful SSL VPN connection to the hub ASA. Which command on the ASA is missing?

- A. dns-server value 10.1.1.2
- B. same-security-traffic permit intra-interface
- C. same-security-traffic permit inter-interface
- D. dns-server value 10.1.1.3

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 35

Which redundancy protocol must be implemented for IPsec stateless failover to work?

- A. SSO
- B. GLBP
- C. HSRP
- D. VRRP

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/vpn/ipsec-negotiation-ike-protocols/17826-ipsec-feat.html>

NEW QUESTION 38

What are two functions of ECDH and ECDSA? (Choose two.)

- A. nonrepudiation
- B. revocation
- C. digital signature
- D. key exchange
- E. encryption

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Reference: https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/resources/next_generation_cryptography

NEW QUESTION 41

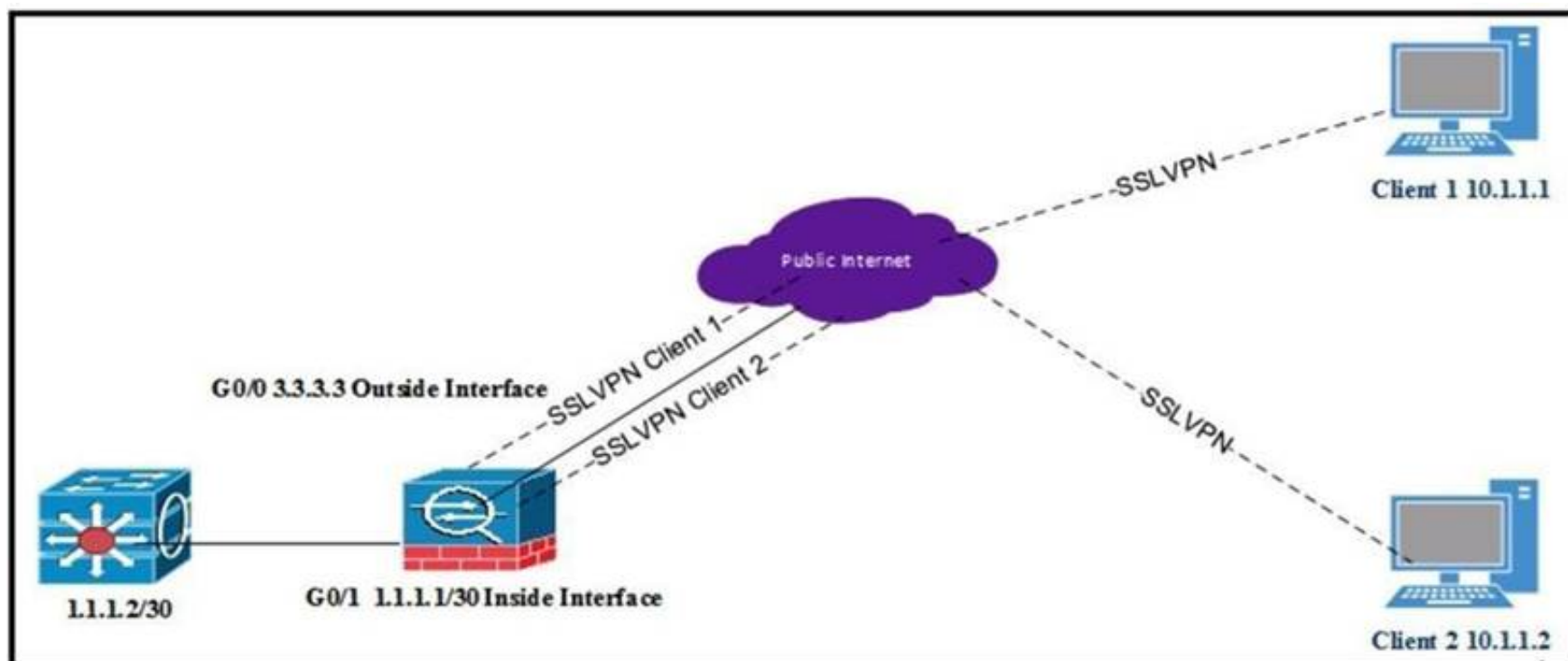
Which two commands help determine why the NHRP registration process is not being completed even after the IPsec tunnel is up? (Choose two.)

- A. show crypto isakmp sa
- B. show ip traffic
- C. show crypto ipsec sa
- D. show ip nhrp traffic
- E. show dmvpn detail

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 44

Refer to the exhibit.



All internal clients behind the ASA are port address translated to the public outside interface that has an IP address of 3.3.3.3. Client 1 and client 2 have established successful SSL VPN connections to the ASA. What must be implemented so that "3.3.3.3" is returned from a browser search on the IP address?

- A. Same-security-traffic permit inter-interface under Group Policy
- B. Exclude Network List Below under Group Policy
- C. Tunnel All Networks under Group Policy
- D. Tunnel Network List Below under Group Policy

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 45

Cisco AnyConnect clients need to transfer large files over the VPN sessions. Which protocol provides the best throughput?

- A. SSL/TLS
- B. L2TP
- C. DTLS
- D. IPsec IKEv1

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 48

Which VPN does VPN load balancing on the ASA support?

- A. VTI
- B. IPsec site-to-site tunnels
- C. L2TP over IPsec
- D. Cisco AnyConnect

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 52

Which parameter must match on all routers in a DMVPN Phase 3 cloud?

- A. GRE tunnel key
- B. NHRP network ID
- C. tunnel VRF
- D. EIGRP split-horizon setting

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 55

A Cisco ASA is configured in active/standby mode. What is needed to ensure that Cisco AnyConnect users can connect after a failover event?

- A. AnyConnect images must be uploaded to both failover ASA devices.
- B. The vpn-session-db must be cleared manually.
- C. Configure a backup server in the XML profile.
- D. AnyConnect client must point to the standby IP address.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa90/configuration/guide/asa_90_cli_config/ha_active_standby.html

NEW QUESTION 57

Where is split tunneling defined for IKEv2 remote access clients on a Cisco router?

- A. IKEv2 authorization policy
- B. Group Policy
- C. virtual template
- D. webvpn context

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 58

Which technology is used to send multicast traffic over a site-to-site VPN?

- A. GRE over IPsec on IOS router
- B. GRE over IPsec on FTD
- C. IPsec tunnel on FTD
- D. GRE tunnel on ASA

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 60

Refer to the exhibit.

```
ip access-list extended CCNP
 permit 192.168.0.10
 permit 192.168.0.11

webvpn gateway SSL_Gateway
 ip address 172.16.0.25 port 443
 ssl trustpoint AnyConnect_Cert
 inservice

webvpn context SSL_Context
 gateway SSL_Gateway

 ssl authenticate verify all
 inservice

policy group SSL_Policy
 functions svc-enabled
 svc address-pool "ACPool" netmask 255.255.255.0
 svc dns-server primary 192.168.0.100
 svc default-domain cisco.com
 default-group-policy SSL_Policy
```

Cisco AnyConnect must be set up on a router to allow users to access internal servers 192.168.0.10 and 192.168.0.11. All other traffic should go out of the client's local NIC. Which command accomplishes this configuration?

- A. svc split include 192.168.0.0 255.255.255.0
- B. svc split exclude 192.168.0.0 255.255.255.0
- C. svc split include acl CCNP
- D. svc split exclude acl CCNP

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 64

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